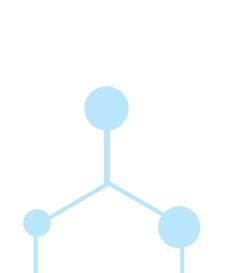




# SIDRA MEDICINE | RESEARCH Annual Report 2021







## **CONTENTS**

- 2 Welcome Note from the CRO
- 3 Leadership Structure
- 4 Research Mission and Strategy
- 5 Internal Research Council

#### 13 RESEARCH DIVISIONS

- 15 Scientific Divisions
- 22 Core Facilities

#### 35 RESEARCH PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS

#### 41 EDUCATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

- 42 Capacity Building at Sidra Medicine Research
- 43 Leaders in Science: Sidra Medicine Research Series
- 45 Student Testimonials

#### 53 GRANTS AND COLLABORATIONS

- 56 Top Ten Original Publications
- 57 Sidra Medicine Publications on Journal Covers

#### 59 EVENTS/HIGHLIGHTS

#### 75 PUBLICATIONS REGISTRY



# WELCOME NOTE FROM THE CRO

In many ways 2021 has been a challenging year: the continued uncertainty surrounding the global pandemic, the burden on healthcare facilities, and the anxieties we all had to endure made adapting to a new way of life quite stressful. Yet ironically, despite the increases in physical distance, never in our lives did humanity come so closely together to face a common enemy. And little did we know that a global pandemic, challenging as it may be, would be a blessing in disguise for science... with the world's attention fixated on biology and public health, terms once considered esoteric jargon—R0, Ct value, mRNA, PCR, antigens, etc.—entered the common vernacular! ... and scientific inquiry captured the public's imagination.

Playing to our strength as a national academic medical center, the Sidra Research Branch made significant strides during the pandemic. On one end, our Core Genome Laboratory developed methods to detect viral infections that cleverly bypassed global shortages for testing reagents. On another, our scientists joined global consortia investigating penetrance and variability of COVID-19 in adults and children, leading to discoveries that impacted clinical care worldwide. As vaccines begin to roll out, our Deep Phenotyping Core developed an innovative serology assay, which detects antigens to a whole range of human Corona viruses. Even outside of COVID-19 projects, the Research Branch had a remarkably successful year. Reaching a milestone of 6,000 patients and family members enrolled in research studies. Sidra clinicians and scientists published nearly 300 papers, with almost 85% of Research Branch publications in the top 15% of international journals. Importantly, Sidra Medicine was awarded 12 national grants totaling QR 7.3M, demonstrating the growing recognition of the importance of academic medicine for translational discovery.

In terms of contribution to Qatar's knowledge economy, Sidra continued its mission to develop trainees in the fields of medicine and biomedical research. Almost 60% of Research Investigators have academic appointments at local and international institutions, and a total of 52 trainees and students were part of the Sidra Research family in 2021, including almost 20 MSc & PhD Students, supporting growth and development of the brightest talent to lead this growing field in the future. Finally, Sidra Research hosted its annual flagship 'Precision Medicine and Functional Genomics' symposium virtually this year, demonstrating our commitment to education and sustainability, and building a research enterprise in Qatar with strong links to the global scientific community.



In summary, 2021 ultimately became one of the most productive and innovative years at the Research Branch. We owe a most sincere gratitude to our hard-working research staff who braved the pandemic and worked around the clock to ensure that discovery and innovation remained strong, to our diverse clinical collaborators who were fundamental in devising studies and translating outcomes to patients, and, most importantly, to all the families and patients who entrust Sidra Medicine to deliver the highest-quality, research-driven care.

Dr. Khalid A. Fakhro Chief Research Officer

# LEADERSHIP STRUCTURE



Khalid Fakhro Chief Research Officer



Rashid Al Ali Executive Director Research Core Facilities and Digital Health Core



Max Renault
Director
Research Operations
and Services



**Damien Chaussabel Executive Director**Division of
Translational Medicine

# RESEARCH MISSION AND STRATEGY

# 2021

## Our Year of Big Thinking, Collaborations and Discovery

#### **Our Vision**

To establish a strong, clinically oriented biomedical research program, and to develop a national resource of genomic information that improves health in Qatar and the region.

#### **Our Mission**

We will deliver a hospital-wide Precision Medicine Program for Sidra, built upon the philosophy that research technologies and innovation should play a prominent role in every patient's journey at Sidra Medicine.

#### **Our Strategy**

- Patient Driven Research
- Advanced Diagnostics
- Personalized Therapy

These strategic pillars require close collaboration, trust and interactions between patients, trainees, physicians, and researchers within Sidra, as well as in Qatar and around the world to advance care at Sidra.

In summary, this endeavor will become a key differentiator for Sidra Medicine, setting it apart from its peers in the local, regional and international context, and positioning Sidra Medicine as a unique Academic Medical Center serving patients from Qatar and abroad.

#### **Our Values**



## INTERNAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

As part of the IRC responsibilities, the committee has been reviewing the scientific merit and alignment of all clinical trials submitted by both Research and Clinical Investigators and will continually and critically review existing research projects and evaluate their impact.

Developing a national resource for genomic information on the population of Qatar to further research that improves health in Qatar and the region has largely been established as Sidra is now the National Sequencing Core, that does Sequencing and Bioinformatics on large scale, primarily for the Qatar Genome Program and internally for patients.

The aim now is to set an agenda to establish a strong, clinically oriented biomedical research program with significant national relevance, therefore, the duty of the IRC to strengthen Clinical Research integration and make Sidra one of the best institutions in the world for Clinical Research.

The committee meets regularly, aiming to develop Sidra's translational research roadmap (Precision Medicine), maximize Clinical-Research integration, and streamline research projects for strategic alignment, funds utilization and impact.

As 2021 progressed, IRC established project review elements on which to critically review existing research projects and evaluate their impact. The review elements cover the following:

- Evaluation of alignment with Sidra Research Strategy
- Achievements/Output
- Impact evaluation of the research or treatment on the health of individuals and populations.

## CHAIRPERSON Khalid A. Fakhro

Chief Research Officer

## VICE CHAIRPERSON Ibrahim Janahi

**Division Chief**Pediatric Pulmonology

#### MEMBER

#### **Damien Chaussabel**

**Executive Director**Translational Medicine Department

#### MEMBER

#### **Davide Bedognetti**

Director

Human Immunology Division

#### **MEMBER**

#### **Khalid Hussain**

**Division Chief** Endocrinology

#### **MEMBER**

#### Souhaila Al Khodor

Director

Maternal and Child Health Division

#### MEMBER

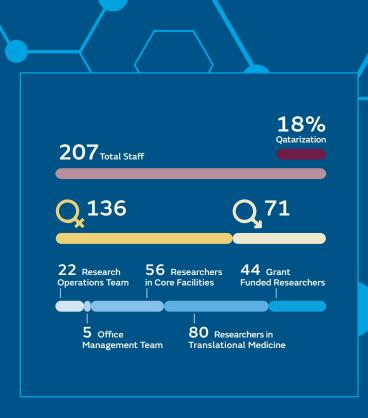
#### **Colin Powell**

Senior Attending Physician Emergency Department

# SIDRA MEDICINE: OUR RESEARCH AT A GLANCE







# Public and Community engagement & education



**69.5%** of Sidra Medicine Research staff have attended International and Local conferences, seminars and symposiums



More than 60% of our Senior Staff hold Adjunct Faculty Appointments in Qatar and around the world



103 Oral Presentations conducted around the world

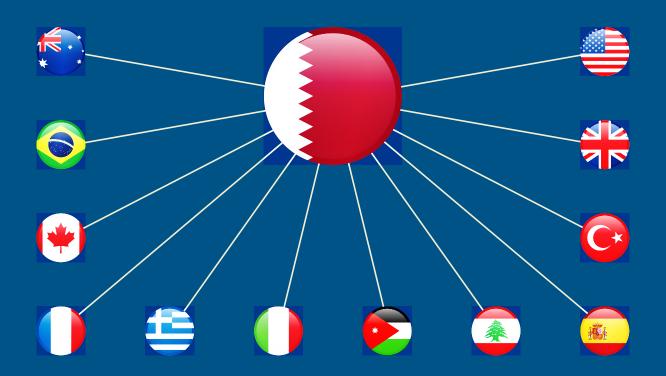
# **COLLABORATIONS**

104
Total Collaborations

75
International Collaborations

# Countries we have international collaborations with:

Australia Jordan
Brazil Lebanon
Canada Spain
France Turkey
Greece UK
Italy USA



#### 29 Local Collaborations



# Local Institutions we collaborate with:

Hamad Medical Corporation
Hamad Bin Khalifa University
Qatar University
Texas A&M University at Qatar
Qatar Museum Authority
Weill Cornell Medicine – Qatar
Anti-Doping Lab Qatar
Equine Veterinary Medical Center

## **PUBLICATIONS**



300+ Sidra-affiliated peer-reviewed scientific papers published in 2021



Research Branch papers published in the last 12 months



85% of publications are in the top 15% of internationally recognized journals



21
Research Branch investigator average H-Index for 2021



47% of research studies have a clinical lead/co-investigator



6.9
Mean impact factor for Research
Branch publications in 2021

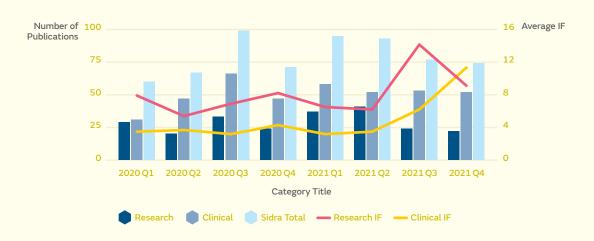


104 feature in top 15% of journals worldwide



22 articles in the top 2% of journals worldwide

#### 2020-2021 Sidra Medicine Publications



# **AWARDS AND ACHIEVEMENTS**

Dr. Nico Marr (Group leader of the study) and **Dr. Taushif Khan** (first author) successfully published a study on antibodies on coronavirus infection in JCI Insight.



Abbirami Sathappan, Dhanya Kizhakayil and Dr. Chiara Cugno were awarded the 1st place in the 5th BRIO Cycle (Best Representation Image of an Outcome) for their image titled "A Cell Bouquet."

The article "Toward Nanotechnology-Enabled Approaches against the COVID-19 Pandemic" by **Dr. Davide** Bedognetti and Dr. Laura Fusco was voted in 2021 by the nanoscience community as 2020's top ACS Nano article. It received 15,983 votes out of a total 35,878.

#### **BREAKOUT STORY**

# Research Team at Sidra Medicine Studying the Potential of Precision Medicine for Acute Asthma in Children

Asthma is one of the most common childhood illnesses in the world. An acute attack of asthma requiring a trip to the hospital may have a huge impact on the child and their family. Some children respond much better than others to the currently available standard treatments for acute asthma. An ongoing study at Sidra Medicine may explain why this happens, thereby applying personalized asthma treatment by investigating the genetic and cellular background of acute asthma in each individual child.

At Sidra Medicine, **Professor Colin Powell**, senior attending physician, and **Dr. Nicholas van Panhuys**, head of the Laboratory of Immunoregulation, have joined the forces of clinical and research expertise and technology to study the relationship between a person's genetic background and their response to treatment with asthma medications used during an acute attack.

Precise and effective management of asthma is particularly important in children as studies around the world have recognized asthma as the leading reason behind chronic absenteeism in school, ability to participate equally in sports and exercise and has an impact on sleep, quality of life of child and the family.

"By studying the genetic background of acute asthma attacks, we may be able to classify acute asthma more precisely and employ individualized treatment through Precision Medicine," said Dr. Powell. "There are many studies examining the genetic background in children with chronic asthma and how they respond to treatment, but there are fewer studies on acute attacks, so that's the exciting novel territory that we're stepping into," added Dr. van Panhuys. One aspect of the ongoing project will also be to explore asthma genes that are particularly relevant to the Qatari population.

The team is developing an array of genes and recording the associated responses to common asthma medications based on the treatment provided to children in the ED. As a result, future pediatric patients with acute asthma at Sidra Medicine may be given a tailored medication regime based on their individual genetic makeup, which is a great example of Precision Medicine. Not only could this streamline management of the patients by giving them more personalized treatment, but it will also reduce the worry of parents who sometimes find even the most common asthma medications to be ineffective on their child.

The close collaboration between the clinical research expertise of the ED and the genomics laboratories of Sidra Medicine is making the study holistic and thus paving the way towards novel treatment approaches for acute asthma in children around the world.

Written by Areesha Lodhi



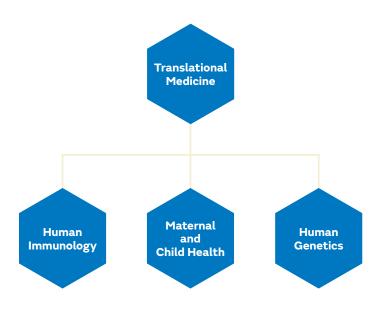




## SCIENTIFIC DIVISIONS

# TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

The Translational Medicine department is a key enabler for Sidra Research's strategy, which will lead to the establishment of Sidra Medicine as a world-class academic medical center and a destination for patients seeking the best available care in the region. The translational medicine department will focus on the development and implementation of precision medicine approaches. The Department of Translation Medicine is divided into three divisions, where all research groups fall under. As a result of the commitment of Sidra to innovation in the field of precision medicine, the research groups at Sidra are engaged in research activities leveraging high throughput profiling technologies in the context of patient-based research.



# Dr. Damien Chaussabel

Dr. Chaussabel obtained his PhD from the University of Brussels in 1999. As a trained immunologist, he acquired expertise in the genomics and bioinformatics fields, with the use of whole genome transcriptional profiling tools as a postdoctoral fellow at the NIAID/NIH for the study of hostpathogen interactions. Prior to joining Sidra, Dr. Chaussabel developed a genomics and bioinformatics program at the Baylor Institute for Immunology Research in Dallas TX (2004-2010). He served as head of the Systems Immunology Division at the Benaroya research institute in Seattle WA (2010-2014) where he led studies investigating "genomic reprograming" that occurs in the blood of patients with infectious and autoimmune diseases as well as in response to vaccination.

## Human Immunology

Dysregulation in the immune system can cause or favor a wide spectrum of human illnesses that are prevalent in women and children, ranging from classical immunemediated diseases (e.g, asthma, autoimmune diseases, and immune deficiencies) to multi-factorial pathologic conditions such as cancer, infections, neurological disorders including autism, complicated pregnancy, and pre-term birth. The availability of therapeutic approaches aiming at reprogramming the immune system are constantly increasing, and with them the need to tailor treatment choices, predict response and manage and/or anticipate adverse events. By studying the immune system, we can improve efficacy of vaccination, repress autoimmunity or reverse conditions such as cancer and infections. The division is divided in two sections, which are (a) The Allergy, Inflammation and Infectious Disease (AIID) Section, which focuses on infectious disease, inborn errors of immunity, asthma, allergy, and complicated pregnancies, and (b) The Cancer Immunology and Immunotherapy (CII) Section, which focuses on cancers in women and children. The mission of the division is to to develop novel diagnostic approaches and therapeutic strategies to promote and realize the concept of precision medicine in patients affected by diseases caused or facilitated by immunologic dysfunctions. The division will serve as a beacon for the training new generation of translational scientists with knowledge of both basic and clinical aspect of human immunology.



#### SCIENTIFIC DIVISION DIRECTOR Dr. Davide Bedognetti

Dr. Davide Bedognetti, MD, PhD is the Director of Cancer Program at the Sidra Medicine Research Branch and serves as Adjunct Associate Professor at the Hamad Bin Khalifa University in Doha, Qatar. Dr. Bedognetti joined Sidra in 2014. He received his MD and PhD in Clinical and Experimental Oncology and Hematology from the University of Genoa. Italv.

From 2013 to 2014, he served as Director of the Federation of Clinical Immunology Societies (FOCIS) Center of Excellence at NIH Clinical Center. Dr. Bedognetti is member of the Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer (SITC) Cancer Immune Responsiveness Taskforce, and the **FOCIS Centers of Excellence Steering** Committee. He is the Editor of the Cancer Microenvironment Section of the Journal of Translational Medicine (Springer Nature), and Editorial Board Member of Scientific Reports (Nature Research) and Cancer Treatment Reviews (Elsevier).

#### PROGRAM HIGHLIGHT

#### Understanding the Role of Maternal Influences in the Inheritance of Allergies

Asthma and allergic diseases are increasingly important health concerns for children living in Qatar with a rapid increase in the rates of disease. Which occurs when the body's immune system mistakenly reacts to common environmental agents such as pollen or pet fur. The exact reasons why the immune system reacts in this way and why it only happens to some people and not others are still not clear. The major risk factor for the inheritance of asthma and allergies is a family history of disease, suggesting a genetic link and whilst large scale genome wide analysis studies have identified over two hundred associated genes, a definitive genetic diagnosis remains elusive. Intriguingly the chance of inheriting asthma or allergy is up to six time higher when a child's mother suffers from asthma in comparison to where their father has asthma.

In 2021 we were honored to be awarded a grant from the Qatar National Research Foundations (QNRF) National Priorities Research Program (NPRP), to look into the developmental and epigenetic factors that are associated with the inheritance of asthma. In order to determine more accurately the maternal factors that may be associated with the increased risk of developing allergic disease during early childhood.

For this study, we are working, in close collaboration with the Acute Care and Women's Services teams at Sidra Medicine and are currently inviting pregnant women who have been diagnosed with asthma and also those who are asthma free, to join the study. Which allow us to compare the results between both groups, with the aim to include 200 women in total for the study. Following birth the development of the children of mothers recruited to the study will then be followed by the research team. To track the onset of allergies and to study the cellular responses that are responsible for both protecting against disease and those that cause inflammation.

Our overall goal is to gain a much better understanding of how the major risk factors associated with allergic disease development, including genetic, epigenetic and environmental influences all play a role during the early life development of a child's immune system. In order to work towards the ultimate goal of rationally designing personalized strategies for the prevention of allergic disease, with the potential to implement them during fetal development.



### Maternal and Child Health

A woman's health at conception and during pregnancy impacts the wellbeing of her child. Sidra's Maternal and Child Health (MCH) division aims to improve women's and children's health by implementing state-of-the-art clinical and translational research. This department focuses on two of the seven priority populations described in the Qatar National Health Strategy. In collaboration with the Obstetrics and Pediatrics clinics, the MCH department aims to address major health problems facing women trying to become pregnant, pregnant women, their growing fetus, infants and children up to two years old. The goal of the department is to employ a systems biology approach by combining various omics tools (metagenomics, metatranscriptomics, proteomics, metabolomics, etc.) and non-omics tools such as dietary and lifestyle assessment in order to achieve an integrative view of health and identify signatures associated with disease. The MCH department focuses on the following areas: Pre-conception health; Prenatal health: healthy pregnancy leading to healthy babies; Identify novel biomarkers to predict pregnancy complications; Maternal Mental Health; Maternal Immune State and its impact on the Child's Health and Development; Baby's health: the first 1000 days.



#### SCIENTIFIC DIVISION DIRECTOR Dr. Souhaila Al Khodor

Dr. Al Khodor is the Director of Maternal and Child Health Department in the Research Branch at Sidra Medicine. Qatar, since July 2019 and an Investigator-associate level since January 2015. Dr. Al Khodor is in charge of the Microbiome and Biomarkers discovery lab. Dr. Al Khodor received her second master's degree and PhD in Microbiology and Immunology from the University of Louisville, Louisville, KY, USA (2005-2008). Before joining Sidra, Dr. Al Khodor worked in the Signaling systems Unit, laboratory of Systems Biology, at the National Institute of Allergy and infectious Diseases (NIAID), National Institutes of Health (NIH) in Maryland, USA. Dr. Al Khodor is an adjunct Assistant Professor at the College of Health & Life Science in Hamad Bin Khalifa University, and an Adjunct Assistant Professor at the Department of Biomedical Sciences, College of Health Sciences in Qatar University.



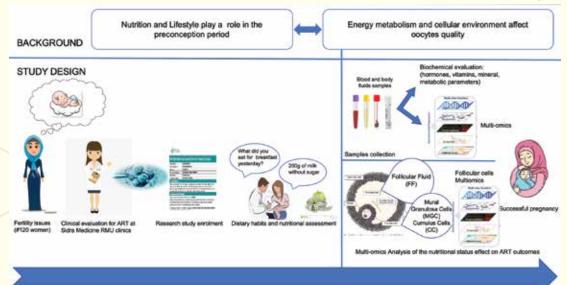
#### PROGRAM HIGHLIGHT

#### Two new studies successfully launched

MCH department recently launched two new studies addressing the major focuses of the program: the "Omouma" and "PN-ART" studies, both fruits of the successful collaboration between MCH research team and Women's Services at Sidra Medicine. "Omouma" means motherhood in Arabic, implicitly explains the aim of the study, which is to investigate factors affecting pregnancy outcomes, the early life determinants and their impact on infant, child's and adolescent's health in the population of Qatar. We will monitor the pregnant women every trimester until delivery and oneyear post-partum. Using the biological samples collected from the mother-baby pairs, we aim to identify the molecular mechanisms of pregnancy complications and to identify biomarkers that can help predicting pregnancy outcomes and may pave the way for a personalized intervention. We will also investigate the maternal, genetic, social, environmental, lifestyle on the infant's health and how early childhood determinants affects health outcomes of the infant, child and adolescent. This study is a great example of a multidisciplinary effort including research team, women's services and psychiatry departments at Sidra Medicine.

According to a report by the World Health Organization published in 2010, fertility rates in all six Gulf countries fell significantly between 1980 and 2005. In Qatar, the fertility rate per woman dropped from 6.1 children to less than two in the last 50 years. The role of environmental factors, such diet, lifestyle, and microbiome on the preconception period has already been established. However, there is still a knowledge gap in understanding the molecular mechanisms governing the interaction between diet and the follicular metabolism and its effect on the outcomes of the assisted reproductive technology (ART). We planned an observational study named "Precision nutrition in Assisted Reproductive Technologies (PN-ART)." The study will enroll women from the Reproductive Medicine unit with the aim of exploring the association between women's nutritional status, their blood and follicular molecular signature, in addition to the gut and vaginal microbiota composition, and their ART outcomes. We will recruit the women before starting any fertility intervention, collecting information on nutritional status, dietary habits, medical history along with a set of samples for multi-omics applications. We will also follow up the women during the fertility procedures, collecting information on the ART outcomes. Understanding how the nutritional status and diet profile of women affects their follicular function may open a new pathway to improve the efficacy of ART procedures. This study is a the result of a successful collaboration between Sidra Medicine MCH team and the Reproductive Medicine unit.

#### Diet effect on the Follicular Cells Metabolism: toward Personalized Nutrition in Assisted Reproductive Technologies



### **Human Genetics**

The Human Genetics Division at Sidra Medicine Research Branch harbors basic and translational multidisciplinary research in broad areas of genetics, molecular genetics, genomics and bioinformatics, with the goal of enabling the institution's mission to deliver world class tertiary care for women and children. The division's overall strategy is to leverage state of the art techniques in collaboration with local and world's experts to drive the precision medicine of a wide spectrum of genetic disorders afflicting the population of Qatar and of the wider Middle East. The mission of the Human Genetics Division at Sidra is to apply multidisciplinary expertise to further our understanding of how human genetic variation impacts health and disease in women and children. It's ultimate goal is to help bring the highest quality of care possible to patients with genetic and genomic disorders, ranging from precise diagnostics and risk profiling to state of the art therapeutics. The division's core contribution is to enable patients access to cutting-edge research not yet implemented at the clinic, having the promise to shedding light on their diseases and bringing hope for new treatment options.

#### SCIENTIFIC DIVISION DIRECTOR Dr. Khalid Fakhro

Dr. Khalid Fakhro is the Chief of Research and Director of the Precision Medicine Program at Sidra Medicine, the largest tertiary care women and children hospital in Qatar. Dr. Fakhro leads the Laboratory of Genomic Medicine, which focuses on bringing emerging genomic technologies from the lab close to the patient's bedside. Over the past decade, his group has sequenced thousands of genomes from patients and volunteers across the Middle East, leading gene discovery efforts for a wide range of rare disorders, as well as landmark studies on population structure, genome structural variation, and the role of Islamic ethics in genome research. In addition to research and hospital duties, Dr. Fakhro serves multiple leadership roles in Qatar's growing biomedical ecosystem, including as Board Member of the Qatar Precision Medicine Institute, and Adjunct Faculty at both Weill-Cornell Medical College and Hamad Bin Khalifa University.

#### PROGRAM HIGHLIGHT

#### Qatar genomics study unlocks secrets to shaping future of healthcare for millions

Sidra Medicine Researchers have unveiled a high resolution map of the genetic structure of Arab and Middle Eastern populations, providing new insights into human history in the region and ancestral patterns that may help to explain local human traits and disease risks.

At present the Qatar study—published in the leading scientific journal Nature Communications—reveals that ancient populations in the Arabian Peninsula played a far more central role in the story of early human migration out of Africa than was previously understood.

Developed by an international team led by Dr. Younes Mokrab and Dr. Khalid Fakhro from Sidra Medicine in Qatar, in collaboration with Qatar Genome Programme, it is the first large-scale analysis of the genetics of Arab and Middle Eastern populations. DNA from more than 6,000 people living in Qatar has been examined, with their genomes compared to those from other populations living around the world today, as well as ancient DNA.

Understanding the genetics of these under characterized populations breaks down a barrier to precision medicine tailored to address disease risks unique to people with Middle Eastern ancestry.

The study revealed key novel historical and social insights into Arab populations: A population split from early Africans occurred around 90,000 years ago, followed by a further split between 30-42,000 years ago that gave rise to the ancestors of modernday Arab, European, and South Asian populations. This is supported by the observation that Neanderthal DNA is far rarer in Arab populations than in populations that later mixed with ancient hominins.

The study found very high rates of homozygosity, which is likely to be a result of the tribal nature of Arab cultures, suggesting the suitability of this population in discovering novel disease risk genes and natural human knockouts.

Professor Asma Al Thani of Qatar Genome Programme stated: "As producers of the largest genomic dataset in the region, we hold a responsibility as Qatar Genome Programme to represent our part of the world and fill many of the existing knowledge gaps on genomics of the Middle Eastern populations. This paper is a great example of the role that we play."

## **CORE FACILITIES**

## RESEARCH **CORE FACILITIES**

The Research Core Facilities support Sidra's mission to deliver Precision Medicine through Precise Diagnostics and Precise Therapeutics, unlocking the potential to leverage new knowledge through translational therapies and technologies intended to advance patients' care and safety through high quality and carefully supervised clinical trials.



Research Core **Facilities** 

Digital Health Core

**Integrated** Genomics **Services** 

Deep **Phenotyping** Core

Advanced Cell Therapy Core

The philosophy of the Cores insists on 4 main leitmotivs:

- 1. Integration: functional crosstalk among the Cores to deliver.
- 2. Support of strategic program: all Cores' activities revolve around Precision Medicine, ranging from cutting-edge genotyping (Integrated Genomics Services (IGS)) and deep phenotyping (DPC) to the establishment of patients' registries and biorepositories (Biomedical Informatics Core) and the delivery of advanced therapies (Advanced Cell Therapy Core (ACTC)), both in experimental and/or defined clinical settings.
- 3. Accreditations/Certifications: services in each Core will be developed according to robust international standards ensuring highest quality of results/products, for the benefit of Sidra's patients. Accreditations/certifications will elevate Sidra's reputation and increase its market presence along with its commercialization potential.
- 4. Commercialization: high quality, internationally bench marketed services will be adequately promoted for both internal and external customers, driving downstream revenues.

A robust, high-quality clinical research program with integrated services and proactive clinical translation can be a significant differentiator for Sidra Medicine in Qatar.

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR** Dr. Rashid Al-Ali

Dr. Rashid Al-Ali received his Ph.D. in Computer Science from Cardiff University – Wales, the UK in 2005 and his MS in Computer Science from George Washington University -Washington, DC, the USA in 1997. In 1992 Dr. Rashid Al-Ali graduated with a BS in Computer Engineering (with Honours) from the University of the Pacific - California, USA. Dr. Rashid Al-Ali was a Clinical Informatics Research Fellow at the Division of Clinical Informatics, Harvard Medical Faculty Physicians at BIDMC – Harvard Medical School, Boston USA in 2012.

Dr. Rashid Al Ali is the Executive Director for Core Facilities and the Director of the Digital Health. The research core facilities consist of 4 cores: Deep Phenotyping, Advanced Cell Therapy, Integrated Genomics Services, and Digital Health. Dr. Rashid Al-Ali's research experience is in Distributed Systems, Grid Computing, and Clinical Informatics.

## Digital Health Core

Technological advancements and biomedical device cost reductions resulted in the availability of a large amount of heterogeneous data that could provide insights and help advance precision medicine. To assist researchers in exploring data and answering research questions, it is critical to have an appropriate compute infrastructure and a talented multidisciplinary team to deal with data challenges.

The Digital Health Sciences division of Sidra Research aims to create a digital ecosystem to support all computational aspects (compute, storage, software development, data management, and analytics) critical to advancing precision medicine within Sidra and beyond. The division is critical in bridging the data exchange gap between the research and hospital departments.

The mission of Digital Health is to provide high-quality biomedical informatics services for all research projects by providing bioinformatics, compute, and storage infrastructure, assisting researchers and physician-scientists with tools/ software, and assisting them in data management.

The Digital Health Department is more than just a data custodian; we thrive on making useful data available for consumption.

#### CORE FACILITY DIRECTOR Dr. Rashid Al-Ali



#### **CORE HIGHLIGHTS**

#### **Sidra Research Biorepository**

The biorepository platform is interdisciplinary project between various cores to establish and maintain a repository of biorepository data for the leftover samples from Sidra patients, routine procedures samples (RPS) and research ordered samples (ROS) to be used for future research as required.

The digital health department will develop the platforms required to aid in the method of providing researchers with access to biorepository resources for future research, to unify sample and data collection, storage, and processing, and to provide a searchable database to enable precision health.

#### Research identification system (RIS-ID)

A major challenge facing the Research environment at Sidra is the lack of a unified method to identify an enrolled participant. Although each participant can be identified at the hospital, the compliance requirements of PHI often restrict Research environment from having access to these identifiers.

Storing the MRN number or having an application that keys in the MRN generally available in the Research environment is restricted. Although, this does not prevent individual researcher with IRB approval having access and store MRN as part of their research activities.

RIS-ID will create a way to generate a hashed identifier for each participant, which would guarantee uniqueness and uniformity in ID generation. These ID's can be referred later to check if the participant has already been enrolled for any study earlier.

#### **Interactive Variant Analysis (IVA)**

The standalone desktop applications allow researchers to access their data stored on the HPC directly from their desktop, eliminating the need for additional settings or support.

Interactive Variant Analysis (IVA) which facilitates the filtering, analysis and interpretation of whole genome variant data. This interactive tool allows the identification of genes affected by deleterious variants that segregate along family pedigrees, case-control or sporadic samples.

Some of the features of IVA:

- Allow to load VCF files and samples together with clinical data
- High-performance and scalable VCF and gVCF indexing
- VCF normalization and variant annotation
- Clinical interpretation analysis of samples and families

## Deep Phenotyping Core

Sidra Medicine is aiming at delivering personalized medicine to the patients of Qatar and beyond. The systematic measurement and analysis of qualitative and quantitative traits of patients, known as Phenomics, completes the personalized medicine approach initiated by genomic approaches. The Deep Phenotypic Core (DPC) provides a multifaceted phenomics platform dedicated to establishing cellular, molecular and functional phenotypes that complement genomics, transcriptomics, and clinical phenotypic analyses of patients. Relying on metabolomics, lipidomics, elemental chemical analysis, high-dimension proteomics, super-resolution microscopy and high-dimension flow cytometry, the DPC generates systematic, high-quality, validated precise molecular and cellular phenotypes of patients and enable true phenomic science in Qatar. The DPC aims at providing in depth and breadth the panels of diagnostic and investigational assays proposed in Sidra and in Qatar. The DPC mission is to provide the technical and intellectual frameworks for the realization of the second pillar of Sidra Medicine's Research Personalized Medicine agenda: "Establishing an Advanced Diagnostics program."



CORE FACILITY DIRECTOR Dr. Jean-Charles Grivel

Jean-Charles Grivel obtained his Ph.D. in immunology from the University of Aix Marseille II. He held several positions at the USA National Institutes of Health until joining Sidra in 2015. He pioneered the development of human organ culture for studying the pathogenesis of HIV, Human Herpes Viruses and Measles virus as well as their interactions. Dr. Grivel has developed flow-cytometric methods for characterizing antigenspecific cellular responses as well as microvesicles and viruses. Dr. Grivel has received the NIH Award of Merit in 2006. He has authored 98 peerreviewed publications. He currently directs the Deep Phenotyping Core of Sidra Medicine.



### Integrated **Genomics Services**

The Clinical Genomics Lab, Omics, Genomic Data Science, and Zebrafish Core Facilities deliver genomics, molecular biology, and informatics services to researchers across Qatar. The Facilities aim to provide high-quality service and data (i) by ensuring adherence to validated standard procedures, (ii) by ensuring sample integrity and traceability (iii) in a timely fashion with (iv) excellent communication throughout a project's lifecycle. The unique combination of laboratory and analysis services allows IGS to deliver complex scientific projects from the initial screening of large cohorts to follow-up validations using targeted assays to data analysis and experimental follow- up in model systems. The routine offering of medium- and high-throughput sequencing services are enhanced by 3rd generation genome and transcriptome analysis methods and a state-of-theart functional genomics Zebrafish Core Facility. Beyond the routine services, all groups are experienced in method development and always excited to work with our users to deliver novel and innovative approaches to genomics in research and healthcare.



CORE FACILITY DIRECTOR Dr. Stephan Lorenz

Dr. Lorenz graduated in Biochemistry at the University of Leipzig, where he investigated the role of GPCR kinases in the regulation of GPCR activity. He then joined the laboratory of Prof Ralf Paschke in Leipzig for his PhD, studying calcium-binding proteins and their role in benign thyroid tumours. In 2018, he joined Sidra Medical and Research as Director of the Integrated Genomics Services, where he uses his background to enable more cost-effective, rapid and robust sequencing solutions, thus supporting important initiatives like the Qatar Precision Medicine Institute, but also enabling the use of cutting-edge sequencing technologies in a clinical setting for diagnostics and Precision Medicine. In this role, he is overseeing the activities of Genomics, Omics as well as the Applied Bioinformatics Core and the Zebrafish Core Facilities, and developing new platforms for largescale biorepositories.

#### CORE HIGHLIGHT Clinical Genomics Laboratory & Genomic Data Science Group Highlights



The global Covid-19 pandemic has posed great challenges for everyone, but most significantly impacted the healthcare and tourism industry. The continuous evolution of the virus poses a threat to overcome implemented countermeasures and requires the monitoring of populations not only for the presence of the Coronavirus, but also for the different variants in circulation. To support the national effort and working in close collaboration with colleagues from the Molecular Infectious Disease Laboratory, the CGL team has extracted and genotyped over 35,000 Covid-19 positive samples collected in the community and travellers. This effort enabled a rapid and measured adjustment of policy at the national level. More recently, CGL has deployed methods to perform whole-genome sequencing of SARS-CoV-2, which allows the detection of a wider range of variants that are hard to detect via conventional PCR methods, such as the new Omicron variant B1.1.529.

The sequencing of human whole genomes and transcriptomes has developed into an indispensable tool for research and clinical diagnosis of rare and undiagnosed hereditary disorders and cancers. Until recently, these methods have been very costly to perform. With its most recent upgrade to Illumina Novaseq 6000 systems, a human whole genome can now be sequenced and analyzed for QR 2,300 in as little as a single day. This new sequencing technology is complemented by new approaches to generate sequencing libraries of higher quality using innovative high-throughput robotics like the recently upgraded Hamilton NGS Star and sptlabtech Mosquito, which enable more accurate sample handling at lower volumes. This allows to further reduce price, but also input material requirements, and lays the foundation for genomic Precision Medicine at scale.

#### **OMICS CORE FACILITY**

#### Rapid Advancement of Genomic Technologies

The Omics Core Facility is managed by Dr. Sara Tomei. The rapid advancement of the genomic technologies over the past decades has led to individualized diagnostic and therapeutic approaches, allowing the implementation of precision medicine. The Omics Core Facility works closely to the Clinical team to overcome challenges faced when working on archival tissue samples, such as formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded (FFPE). FFPE samples

provide great insights on disease progression and prognosis. Yet, their histological assessment lacks reproducibility due to the subjective interpretation of the histopathologists. The molecular technologies implemented in the Omics Core Facility help overcoming such arbitrary histological interpretation, by providing reliable and robust methods for the digital counting of single molecules isolated from archival samples.

#### ZEBRAFISH CORE FACILITY

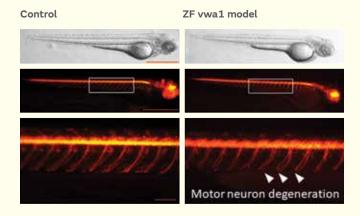
#### **Zebrafish Functional Genomic Core Facility, fishing for answers**

The Zebrafish Core Facility is managed by Dr. Sahar Da'as. The Sidra Medicine Zebrafish Facility serves a significant role in developing clinically relevant zebrafish models of human genetic disorders and their related pathologies. The facility has developed a platform with the state-of-the-art equipment to study the genetic variation impact on cell, tissue, organ, and whole organism levels. The facility provides access to zebrafish model, techniques, and tools to utilize the model to its fullest potential. Zebrafish (Danio rerio), a small (3–5 cm) freshwater

tropical fish, offers the ability to accelerate genetic studies. It is an excellent vertebrate model for investigating human genetic diseases. The transparency of the zebrafish embryo during development has allowed researchers to track regulation of gene expression in real time in living animals. Comparison to the human genome shows that approximately 70% of human genes have at least one zebrafish orthologue. Out of the human genes of Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (OMIM) database, (82%) of these genes can be related to zebrafish orthologous.

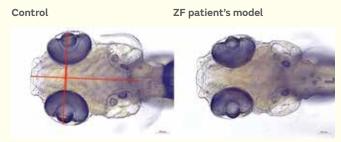
#### ZEBRAFISH CORE FACILITY HIGHLIGHT

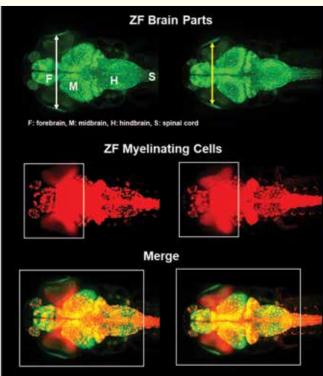
#### Fish model links genetic variation to hereditary motor neuropathy



The facility team generated a model for a unique loss of function VWA1 gene mutation that was found in 17 individuals from 15 families in collaboration with UK scientists. The zebrafish vwa1 model demonstrated reductions in motor neuron axonal growth, synaptic formation in the skeletal muscles, and movement similar to patients' symptoms. This work was published in BRAIN journal, to read the full article: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/ PMC8263055/pdf/awaa420.pdf

#### Fish model solves a child case with complex craniofacial anomalies





In collaboration with Dr. Fakhro's team and plastic surgery department, the facility team generated a zebrafish model for a 7-yearold patient presented to Sidra Medicine with craniosynostosis, dysmorphic facial features, eye anomalies, intellectual disability, and developmental delay. Zebrafish expressing the patient's unique gene mutation displayed a progressed microcephaly-like phenotype and head shape abnormalities. This work is submitted for publication.

## Advanced Cell Therapy Core

The Advanced Cell Therapy Core (ACTC) synergistically completes Sidra Precision Medicine Program with its therapeutic component. ACTC's mission and vision is completing the ideal pathway of the patient from advanced diagnosis to personalized treatment by:

- Supporting the Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation (HSCT) Program which represents the cornerstone for the majority of other more advanced cell and gene therapy approaches
- Making Regenerative Medicine, Cell Therapy and Gene Therapy available to patients in Qatar and in the region
- Providing the management and coordination of clinical trials.

The delivery of cell therapy and gene therapy products entails a complex and highly articulated pathway starting with Research and Development and clinical research until scaling and production, all carried out in research and clinical laboratories aligned with National, British, US and European regulatory requirements and standards.

The Clinical Trial Office, recently established within ACTC, is striving to enable both Academic and Pharma-sponsored Clinical Trials, with benefits that range from strategic value—enhancing the hospital's image to being a destination for the most advanced care—to quality value—improving the health of the local community—and finally to financial value—attracting new patients and preventing the outmigration of current patients.



#### CORE FACILITY DIRECTOR **Dr. Chiara Cugno**

Dr. Cugno joined Sidra in 2014, where she covers the roles of Director of the Advanced Cell Therapy Core and Attending Physician in Pediatric Oncology and Hematology. She is a 20-year experienced medical doctor with a Board Certification in Pediatrics and Pediatric Hematology/ Oncology at the University of Pavia (Italy), and a Master in Pediatric Hematology at the University "La Sapienza," Rome (Italy). At Sidra, Dr. Cugno has been working on the development of the Advanced Cell Therapy Core, including a Cellular Therapy Unit for the delivery of cellular products for tissue, cell and gene therapy, and a Clinical Trial Office.



#### CORE HIGHLIGHTS

#### Sidra Medicine Research develops eye drops to treat ultra-rare disease

Multidisciplinary team effort at Sidra Medicine produces country's first plasma eye drops, treats Qatari baby with "one-in-a-million" condition.

In early 2020, the family of a 10-month old Qatari child suffering from an ultra-rare disease called plasminogen deficiency, that was causing the child's eyes to fill with woody growths, got in touch with Sidra Medicine, a member of Qatar Foundation.

Doctors at Sidra Medicine, the only hospital in Qatar that offers precision medicine to pediatric patients, were positive that it could offer treatment for this condition. Dr. Chiara Cugno, Director of the Advanced Cell Therapy Core at Sidra Medicine, said: "When we were contacted about this case, we were confident right from the beginning that we had the expertise available to do this."

"The only thing was that the treatment—plasma eye drops—had never been produced in Qatar before, not just at Sidra Medicine, but anywhere else in the country. So, we understood that regulatory approvals would take a while, but since we already had a strong foundation to develop the eye drops in-house, we pooled in all our expertise to help this young patient."

The child's mother said: "There was a time my daughter couldn't open her eyes; I was terrified she was going to lose her eyesight."

The team working on producing the eye drops consisted of members from various departments across Sidra Medicine including Pediatric Hematology, Ophthalmology, Pathology Blood Bank and Advanced Cell Therapy Core.

In May 2021, the family received the locally produced eye drops for their child. Dr. Ayman Saleh, Chief of Pediatric Oncology and Hematology at Sidra Medicine said: "This was a truly joint effort, not just between the different teams at Sidra Medicine but also the family. We are grateful to the parents for trusting us and allowing us the opportunity to produce these eye drops. This project was not only a first for Sidra Medicine, but also a first for Qatar."

The child's mother said: "Having a top-notch hospital like Sidra Medicine tell us that they will make the medicine, store it, and ensure we have enough supply, makes me feel like we can sleep again, and that once again we have the time and energy for other things in life."

Despite the regulatory hurdles and the COVID related delays, the team is pleased they were eventually able to provide the child with the treatment.

## **Research Operations** and Services

Our mission is to offer a "one-stop-shop" approach and solution-oriented admin service to researchers and clinicians. We help establish good laboratory practice, agile and fit-for-purpose processes, and high standards for managing research in a compliant manner. Our main administrative functions are as follows:

- The Project Management Office serves as a central repository and enabling service for research studies.
- The Laboratories & Biosafety Office ensures labs are in good working condition and practices safe.
- The Grants Office manages external and competitive awards.
- The Business Office handles budgets, financial reporting and procurement matters.
- The Outcomes & Reporting Office looks after strategic reporting, communications and outreach.
- The Governance & Compliance Office governs the conduct of all research and ensures compliance to relevant regulations and standards.
- The Research Contracts Office manages collaborations and other research agreements.

As a group we are the primary interface and facilitators between scientists and internal/external parties, and lead commercialization of research services.



#### CORE FACILITY DIRECTOR **Max Renault**

The Research Operations and Services Core is led by Max Renault. Mr. Renault has background in Engineering and has extensive expertise in Project/ Program Management, R&D, New Product Development, Operations Management, Business Development and Technology Commercialization. Mr. Renault has worked in Europe, Far-East and Middle-East in the fields of Telecommunications, Manufacturing, Aerospace/Defense, Formula One and Biomedical Research. He is currently a doctoral candidate for a PhD in Management.

#### CORE HIGHLIGHT

#### Research Operations takes on Innovation & Tech Transfer role

An Office of Technology Transfer (OTT) is typically tasked with identifying, protecting, and commercializing inventions and related Intellectual Property (IP). IP can take the form of patents, trademarks, and trade secrets. For inventors to be adequately supported and for inventions to consistently be disclosed and benefits realized, a robust OTT office is crucial. In early 2021, the Research Operations team identified existing gaps and how to actively support inventors, in cooperation with the Legal department.

Research Operations mapped a process and established a partnership with Qatar Foundation's specialized OTT (known as the Industry Development and Knowledge Transfer 'IDKT'). As part of this relationship, QF-IDKT now facilitates active screening and processing of invention disclosures, ordering patentability/ marketability assessments, and pursuing IP protection (provisional, full). Moreover, QF-IDKT with Research Operations will imminently support training and education needs of Sidra Medicine staff on the importance and risks of public disclosures, criteria for patentability, and more.

A very important outcome of capturing and managing IP is that inventions with promise can be advanced to commercial exploitation (e.g., through technology licensing, spinoff). This is of great benefit to not only Sidra Medicine but also to the inventor, who per institutional policy is entitled to a generous portion of any proceeds. For this to happen, potential commercial partners (e.g., big pharma, diagnostic test providers, resellers) must be identified and engaged. Research Operations is now looking to develop such capabilities internally and externally through strategic partnerships.

The pace of innovation can be extreme, especially in the biomedical arena, but ideas only in the mind of the inventor with no proper protection is of limited benefit. They must be expressed and implemented in practice before it is too late. You can contact ResearchContracts@sidra.org for more information and to assist you with your invention.







## RESEARCH PRINCIPAL **INVESTIGATORS**



Dr. Ammira Akil **Precision Medicine** in Diabetes Prevention

Dr. Akil is a principal investigator in human genetics program and the group leader of translational genomics of diabetes research team at Sidra Medicine research department. Dr. Akil has MSc in molecular Immunology, GC-LTHE1, Graduate Certificate in Learning and Teaching (Higher Education), PhD in molecular genetics from university of New South Wales, Australia. Dr. Akil earned an International Executive MBA from HEC – Paris business school focusing on "innovative management and Entrepreneurial leadership." Dr. Akil has been a lead PI and Co-PI on national and international competitive research grant applications to support her diabetes research. During her career, Dr. Akil was a finalist at the Inventor of the year award and filed one Australian provisional patent application with the New South Innovations, Australia. Dr. Akil scientific, organizational and communication skills, leadership, and management expertise in the field of clinical research placed her as the right person to found and chair the CUDOS nationally and internationally recognized scientific and educational series.



Dr. Annalisa Terranegra Laboratory of Precision Nutrition -**Mother and Child Health Division** 

Dr. Terranegra obtained her MSc degree in Biological Sciences cum laudae in 2000 at the University of Siena, Italy, PhD in Molecular Medicine in 2007 at the University of Milan, Italy and Post-graduate Diploma cum laudae in Nutritional Sciences at the University of Milan, Italy in 2015. Dr. Terranegra covered a consultant position in genetics at San Raffaele Hospital, Milan, Italy (2010-2012) and a research fellow position in nutrition at San Paolo Hospital, Milan, Italy (2013-2014). Dr. Terranegra also has extensive teaching experience as Assistant Professor in Nephrology (2007-2010) and in Dietetic Sciences and Technologies (2010-2013) at University of Milan, Italy; Lecturer in Molecular Medicine PhD course (2009–2011) at University of Milan, Italy. Dr. Terranegra currently covers the position of adjunct Assistant Professor, since 2015, in the college of Health and Life Sciences at Hamad bin Khalifa University. Oatar and adjunct Assistant Professor, since 2018, in the College of Health Sciences at Qatar University, Qatar.



**Dr. Bernice Lo** Laboratory of **Immunoregulation** 

Dr. Bernice Lo is a Principal Investigator in the Precision Medicine program at Sidra Medicine and an Adjunct Assistant Professor at Hamad bin Khalifa University (Doha, Qatar). She has contributed to the discovery, diagnosis, and molecular understanding of inherited autoimmune disorders. Bernice performed her postdoctoral training under the leadership of Dr. Michael Lenardo in the Laboratory of Immunology at the National Institutes of Health in the US. She is trained in cell and molecular biology and genomic approaches for genetic diagnosis. During her fellowship, she helped discover and understand the etiology of two new diseases of immune dysregulation. She received her Ph.D. in Cell Biology at Duke University under the mentorship of Dr. Jo Rae Wright, where she began her appreciation for the immune system and the critical role of immune tolerance and regulation.



Dr. Cristina Maccalli Laboratory of Immune **Biological Therapy** 

Dr. Cristina Maccalli is a Principal Investigator at the Laboratory of Immune Biological Therapy, Translational Medicine Department, Research Branch, Sidra Medicine. Her expertise is in the field of immunology, tumor immunology and immunotherapy. She obtained a Ph.D. in Applied Genetics at the University of Milan, Italy. She has carried out her post-doctoral research programs at the National Cancer Institute in Milan, Italy and, then, as visiting fellow at the Surgery Branch, National Cancer Institute, NIH, Bethesda, MD, USA. In October 2013 she contributed to the development of the Laboratory of the Italian Network of Biotherapy of Tumors (NIBIT)/University Hospital of Siena, Italy dedicated to ImmunOncology (IO) studies and the immunomonitoring of patients undergoing immunotherapy treatments. In October 2015 she joined the Research Department at Sidra Medicine. She is the Editor of the section of Translational Cancer Biology of JTM and of the Section Immune Response of Advances in Cancer Biology-Metastasis (Elsevier).



Dr. Nicholas van Panhuys Laboratory of **Immunoregulation** 

Dr. van Panhuys completed his BSc in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Cell and Developmental Biology at Victoria University (New Zealand). Following this, completed the Honors program in Molecular Biosciences at Victoria University. Before being awarded Rex and Betty Coker Post Graduate Scholarship to conduct his PhD studies at the Malaghan Institute for Medical Research (New Zealand) where he investigated the role of IL4 and STAT6 in protective immunity and T helper 2 immune responses. He was then awarded the NZ Foundation for Research Science and Technology post-doctoral fellowship award, to work as a visiting fellow at the National Institutes of Health (Bethesda, USA) in the Laboratory of Immunology with Dr. Ronald Germain. Consequently he was appointed as a research fellow in the Laboratory of Systems Biology at the NIAD, NIH. Since 2015, he has led the Laboratory of Immunoregulation at Sidra Medicine.



Dr. Luis R Saraiva Laboratory of Neurometabolism and Functional Genomics

Dr. Saraiva completed a Licenciatura (BSc+MSc) in Biology at the University of Evora (Portugal). After, he became a Fellow of the International Graduate School in Genetics and Functional Genomics of the University of Cologne (Germany), where he received his PhD in Genetics (summa cum laude). After a brief period as a visiting scientist at Harvard Medical School in Boston (USA), he worked as a post-doctoral scholar in the lab of Linda Buck (Nobel Laureate in Physiology and Medicine 2004) at the Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center in Seattle (USA). As he became an EBI-Sanger Postdoctoral (ESPOD) Fellow, he moved to Cambridge (UK), where he continued his postdoctoral training at the EMBL-EBI and the Wellcome Sanger Institute. Since October 2015, he is a Principal Investigator and Director of the Metabolism and Diabetes Program at the research branch of Sidra Medicine. Additionally, he is an Adjunct Faculty Member at the Monell Chemical Senses Center (Philadelphia, USA) and at Hamad bin Khalifa University (Doha, Qatar).



**Dr. Mohammad Haris** Laboratory of Molecular and Metabolic Imaging

Dr. Haris received his bachelor's degree in life sciences with major in Chemistry, and later completed his master in Biochemistry. He earned his Ph.D. in Biomedical Imaging from Sanjay Gandhi Post Graduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Lucknow, India in 2007. Afterwards, he did his postdoctoral fellowship in the department of Radiology at Perelman School of Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, USA, and subsequently he became research scientist in the same department. During his tenure at Penn, he developed various novel MR imaging methods to image metabolites in vivo with potential applications in cancer, cardiovascular disorders, and neurological & neurodegenerative diseases. He was the first to develop an MR method for imaging cellular energetics by targeting creatine recovery kinetics using CEST MRI. Dr. Haris joined the research department at Sidra Medicine as a Principal Investigator in October 2013. Also, he holds an Adjunct Professor appointment at Qatar University.



**Dr. Nico Marr Laboratory of Immunogenetics** in Infectious

Dr. Nico Marr is a principal investigator leading the Laboratory of Immunogenetics in Infectious Diseases and holds an adjunct faculty appointment with the College of Health and Life Sciences at Hamad bin Khalifa University. He received his doctoral degree from the Julius-Maximilian-University of Würzburg, Germany, for studies in the field of microbiology and immunology. His dissertation and early postdoctoral research at the University of British Columbia in Vancouver, Canada, focused on host-pathogen interactions and immune evasion mechanisms of Bordetella pertussis, the etiological agent of whooping cough. Dr. Marr then completed a second postdoctoral fellowship in respiratory health and worked as a research associate at the British Columbia Children's Hospital Research Institute in Vancouver and the Canadian Center for Vaccinology located at the IWK Health Centre in Halifax. investigating human immune defenses in early life against common viral infections. He joined Sidra Medicine as an independent investigator in 2015.



Dr. Sara Deola **Advanced Cell Therapy Core** 

Dr. Deola is a clinical scientist with a Board Certification in Hematology-Oncology from University San Raffaele Vita-Salute, Milan, Italy and a PhD in Experimental Hematology from the University of Milan Bicocca, Italy (training at Telethon Institute for GenE Therapy, TIGET). Dr. Deola is a clinical scientist with a Board Certification in Hematology-Oncology from University San Raffaele Vita-Salute, Milan, Italy and a PhD in Experimental Hematology from the University of Milan Bicocca, Italy (training at Telethon Institute for GenE Therapy, TIGET). Her clinical training was at the BMT Unit of Hospital San Raffaele, and she worked 5 years as staff physician in the Hematology and BMT Department of the General Hospital of Bolzano, Italy, mostly following allogeneic HSCT patients. She joined Sidra Medicine in 2014, as Bone Marrow Transplant Program Manager in Translational Medicine/Research, and she is holding a PI position since June 2017 in the Advanced Cell Therapy Core.



**Dr. Wouter Hendrickx Cancer Omics** Laboratory

Dr. Wouter Hendrickx is an investigator in immunology and Inflammation in the Human Immunology Division and member of the Cancer Precision Medicine Working Group at Sidra Medicine. He is the PI of the Pediatric Cancer Omics Laboratory and has experience in stem cell and cancer research at the universities of Brussels (VUB), Leuven (KUL) and Norwich (UEA). Where he gained an MSc in biomedical Science (2004) and an MSc Bio-informatics (2005) and a PhD in Medical Science respectively (2012). At Sidra he has focused since 2014 on the tumor immune micro environment deploying bio-informatic tools to analyze gene-expression data form bulk tumor for immune related signatures and other determinants of the immune phenotype and translating the findings to the wet lab environment. He was a participant of the EU FP6 and PF7 grant framework and is a 2015 ONRF JSREP awardee. Since 2019 he leads Sidra Medicine's efforts in establishing a biorepository for pediatric cancer patients.



**Dr. Younes Mokrab Medical and Population Genomics Lab** 

Dr. Younes Mokrab is principal investigator and head of Medical and Population Genomics Lab, Sidra Medicine. He joined in 2015 from Eli Lilly, where he led computational genomics research at the Neurogenetics Discovery Unit to identify/validate drug targets and stratify patients with neuropsychiatric disorders including Schizophrenia, ALS and Parkinson's, working closely with Psychiatric Genomics Consortium (PGC). Dr. Mokrab obtained a PhD in Bioinformatics from Prof. Tom Blundell lab, University of Cambridge, UK (2007), followed by a postdoctoral fellowship from Prof. Mark Sansom Lab, University of Oxford (2010). Next, he moved to the Pharmaceutical industry, initially Lonza Biologics performing in silico bio-pharmaceuticals engineering and subsequently Eli Lilly. Upon joining Sidra, Dr. Mokrab helped establish research programs in population and medical genetics and is a co-founding member of the Qatar Genome Program Research Consortium. Also, he co-chaired international meetings including Sidra Functional Genomics and CUDOS. He currently holds academic appointments at WCM-Q and HBKU.

## Clinicians At Sidra Medicine Challenging Conventional Cancer Staging Techniques



When the COVID-19 pandemic halted Sidra Medicine's access to resources that are traditionally used to determine the cancer stage of some of its patients, clinicians at the hospital decisively switched to a more accessible but unconventional technique. Not only was the alternative successful, a recently published study on it led by Dr. Ata Ur Rehman Maaz, Senior Attending Physician at Sidra Medicine, and Dr. Mehdi Djekidel, Division Lead of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging at Sidra Medicine, also shows the benefits of utilizing it as the primary means of cancer staging.

Traditionally, an MIBG scan is used for cancer staging of patients with Neuroblastoma, a solid tumor of the nervous system which particularly arises in the neural crest cells of children and is the second most common pediatric cancer in the world. The radiopharmaceutical for an MIBG scan, however, is sourced from large commercial suppliers in Europe. This posed a challenge at the height of the COVID-19 pandemic in Qatar during 2020 when restrictions on flights also halted the supply of the reagent.

When three Neuroblastoma patients at Sidra Medicine needed to be staged, Dr. Maaz and Dr. Djekidel obtained a radiotracer called Gallium DOTATATE from Hamad Medical Corporation to swiftly meet the clinical need of these patients. Gallium DOTATATE scans are mostly used to stage neuroendocrine tumors and sparse reports exist of its effectiveness in Neuroblastoma staging, mostly in the event of cancer relapse.

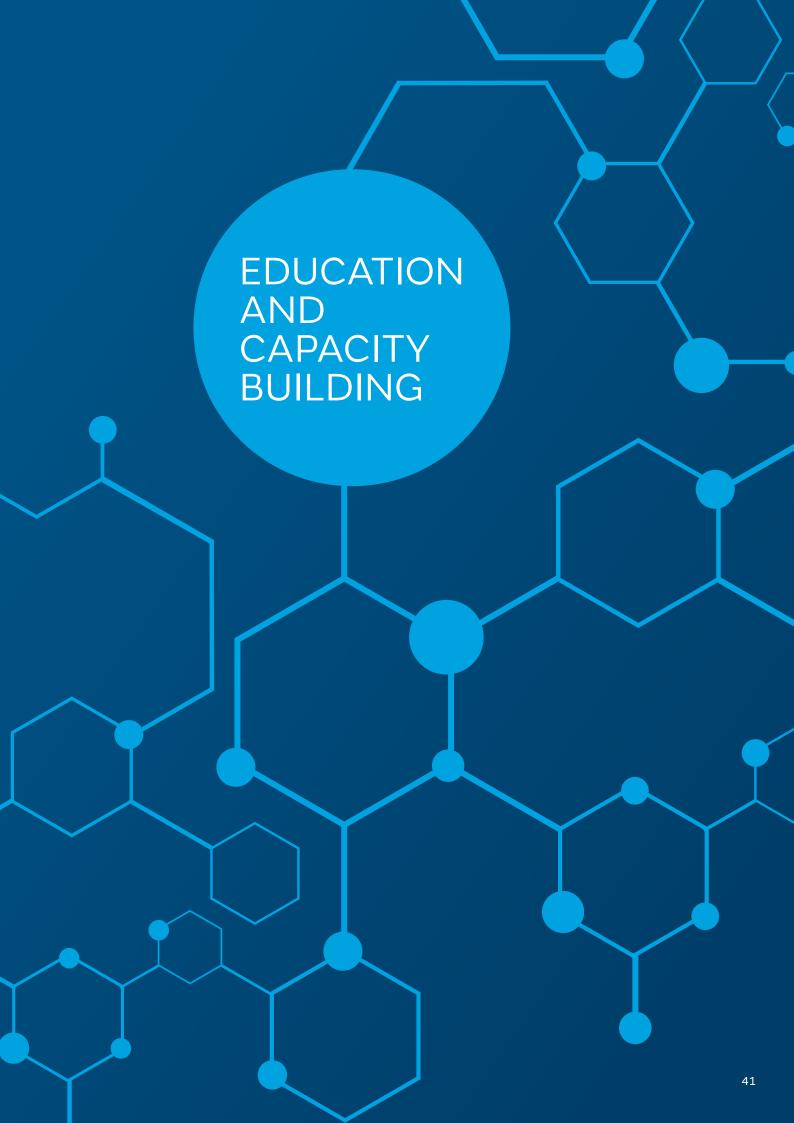
"Sidra Medicine is a forward-looking organization," said Dr. Maaz, "If there is a situation like a COVID-19 lockdown and a patient comes, we are not willing to cut corners and are thinking of cutting-edge technologies to obtain and use."

Although MIBG scans have been the gold standard of cancer staging for the past 40 years, Dr. Maaz and Dr. Djekidel are questioning whether this is the only way of initial cancer staging and whether Gallium DOTATATE can be a viable replacement.

Gallium DOTATATE scans are promising not only for cancer staging, but also cancer therapy in Precision Medicine. First and foremost, its detailed results can give a clearer picture of what level of individualized and targeted care the patient needs, according to Dr. Maaz. On another level, it has potential in Theragnostics, a field of nuclear medicine that pairs diagnostic and therapeutic elements, said Dr. Djekidel.

Dr. Djekidel is collaborating with Dr. Othmane Bouhali, Director of Research Computing at Texas A&M University in Qatar, and Dr. Younes Mokrab, Co-lead of Population Genomics Research Program at Sidra Medicine, to explore advanced imaging techniques such as radiomics and artificial intelligence applications in PET that can further enhance the added value of scans such as Gallium DOTATATE.

Written by Areesha Lodhi



## CAPACITY BUILDING AT SIDRA RESEARCH

Outreach and education at Sidra Research is paramount, the department hosts several trainees, volunteers, and visiting researchers/scientists coming from various universities and institutions, both locally and from around the world.

Sidra Research prides itself as a teaching entity in alignment with the education pillar, one of the three pillars that form the foundation of Sidra Medicine's mission to provide patient care and biomedical research. Training at Sidra encourages young adults to hone their career path in science, medicine and public health. By training under varied professionals and experts, the trainee is provided with invaluable work experience, develops and refines skills and has access to a platform to network with other professionals in the field.

6 VISITING SCIENTISTS:

Dr. Ahmad Al Ater - Dr. Bernice Lo Dr. Ana Cláudia - Dr. Luis Saraiva Dr. Alice Turdo - Dr. Cristina Macalli Dr. Marcia Baldoni - Dr. Sara Tomei Dr. Farooq Al Ajli - Dr. Khalid Fakhro Dr. Khadega Adel - Dr. Chiara Cugno



externs and volunteers enrolled in 2021





## LEADERS IN SCIENCE SIDRA RESEARCH SERIES

Science is a global endeavour to help speed up research projects and give life to new ideas and scientific breakthroughs. Educational talks are an integral part helping researchers identify their interests and to further develop their skills.

Sidra Medicine's flagship Research Series, reinforces support, growth and development amongst researchers and is a first-hand source of education for our future scientists who are training at Sidra Research. Sidra Research Series is a platform that helps boost collaboration and bridge the gap between research and practice.



The series this year hosted a multitude of local and international speaker:

#### INTERNATIONAL SPEAKERS:

#### Dr. Junaid Kashir

Assistant Professor in Clinical Embryology Alfaisal University, KSA

#### Dr. Elvira Verduci

Pediatrician University of Milan, Italy

#### Dr. Jiwon Sarah Choi

Chief of Technology Div. of R&D G+FLAS Life Sciences, Korea

#### Dr. Fabeha Fazal

Associate Professor in Pediatrics University of Rochester, USA

#### Dr. Manoj Kumar

Department of Neuroimaging and Interventional Radiology (NIIR) National Institute of Mental Health and Neurosciences (NIMHANS), Bangalore, INDIA

#### Dr. Matteo Avella

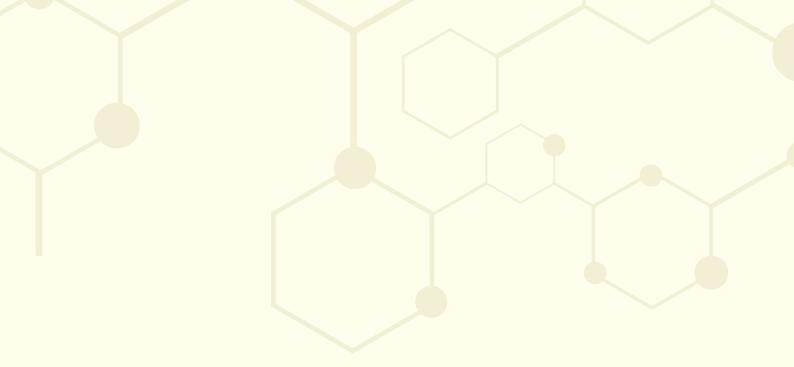
Assistant Professor of Genetics University of Tulsa, USA

#### Dr. Saquib A Lakhani

Associate Professor Yale University School of Medicine, USA

#### Dr. Saurabh Jha

Associate Professor University of Pennsylvania, USA



#### LOCAL SPEAKERS INSTITUTIONS ACROSS QATAR:

#### Dr. Julia Reichelt

Senior Academic Research Scientist and Principal Investigator at Translational Research Institute Hamad Medical Corporation

#### Dr. Essam Abdelalim

Assistant Professor HBKU

#### Dr. Khalid Hussein

Division Chief of Endocrinology Sidra Medicine

#### Dr. Sawssan Ahmed

Psychologist Sidra Medicine

#### **Dr. Donald Love**

Division Chief-Pathology Genetics Sidra Medicine

#### STAFF SCIENTISTS:

**Dr. Andrea Guennon** 

Dr. Alexandra Marr

Dr. Mathieu Garand

Dr. Shana Jacob

**Dr. Meritxell Espino Guarch** 

Dr. Rafah Mackeh

**Dr. Christophe Raynaud** 



#### PIS:

**Dr. Nico Marr** 

Dr. Nicholas Van Panhuys

Dr. Wouter R. Hendrickx

**Dr. Bernice Lo** 

Dr. Luis Miguel Rodrigues Saraiva

Dr. Sara Tomei

**Dr. Stephan Lorenz** 

#### Student Testimonials



#### Asma Saeed Extern with Ammira Akil

My passion for knowledge lead me to seek an externship opportunity in the advanced research department of Sidra Medicine. Having completed my undergrad education from Monash University Australia in Malaysian, I was intrigued by Sidra Medicine's capability of incorporating 'Precision Medicine' in patient care.

I joined Dr. Ammira Akil's 'Precision Medicine in Diabetes Prevention' program where I was able to learn and gain valuable hands-on experience on the genomic techniques involved. As a fresh graduate, this hands-on training to develop skills is extremely important. I was involved in wet lab procedures and given equal opportunity for dry lab research training. It is a homogenous pool of opportunities for young entry-level researchers.

I ended up with an even greater opportunity of being able to work on a unique project and learn something new and interesting in the dry lab research area. I will carry on this knowledge with me and be more open to participate in more dry lab projects and not restrict myself to only one research sector.

I would recommend and even encourage other fresh graduates to also participate in Sidra Medicine's externship program. It is an incredible opportunity for learning from highly skilled senior researchers, gaining hands-on experience, mastering new unique techniques, as well as, an early opening for young researchers to be part of the scientific community.



## Extern with Annalisa Terranegra

I was given the opportunity to join the externship program in Sidra Medicine through my QU supervisors while studying my Master's in Science degree. I was particularly interested in Dr. Annalisa Terranegra's research as it focused on nutrigenomics and gut microbiome impact on different disorders. In these two years I was at Sidra as a research trainee to complete my thesis' research, I gained a lot of experience in different experimental and computational procedures, mainly mentored by Dr. Arun Lakshmanan. The members of the nutrigenomics team were always available and supportive and provided me with all the support to complete my thesis and enrich my research experience. I was also given the opportunity to present my project in different local and international conferences. Training at Sidra enhanced my academic writing, leading to publications as first author and co-author. This all enhanced my experience in the different aspects of research. Finally, my advice for future trainees is to try to benefit the best from their time at Sidra in terms of scientific work and good friendship.



Areesha Lodhi Extern with Noor Faisal

As an aspiring science and health reporter, my externship at Sidra Medicine provided me with an in-depth opportunity to excel in the field and develop interpersonal skills. I worked in a challenging setting all while having supportive supervisors who trusted my abilities provided guidance.

The structure of the externship facilitated my learning, sense of discipline, and the ability to reflect on my work and improve it.

With the support of abundant sources facilitating my understanding of concepts and supervisors who provided thorough feedback, I was able judge on how to present information depending on who the target reader is, thereby ensuring accessible and engaging content. The most interesting part was speaking to the brilliant scientists and researchers at Sidra Medicine who are inspirationally passionate about sharing the innovative work they do.



**Eman Wehedy Abdelsalam** PhD student with Souhaila Al Khodor

I am pleased to do my Ph.D. project in Sidra Medicine; all the facilities are especially wellequipped and helped me achieve my work. The place is so comfortable, and the intelligent scientists are approachable and happy to help. I was working at Qatar university on a project which is a continuation of my area of interest using advanced approaches.

My Principal Investigator Dr. Souhaila Al Khodor is very cooperative and organized; she helped me achieve my work. The team is very friendly and ready to assist at any time. The experience I gained during my externship period will help me have a good position in my future career.

I highly recommend junior scientists and graduate students to join Sidra medicine to do their research.



**Muhammad Kohailan** PhD student with Khalid Fakhro

It started in Sep 2018, when I joined the PhD program in "Biological and Biomedical Sciences" at Hamad Bin Khalifa University. Seeking a mentor to supervise my academic journey, attending the World Innovation Summit for Health (WISH) in Nov 2018 allowed me to discover the amazing work being performed by Dr. Khalid Fakhro and his team. Immediately, on the same day of the conference, I contacted Dr. Khalid, requesting to explore the lab and the several projects they work on.

With a background in Biochemistry and basic science, I decided to shift gears and explore the world of bioinformatics after being introduced to the "big data" analysis carried out by Dr. Khalid's team and others at Sidra Research. The cooperative, professional and friendly working environment Helped make my decision clear.

My PhD project focuses on detecting human germline mutations found in children but not in their parents, so called de novo mutations, which in term are responsible for a high number of severe diseases.

Being in one of the fast-developing organizations in Qatar and the world, my prospective future career is enhanced and expanded with more opportunities in my scientific road. I believe Sidra Medicine is the right place for junior students who wish to gain an excellent multidisciplinary experience in research.



Shaikha Al Sayegh MSc student with Ammira Akil

I have always heard a lot about Sidra Medicine Research Branch and was always looking forward for a chance to be part of this great institution. After completing my master's degree I immediately applied to join Sidra Research for an opportunity to improve my research skills and knowledge in the medical research field.

I was involved in two projects while training in Dr. Ammira's lab, which was really exciting, as was meeting new people who are talented and experienced scientists inspired me to be ambitious in everything. The highlight of my experience is that I got to deal with DNA and RNA extraction and protein extractions, as well as, real time-PCR. I gained valuable knowledge in this period of time, and felt a powerful urge to learn more. Sidra affords you the best equipment and devices in Qatar for working on projects. I feel lucky have been trained by Dr. Ammira, she's one of the most intelligent people I have ever met in science fields, very supportive as well. All the respect to her and to all Sidra staff.



#### and Sara Almarzoogi Graduate Associates for the year 2021

Within a few weeks of joining Sidra Medicine Research Branch as Graduate Associates, we managed to take an active role in ongoing projects under the supervision of Dr. Souhaila Alkhodor. We were encouraged to participate in scientific forums such as Research Day and PMFG. Initially, we were hesitant as the experience was completely new, but we pushed ourselves out of our comfort zone and decided to seize the amazing opportunities offered to us. Research is so much more than what is done in the labs. We participated by attending, gaining knowledge, being aware of what research is recently being done at Sidra and around the world. It was a proud moment to present a poster on the work we achieved in such a short period of time. At Sidra, and with our experience so far, we know that the best is yet to come. Our experience would not have been the same without such a supportive PI and colleagues. Our exposure has been greatly complemented by prior experience in the lab, making the transition so much smoother. Our advice for future graduate associates is to have enough lab experience during their undergraduate studies, to ask questions, and to always challenge yourself to jump out of your comfort zone.

# Loss of Smell as the Best Predictor of COVID-19



Sidra Medicine is one of the leading academic medical centers participating in the global effort to tackle COVID-19-related smell and taste loss. **Dr. Luis R. Saraiva**, Principal Investigator at Sidra Medicine, is a leading member in the Global Consortium for Chemosensory Research (GCCR), and more recently integrated into its Leadership Team. The GCCR conducts worldwide scientific studies to assess possible relationships between respiratory illnesses (e.g., COVID-19, influenza or the common cold) and their effects on smell and taste.

"One of our goals was to see if we could help predict the onset of COVID-19 by associating loss of smell with the onset of infection. The results would bring awareness to people that if they are suffering from this set of symptoms, they should self-isolate to avoid spreading the virus, and seek professional medical testing and treatment immediately," said Dr. Saraiva.

His study collected responses from all over the world via online surveys that have been translated into 35 languages, including Arabic. Most published COVID-related research studies are conducted in Europe and North America which can neglect other regions such as the Gulf region. The inclusion of Arabic-speaking participants creates diversity and increased reliability.

Qatar is one of the leading countries investing heavily in COVID-19-related research projects in collaboration with national institutions during the pandemic. With the recent appointment of Dr. Saraiva to the Leadership Team of the GCCR, Sidra Medicine is distinguishing itself from other regional and national institutions by addressing one of the most pressing health crises worldwide.

"The MENA region and its people are massively underrepresented in scientific studies. To prevent that from happening in the GCCR studies, we ensured that the survey was made available in Arabic, so that it can be disseminated in Qatar and the broader MENA region. Ultimately, this research contributes to the prevention of COVID-19 not only in Qatar or the MENA region, but also worldwide. We live in an age where air travel is more accessible than ever before—we are all connected." added Dr. Saraiva.

This research revealed the ODoR-19 test as an important self-screening tool, which the medical community could implement in a clinical setting, and the general population can use at home to help prevent the spread of COVID-19.

Dr. Saraiva's contribution to the research looks at the COVID-19 pandemic from a global perspective as the symptoms are linked with individual genetic backgrounds as well as environmental factors. As the leading Qatari institution in Precision Medicine, Sidra Medicine hopes to collaborate with other global organizations such as GCCR to discover more about COVID-19.

Written by Jiwon Seo

Validation of a Pathogenic Variant of Bruton's Tyrosine Kinase (BTK) gene in X-Linked Agammaglobulinemia (XLA)

As one of the leading academic medical centers in Qatar, Sidra Medicine promotes tight integration between clinicians and researchers in ongoing Precision Medicine-related studies. This research was no exception. **Dr. Mehdi Adeli**, Division Chief of Pediatric Allergy and Immunology astutely identified a patient with a BTK variant of uncertain significance and collaborated with **Dr. Bernice Lo** and her team of researchers for further investigation to determine functional impact of the variant.

"Sidra Medicine provides the optimal environment for Precision Medicine by combining clinical teams that are experts in looking at the phenotype and researchers who can conduct the necessary experiments. Sidra Medicine is supportive to clinicians and researchers in working together to find the best way to help the children," said Dr. Adeli.

X-linked agammaglobulinemia, also known as XLA is a rare inherited immunodeficiency disease caused by BTK gene mutations compromising the person's natural ability to fight off infections. While it is mostly males who are affected, the disease can also affect a female minority.

Children with XLA are usually healthy for the first 1 or 2 months as their bodies are protected by antibodies acquired before birth from their mother. A child with XLA cannot make antibodies to defend against bacterial and viral infections. Most XLA-related infections occur in the middle ear, sinuses, and lungs.

A fully Sidra Medicine-funded research study involving Dr. Adeli along with Dr. Lo and her team confirmed the link between a specific variant of the BTK gene and XLA, resulting in a recently published article, "X-Linked Agammaglobulinemia Case with TH Domain Missense Mutation in Bruton Tyrosine Kinase."

Dr. Adeli's patient was a three-year-old male patient with a history of pseudomonas (a type of germ) infections at 1 year of age and had a mutation in the BTK gene. The gene was passed down from his mother, indicating that she was a carrier. The variant found in the patient was originally categorized as a "variant of uncertain significance" which meant that genetic data alone was insufficient to declare the variant as pathogenic. The researchers decided to conduct flow cytometry staining to determine BTK protein expression. The result showed that the patient had a BTK deficiency and that the mother had some cells that exhibited normal BTK expression and some cells with deficient BTK expression, similar to her son. Together, these findings provided functional evidence that the variant was pathogenic.

Functional evidence is essential to determine the pathogenicity of a variant of uncertain significance. Clarifying the pathogenicity of the variant will help future pediatric patients who carry the same variant get prompt and proper treatment.

"Having a precise or definitive diagnosis means that the patient can be treated immediately with the proper therapy for this particular disease and prevent the patient from developing any worse complications," said Dr. Lo.

Primary immunodeficiency diseases (PID) are not rare in children in Qatar as there is an estimated prevalence of 4.7 PID patients per 100,000 children younger than 14 years of age whereas it is estimated to be 1.1 per 100,000 children younger than 19 in Asia. A scientific study published in 2013 outlines that 23.7% of 131 patients had antibody deficiency, making it the most common type of PID in Qatar. Hence, Sidra Medicine is one of the few national institutions at the forefront in raising awareness of these diseases.

## Sidra Medicine Clinicians Conduct Breakthrough Research with In-house Resources



From being the first to study the molecular epidemiology of a group of highly resistant bacteria in the Gulf region to examining the impact of school closures during COVID-19 on the spread of influenza, clinicians and researchers at Sidra Medicine are collaborating to make breakthroughs in research on public health issues while solely using the resources made available by the institution. New diagnostic techniques studied identify an infection within an hour, compared to the two to three days taken by conventional methods, and also indicate whether the pathogen is resistant to an antibiotic or not.

"Sidra Medicine's vision is to be a beacon of knowledge," said **Dr. Andres Lopez**, senior attending physician in Microbiology. "We are here not only for Qatar but also for the entire region." Clinicians have received grants from Sidra Medicine's Internal Research Fund and utilized solely on-site resources, staff, and patients.

In 2018, Sidra Medicine awarded an Internal Research Fund grant to Dr. Lopez to study extended-spectrum beta-lactamases, enzymes found in some bacteria strains that make them harder to treat. In Qatar and the Arabian Gulf region, these bacteria's resistance mechanisms pose a significant threat to the population and cannot be killed with commonly prescribed antibiotics. Although the study focused on Qatar's pediatric population, its results could be applied to people in other GCC countries because of similar demographics and the high prevalence of the infection here, according to Dr. Lopez.

Following the outbreak of COVID-19, another Internal Research Fund grant enabled Dr. Lopez to study how school closures meant to curb the virus would also reduce the transmission of influenza A. Dr. Lopez and his team were the first to produce such a report globally. Moreover, this phenomenon was later documented by other countries during the pandemic.

Diagnosis mechanisms developed in Dr. Lopez's studies emphasize the use of Precision Medicine to tailor to patients' specific genetic makeup. Research department facilities have especially helped with this process. In the case of life-threatening bloodstream infections like sepsis, the rapid diagnostic techniques being studied and implemented could save a patient's life through Precision Medicine by prescribing the best possible antibiotic in time.

Alongside the internal funding and resources, Sidra Medicine's patient pool is large and varied, leading to reliable results. "The diversity of the ex-pat population in Qatar allows us to embrace and to study several possible variants," said Dr. Lopez.

The participation of Sidra Medicine patients enables clinicians to understand their characteristics better and, therefore, enhance the patient experience here. "This [research] gives you better information about your patient population and that is important for their management," said Dr. Mohammad Rubayet Hasan, clinical molecular microbiologist at Sidra and a co-author on Dr. Lopez's papers.

Dr. Lopez is continuing to work with other clinicians and researchers with 100% in-house resources to conduct leading research on the region's public health, especially for women and children.

Written by Areesha Lodhi





## **GRANTS AND COLLABORATIONS**

## 12 total grants from Qatar National Research Fund (QNRF) and other external funds were awarded in the last 18 months

## Totaling QR 7.3 M

#### **BREAKDOWN OF GRANT APPLICATIONS IN THE LAST 18 MONTHS**

2020 Grants Applications	Submitted	Awarded
National Priorities Research Program (NPRP-13S)	24	6
National Priorities Research Program (NPRP-13C)	2	0
Path towards Precision Medicine Call (PPM04)	12	2



2021 Grants Applications	Submitted	Awarded
National Priorities Research Program (NPRP-14S)	7	tba
NPRP – Blue Skies Research Award (BSRA)	3	tba
Path towards Precision Medicine Call (PPM05)	8	tba
Equine Research Call	1	tba
Rapid Response Call (RRC) Covid-19 cycle 2	1	0
Graduate Sponsorship Research Award (GSRA8)	4	1
Graduate Sponsorship Research Award (GSRA8+)	2	1
Postdoctoral Research Award (PDRA7)	3	2
Early Career Researcher Award (ECRA3)	1	0
High School Research Experience Program (HSREP3)	1	1
Conference and Workshop Sponsorship Program (CWSP20)	1	1
Conference and Workshop Sponsorship Program (CWSP21)	2	tba
Researchers Exchange and Mobility Program (REMP3)	2	1
Global Grants for Gut Health	1	tba
CONquer canCER Now Grants	1	tba
Gilead Research Scholars in Liver Disease	1	tba
Phizer Quality Improvement grants	1	tba
Reimagine Biomedical Research for a Healthier Future	1	tba
SOLVE-RD – Solving the Unsolved Rare Diseases	1	1
Amryt IIS Award	1	1



**Asma Al Sulaiti**, Research Specialist in the Laboratory of Immune Biological Therapy recently completed her master's degree from Qatar University in MSC in Biological Medical Sciences.

#### Reem Ahmadmojahid Hasnah, research specialist in the Laboratory

of Neurometabolism and Functional Genomics recently completed her master's degree from Hamad bin Khalifa University in MS in Biological and Biomedical Sciences.



Alya Alawi Al-Kurbi, Research Specialist in the Laboratory of Genomic Medicine recently completed her master's degree from Hamad bin Khalifa University in MS in Biological and Biomedical Sciences.

#### Khalid Jabir Al-Lakhen from

Laboratory of Immunoregulation recently completed his master's degree from University at Albany in Molecular, Cellular, Developmental and Neural Biology (MCDN).



## Top Ten Original Publications

**Humans** with inherited T cell CD28 deficiency are susceptible to skin papillomaviruses but are otherwise healthy

#### **AUTHORS**

Tanwir Habib. Andrea Guennoun, Taushif Khan, Mahbuba Rahman, Fatima Al Ali, Manar Ata, Nico Marr

JOURNAL **CELL** 

Inherited PD-1 deficiency underlies tuberculosis and autoimmunity in a child

#### **AUTHORS**

Taushif Khan, Fatima Al Ali, Mahbuba Rahman, Nico Marr

JOURNAL NATURE MEDICINE Fasting-mimicking diet is safe and reshapes metabolism and antitumor immunity in cancer patients

#### **AUTHORS**

Darawan Rinchai, Davide Bedognetti

JOURNAL CANCER DISCOVERY Germline genetic contribution to the immune landscape of cancer

#### **AUTHORS**

Wouter Hendrickx, Jessica Roelands. Younes Mokrab. Najeeb Syed, Davide Bedognetti

JOURNAL **IMMUNITY** 

X-linked recessive TLR7 deficiency in ~1% of men under 60 years old with lifethreatening COVID-19

#### **AUTHORS**

Nico Marr, Manar Ata, Fatima Al Ali, Taushif Khan

JOURNAL SCIENCE **IMMUNOLOGY**  **2D MXenes with** antiviral and immunomodulatory properties: a pilot study against SARS-CoV-2

#### **AUTHORS**

Laura Fusco, Jean-Charles Grivel, Davide Bedognetti

JOURNAL NANO TODAY **Biallelic** variants in SLC38A3 encoding a glutamine transporter cause epileptic encephalopathy

#### **AUTHORS**

Aljazi Al-Maraghi, Khalid A Fakhro

JOURNAL BRAIN

Development of a fixed module repertoire for the analysis and interpretation of blood transcriptome data

#### AUTHORS

Darawan Rinchai. Mohammed Toufig, Mathieu Garand, Basirudeen Syed Ahamed Kabeer, Mohamed Alfaki Davide Bedognetti, Damien Chaussabel

JOURNAL NATURE COMMUNICATIONS

Thousands of Qatari genomes inform human migration history and improve imputation of Arab haplotypes

#### **AUTHORS**

QGP Research Consortium, Elbay Aliyev, Sara Tomei, Stephan Lorenz, Wei Liu, Najeeb Syed, Ramzi Temanni, Tariq Abu Saqri, Tariq Abu Zaid, Tushar Pathare, Shafeeg Poolat, Rashid Al-Ali. Souhaila Al-Khodor, Xavier Estivill, Khalid A Fakhro, Younes Mokrab. Jithesh V Puthen, Zohreh Tatari

JOURNAL NATURE COMMUNICATIONS Inherited human c-Rel deficiency disrupts myeloid and lymphoid immunity to multiple infectious agents

#### **AUTHORS**

Tanwir Habib Luis R Saraiva, Eman A Moussa, Andrea Guennoun, Nico Marr

JOURNAL **JOURNAL** OF CLINICAL INVESTIGATION



## Sidra Medicine Publications on Journal Covers

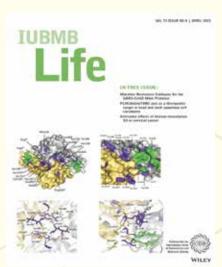
#### **Dr. Bernice Lo**

Dr. Bernice and her team on the journal cover of Cellular and Molecular Gastroenterology and Hepatology for their study on Human AGR2 Deficiency Causes Mucus Barrier Dysfunction and Infantile Inflammatory Bowel Disease.



#### Dr. Navaneethakrishnan Krishnamoorthy

Dr. Navaneethakrishnan Krishnamoorthy and Dr. Khalid Fakhro on the journal cover of IUBMB Life for identifying mutation "coldspots" in the #SARSCoV2 main protease.



#### **Dr. Nico Marr**

Dr. Nico Marr and his team on the cover of JCI Insight for a comprehensive analysis of antibody responses in children and adults to the four endemic human coronaviruses.



### **Qatar's First Diabetes** Mellitus Database

There are 1.1 million children and adolescents living with type 1 diabetes, according to the International Diabetes Federation Diabetes Atlas 9th edition

Diabetes mellitus is a disorder in which the body does not produce enough or respond normally to insulin, causing blood sugar (glucose) levels to rise and is classified into different types based on pathogenesis. The different types include type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes, neonatal diabetes mellitus (NDM), maturity-onset diabetes of the young (MODY), syndromic forms of diabetes mellitus and some yet unclassified forms of diabetes mellitus.

The Middle East and North Africa (MENA region) has one of the highest cases of childhood diabetes mellitus in the world. The number of children with type 1 diabetes is estimated to be 60,700 with 10,200 newly diagnosed each year.

Much of diabetes studies in the MENA region, including Qatar, are only retrospective reports, case studies with very few prospective studies and some questionnaire-based studies and not enough data on epidemiology, genetic and molecular mechanisms of the disorder. Qatar considers diabetes mellitus as one of its major health concerns due to changes in lifestyle and dietary habits.

To collect data on epidemiology, genetic and molecular mechanisms on children and adolescent patients with diabetes mellitus, Dr. Khalid Hussain's clinical research team at Sidra Medicine successfully compiled and analyzed data in a report funded by Qatar National Research Fund: "Epidemiology, genetic landscape and



classification of childhood diabetes mellitus in the State of Qatar."

Every diabetes mellitus patient aged 0-18 years was recruited from 2018-2020. Sidra Medicine is the only childhood diabetes center in Qatar, hence all children with diabetes mellitus were referred there, allowing to capture all children diagnosed with diabetes mellitus in the present study.

The results from the study show that there are 1,325 children diagnosed with diabetes mellitus in Qatar. Among the pediatric patients, type 1 diabetes was the most common diabetes among children with 83%. As for the ethnicity among children with diabetes mellitus, Qatari population recorded the highest incidence with 51.59%.

The collected data is a major contribution to Precision Medicine as clinicians and researchers have accurate data on people with diabetes in Qatar to allow implementation of present and future therapies for all different types of childhood diabetes. As Sidra Medicine is an academic medical center, collaboration between clinicians and researchers opens doors to further studies that help develop strategies for managing different types of diabetes.

Every medical care is given to patients with the goal of complete recovery. However, clinicians at Sidra Medicine also ensure that quality of life of patients is not impaired while being treated. Ongoing studies that tailor to patients' needs allow continued improvements in present and future patient care.

Written by Jiwon Seo



## **EVENTS/HIGHLIGHTS**

## Al Jazeera Arabic's "Book of Life," about Sidra Medicine and our QF partner's role in advancing Qatar's Precision Medicine Program

What if we are able to read the human body with more accuracy? What if we are able to prepare ourselves to withstand new epidemics? What if we are able to tailormake healthcare treatments that will prevent our children, our parents, our families and friends from running pillar to post looking for answers to their health problems?

In an attempt to answer these questions, Qatar Foundation (QF) teamed up with Al Jazeera to produce a documentary on precision medicine titled The Book of Life—Precision Medicine, which showcases QF's efforts and investments in this area, which is said to be the future of healthcare.

Precision medicine is an approach for disease treatment that factors in individual differences in genes, environment, and lifestyle for each person. Why do some people react differently to certain drugs, or why are some people becoming severely ill with SARS-CoV-2 whereas others are showing no symptoms—these are questions precision medicine seeks to answer, thereby offering accurate diagnosis and effective treatment.

"Precision medicine is to provide medical care to a person based on their genetic make-up. Different treatment options are to be provided—whether diagnostic, therapeutic, or preventive—based on the individual person's genetic composition. The time of 'one size fits all' will become history," Dr. Said Ismail, Director of Qatar Genome Programme (QGP), a member of Qatar Foundation Research, Development and Innovation, said.

Despite significant scientific advances in the field of medicine, unknown problematic areas continue exist and baffle doctors. One such example is that of baby Shereen. At only five months, she began to fall ill with severe chest infections. She was given a host of medicines, including antibiotics, and put on oxygen and even given sedatives, but her little body was just not responding to any of those treatments. Her condition kept deteriorating until she reached a stage where she couldn't breathe on her own and had to be put on a ventilator.

As the baby kept fighting for her life, she was referred to QF's Sidra Medicine. Here, doctors ran some tests, including some genetic tests, and it was discovered that the baby had a defect in a specific gene which affected her immunity. This was enough for the doctors to give her the precise treatment for her condition.

Baby Shereen has been on a road to recovery since.

Genomics technology is one of the most prominent techniques that help achieve the mission of precision medicine, according to Dr. Khalid Fakhro, Acting Chief Research Officer at Sidra Medicine and the Director of the Precision Medicine program at the healthcare center. "What distinguishes precision medicine from traditional medicine is the availability of appropriate technologies to diagnose the disease at a molecular level."

Precision medicine not only contributes to the treatment of diseases, it has also played a vital role in exploring the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, and to help reduce its spread.

Dr. Hamdi Mbarek, Scientific and Industry Partnerships Manager, QGP, said: "COVID-19 is now of paramount importance in our scientific research at QGP, where we are supporting State efforts in reducing the spread of this virus by conducting research and developing innovations to understand the human genome in explaining the risks and susceptibility of being infected with COVID-19."

Genomics and its applications in the field of precision medicine is making great strides in Qatar. Precision medicine has been identified as one of the national priorities—an aspect that will be critical in shaping the future of humanity.



## Sidra Medicine leads research study, in collaboration with HBKU's Qatar Computing Research Institute & University of California San Francisco, representing a significant step toward personalized cancer immunotherapeutic approaches

Sidra Medicine and Qatar Computing Research Institute (QCRI) at Hamad Bin Khalifa University (HBKU), Qatar Foundation, led a research study with the University of California San Francisco (UCSF) that represents a significant step toward personalized cancer immunotherapeutic approaches.

The international team of cancer immunologists, computational scientists, oncologists, biologists, and geneticists found that pre-existing anti-cancer immunity depends heavily on a patient's genetic background. As such, certain genetic variants that make each of us unique can also influence the way the immune system fights tumors. Immunotherapy, a therapeutic approach based on boosting the immune system, has changed the way cancer is treated, yet only a minority of patients respond to the treatment.

The groundbreaking research study, published in Immunity (CellPress), one of the top scientific journals worldwide, answers a critical question that has been facing scientists over the past ten years. That is, why some patients develop a spontaneous, yet partial, anti-cancer immunity that makes them more likely to respond to immunotherapy and whether this response is caused by genetic variation in the DNA of the patients.

Dr. Davide Bedognetti, Director of the Cancer Research Department at Sidra Medicine and Adjunct Associate Professor at the College of Health and Life Sciences at HBKU, with Dr. Elad Ziv, Professor of Medicine at UCSF, led the research team as co-senior authors. QCRI's Dr. Mohamad Saad and UCSF's Dr. Rosalyn Sayaman, co-first authors, werethe lead computational scientists, with other team members from Sidra Medicine including Dr. Wouter Hendrickx Jessica Roelands, Dr. Younes Mokrab and Najeeb Syed. The immunogenomic analytic approach used in the study to dissect tumor-host interplay was also implemented as a part of one Qatar National Research Fund's National Priorities Research Program project.

The new joint research holds significant potential for further achievements. Future studies will determine whether a combined "immunogenetic score" can detect patients more likely to benefit from specific immunotherapies, for a truly personalized approach.

Dr. Davide Bedognetti said: "Translating fındings into clinical practice to develop personalized immunotherapeutic approaches accounting for patients' genetic fingerprints represents the next challenge. We are now characterizing pediatric cancer patients genetically and immunologically to expand immunotherapy to this population."

Commenting on how the study has highlighted the role of computational analysis in tackling major diseases, Dr. Mohamad Saad said: "We analyzed a set of around 9,000 patients with 30 different cancer types. As the amount and type of data will grow exponentially due to technological advances, machine learning and artificial intelligence methods will be needed to understand them and extract clinically relevant information."



## Research team led by Dr. Souhaila Al Khodor developed the first salivary microbiome composition of the Qatari population. Another great program that supports our personalised preventative medicine program



What our saliva does for us is not always appreciated. As well as helping us digest our food, saliva carries information about the physiological state of the body. This means real-time monitoring of salivary data can provide useful translational clinical applications for detecting various diseases.

The shift toward personalized, or precision, medicine can be propelled by advances in diagnostic tools. One of these is saliva diagnostics. Utilizing saliva to identify and measure biomarkers has the potential to enable highly individualized diagnosis, prognosis and treatment.

"Saliva acts as a mirror for the body's health," says Dr. Souhaila Al Khodor, Director of the Maternal and Child Health Program in the Research Department at Qatar Foundation (QF) member Sidra Medicine—a women's and children's hospital that has precision medicine built into its core pillars of patient care, research and medical education.

Saliva is composed of RNA, DNA, proteins, electrolytes, metabolites, and microbiota. Variation in either of these components can indicate a change in the health of an individual. The salivary microbiome not only differs from disease to disease, but it also changes based on ethnicity. This is partly due to differences in genetics, diet and environmental factors.

The degree of variation in the salivary biome at a population level has not been studied extensively, and the few studies that do exist do not take into account the Arab population or Qatari population.

Now Dr. Al Khodor's group has successfully reported the first-ever salivary microbiome composition in the Qatari population, using data from 1,000 individuals participating in the Qatar Genome Programme (QGP). "If data representing Arabs is missing, the first responsibility to fill that gap lies with us as Arab scientists."

To advance the field of saliva diagnostics, it is vital to create a comprehensive database of biomarkers that signal the presence of a disorder in saliva. Once fully catalogued, changes in biomarker levels can play a key role in maintaining well-being and early detection of diseases.

Bodily fluids like blood and urine have been used in diagnostics for decades, but there are reasons why scientists are now turning to saliva as well. "Saliva is one of the most ideal diagnostic tools," says Dr. Al Khodor. "It is inexpensive, noninvasive, and easy to handle. More importantly, minimal patient discomfort makes it a favorable choice over other bodily fluids.

Given their speed and cost effectiveness, salivary-based diagnostic techniques can potentially allow screening of an entire population for a specific disease in a timely fashion. Validated salivary biomarkers combined with powerful detection tools have the potential to open a new innovative frontier in personalized healthcare. In the future, salivary tests may pave the way for chair-side diagnosis of multiple diseases, allowing real-time health monitoring, leading to personalized preventative medicine.



## **Leading Genomics Prediction** Strategies for Health Complications Resulting from Type 2 Diabetes

"Had we detected the disease earlier, we would have been able to prevent such serious consequences." This is the comment patients have had to hear all too often. At Sidra Medicine, however, researchers and clinicians are helping do just that. They are working together to prevent serious consequences for the most prevalent disease in Qatar—diabetes.

A prediction model called 'polygenic risk scores' is becoming popular around the world for assessing the risk of several complex diseases through whole genome sequencing. For the first time, this approach is being used to assess the risk of severe health complications, such as cardiovascular diseases and kidney failure, in Qatari patients with type 2 diabetes, said Dr. Ammira Akil, the Lead Principal Investigator of this research project and the Translational Genomics of Diabetes research team leader at Sidra Medicine. The study is being funded by Qatar National Research Fund and another local partners and is in collaboration with Weill Cornell Medicine in Qatar, Montreal University and Centre of Genomics and Policy at McGill University in Canada.

"Pioneering such studies has great advantage, such as opening the proverbial door for more investigations of this kind," said Dr. Akil, adding that this will place Sidra Medicine as a leader in genomic prediction of type 2 diabetes complications.

This prediction model is novel because of how it can detect patients at high risk, in whom early interventions would be most beneficial, much earlier than traditional approaches can, according to Dr. Akil.

Due to the polygenic risk scores' specificity of looking at the risk of any individual, the study will greatly enhance the process of treating diabetic patients through Precision Medicine, particularly Precision Prevention, at Sidra Medicine. "If that risk score identifies individuals who will have a rapid progression of diabetes and its complications, then that enables early intervention to limit the severity of complications," said Dr. Shahrad Taheri, professor of medicine at Weill Cornell Qatar and a clinical investigator on the study.

The formation of the polygenic risk scores model for this study is made possible by genome sequencing through highperformance computing clusters housed at Sidra Medicine, according to Dr. Ikhlak Ahmed, the project's bioinformatician at Sidra Medicine's research department.

Severe health complications can be the costliest part of diabetes, according to Dr. Taheri. Dialysis due to kidney failure, for example, can cost about \$ 30,000 a year. "If you take that into account with about 20% of the population, so it can be very expensive," he said.

With a novel approaches and advanced technologies, researchers at Sidra Medicine are tackling severe outcomes of Qatar's most prevalent disease at their core. This innovative form of Precision Medicine may reduce the burden on hospitals around the country such as Sidra Medicine in the years to come.

#### Written by Areesha Lodhi



Researchers at Sidra Medicine have identified spots within the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV2 that do not mutate; paving the way for future vaccine design that can address variants of the virus

Mutations in the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV2 are a major concern as they might lead to drug or vaccine resistance. Although most mutations may be detrimental to the virus's function, some will confer a significant advantage to the virus, helping it propagate and spread more rapidly. Many people infected with COVID-19, experience symptoms such as sneezing, which can lead to the virus spreading more widely.

In COVID-19, the SARS-CoV2 virus mutates about twice a month, almost half the common influenza virus's rate. Despite the reduced level of activity, tens of thousands of mutations continue to be documented, some of which lead to 'strains' or 'variants' that spread more aggressively in humans and result in hospitalization.

Dr. Navaneeth Krishnamoorthy, a molecular biochemist along with Dr. Khalid Fakhro, Chief Research Officer at Sidra Medicine, developed models of mutations in the main protein of the COVID-19 virus. The project is part of Sidra Medicine's Precision Medicine Program aimed at addressing questions related to what spots (sites) of the COVID-19 virus do not mutate and whether it is possible to map them and use them to guide vaccine design.

Dr. Navaneeth Krishnamoorthy, Molecular Biochemist at Sidra Medicine said: "It was fundamental that we addressed the question around mutation free spots, because genetic theory suggests that these spots are mostly conserved due to mutations that would be highly detrimental to the virus itself, i.e., they need to be conserved to ensure the virus can function properly."

Dr. Khalid Fakhro, Chief Research Officer at Sidra Medicine said: "New mutations are bad in two ways, firstly, the virus may become more harmful and more efficient at invading its host and spreading, like the prevalent variants in the UK and South Africa. Second, the virus may change the shape of the site recognized by antibodies, thereby enabling the virus to evade the human immune response and continue spreading even in vaccinated individuals."



Dr. Krishnamoorthy and Dr. Fakhro spent several months analyzing more than 19,000 mutations circulating worldwide in the SARS-CoV2 main viral protein (protease) to map the mutation 'coldspots'. They successfully identified a map of mutation 'coldspots' and concluded that these are ideal sites for targeting the coronavirus. Their findings were published by the international union of biochemistry and molecular biology (IUBMB), in their flagship journal, Life, giving it full attention on the April 2021 cover page.

Dr. Krishnamoorthy continued: "It is a futuristic approach because we found conserved regional patterns (among the coronavirus family) near the mutation-free spots that can be targeted effectively now and in the future when similar viruses emerge. The identification and short list of these coldspots offers a new perspective to target the SARS-CoV2 while avoiding mutation-based drug resistance. The study pinpointed optimum target sites and opened new avenues for the design of mutation-free antivirals. This important work is as timely as it is valuable, as major countries around the world are releasing and trialing vaccines and drugs or are in the process of approving anti-COVID-19 agents."

Dr. Fakhro concluded: "The fight against COVID-19 is constantly evolving. To resolve this global healthcare challenge in such critical times, we have to understand the viral defense mechanism of such mutations; our findings further this understanding and align with Sidra Medicine's ambition to deliver precision medicine."

### QF's Sidra Medicine research to help develop targeted therapies for childhood cancers

Precision medicine is an emerging healthcare treatment approach that offers personalized care, and is set to play a major role in the future of healthcare, particularly in complex diseases like cancer. The establishment of Sidra Medicine's pediatric cancer biorepository to develop personalized cancer therapies for pediatric patients is a big step towards this.

By tailoring treatment to fit each child, the focus will shift from treating a category that the child fits in, to treating the child's individual cancer in a very precise way. This approach will also ensure no child is being exposed to more chemotherapy or radiation therapy than is necessary thereby minimizing any side effects and toxicity.

Dr. William Mifsud, Attending Physician at Qatar Foundation's Sidra Medicine's Anatomic Pathology division, explains some studies have shown that particular chemotherapeutic agents can have an impact on cardiac function. "Through tailoring treatment, we want to strictly limit exposure of a child to such drugs to precisely the amount that is needed so we don't just treat the child but do so with minimal effect to their quality of life." In order to provide such tailored healthcare treatment, research begins at the biorepository.

"A biorepository is a place where biological samples are collected, processed and stored to support scientific research," said Dr. Wouter Hendrickx, Principal Investigator (PI) of the Pediatric Cancer Omics Lab at Sidra Medicine.

Every sample that goes into the biorepository will be an investment towards better pediatric cancer care. Analyzing diseased tumor tissue will allow researchers improved biological understanding of how pediatric cancers operate, including why some cancers respond or don't respond to a particular drug, or why some tumors grow much faster than others and why some recur.



Dr. Hendrickx explains that the idea to establish a national pediatric cancer biorepository was born three years ago when Sidra Medicine was recognized as the only center for pediatric Oncology in the country by the National Cancer Program in Qatar.

As pediatric cancer cases from all over the country were transferred to Sidra Medicine, the general consensus among the medical community was that this was a great opportunity to set up a number of research projects focused specifically on pediatric cancers, particularly with the aim of developing more personalized medicine for children with cancer in Qatar.

The lack of a local pediatric cancer biobank was one of the biggest hurdles to doing proper research on childhood cancers; it is noteworthy that Sidra Medicine has been able to change that with the establishment of the pediatric cancer biorepository.

The pediatric cancer biorepository is offering a chance at having an improved understanding of pediatric cancer specifically among Arab populations, and thereby bridging the gap between clinical research and effective cancer care.

### Qatar's Sidra Medicine: An oasis of science in the Middle East

More than 25 years ago, Her Highness Sheikha Moza bint Nasser had a vision: to transform Qatar from a mere oil- and natural gas-rich desert state into an oasis of knowledge. This vision was realized in 1995 through the establishment of the Qatar Foundation for Education, Science and Community Development. Fast forward to 2021, and Qatar's capital city Doha now boasts a vibrant intellectual community nurtured by the Qatar Foundation, replete with world-class universities, biomedical research centers, a women's and children's hospital, and more, all within walking distance.

"In terms of clinical expertise, we have a Who's Who across disciplines," explains Khalid Fakhro, Ph.D., Chief Research Officer at Sidra Medicine. "That creates a community, a knowledge economy, that builds sustainability for academic medicine in this region."

Sidra Medicine, whose campus is in the heart of Doha's Education City, is also a brainchild of that initial Qatar Foundation vision. Her Highness had always wanted a women's and children's hospital modeled after the leading centers around the world. Built with a vision emphasizing genomics and precision medicine in the treatment of pediatric cancers and rare diseases, it is now the country's largest tertiary care hospital for children and young people.

"We've come a long way in a short time, and for those interested in doing gene discovery and biomedical research in a Middle Eastern context, and investigating patients from this part of the world, Sidra Medicine is the place to be," says Fakhro.

#### Three research pillars

Sidra Medicine was built from the ground up to integrate clinical, educational, and research aspects found at leading academic medical centers. Its research strategy stands on three pillars: patient biorepositories, advanced diagnostics, and personalized therapies.

When a pediatric cancer patient is referred to Sidra Medicine, their biopsy sample is exhaustively analyzed across different genomic and proteomic platforms, with the remainder safely stored for future examination. "Being basically the only center that treats pediatric cancer in the country means that you have perfect data. We have integrated genomic data,

anatomical data, and pathological data, all in an electronic format," explains Davide Bedognetti, M.D., Ph.D., director of the cancer research program.

For children with aggressive disease—whose tumors are relapsed or resistant to therapy—"we have an expedited clinical research pipeline in which we use whole-genome sequencing, whole-exome sequencing, RNA sequencing, and methylomics, to potentially discover targetable alterations," explains Bedognetti. "This information can be used to determine whether a patient might be eligible for a suitable drug that already exists."

#### A case in point

"We don't just sequence the patient's genomes and identify mutations. We want to study the function of the genes so that we know what we can do for the patient," says Bernice Lo, Ph.D., a principal investigator studying immune dysregulation in children.

When two siblings with severe autoimmune disease were not being helped by traditional immunosuppressive therapies, their genomes were sequenced and found to have mutations in the LRBA gene. Lo's previous work had identified LRBA as a regulator of an important immune inhibitory molecule, CTL A4 (1), and abatacept—a CTL A4 mimic—was shown in the lab to compensate for the defective LRBA. Dr. Amel Hassan, Senior Attending Physician in Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, treated the patients with a personalized treatment regimen using abatacept, which resulted in significant improvements in their clinical condition, including reduced inflammation, fewer gut symptoms, and significant weight gain.

"By combining the clinical and molecular details, we can help clinicians decide on the proper treatment," Lo says. "The very tight integration between a clinic and research means that you can go from the important clinical questions to the bench, and then back to the bedside."

#### Consanguinity

Sidra Medicine plays an important collaborative role in Qatar's national genome program, which is driven by another Qatar Foundation entity, the Qatar Genome Programme (QGP).



QGP provides sequencing for Qatari citizens and longterm residents (consented through partner biomedical institutes) to empower research studies into precision population health. The national reference genome lab and bioinformatics infrastructure supporting this ambitious vision are housed at Sidra Medicine.

Sidra Medicine's services are also on offer to other pediatric patients in the region. "When you look at the vastness of the greater Middle East and North Africa region, we have so much diversity here that has been underrepresented in global databases," Fakhro explains. Sidra Medicine is trying to remedy that by sequencing genomes, conducting and hosting clinical trials, and sharing data. "We are doing things in a localized context, but also serving our populations, our diaspora, and the rest of the world in the process."

There is also elevated consanguinity—shared genetic history—in the Arab population, which might favor the accumulation of homozygous recessive single-gene defects (two copies of the same unique recessive allele) that could lead to rare and often debilitating disorders. This creates opportunities for novel gene discovery, as consanguinity enables easier identification of these mutations. "In many cases, discovery of these genes sheds light on novel biological pathways that can be targeted by drugs or small molecules," says Fakhro.

#### Cancer and the immune system

Cancer is the leading cause of childhood death by disease. Sidra Medicine is interested not only in how a tumor evolves, but also in how the immune system interacts with the tumor cells. "We know very little about the role of the immune system in controlling or promoting tumors in children," says Bedognetti. "Cancer immunotherapy has revolutionized the treatment of tumors in adults. But it's still in its infancy when it comes to pediatric tumors."

In research published in February 2021 in Immunity, Bedognetti and an international team, together with Elad Ziv, demonstrated that pre-existing anticancer immunity depends heavily on a patient's genetic background (2). "We analyzed the relationship between 11 million patient DNA germline variants from The Cancer Genome Atlas and the intensity of the immune response against the tumor," he relates. "About 25% of the immunologic parameters assessed, including those associated with responsiveness to immunotherapy, were influenced by the hosts' genetics. This understanding, and the identification of potential causal genes, may lead to more personalized immune therapies," says Bedognetti.

#### **Open for Business**

Sidra Medicine is at an inflection point. Their Advanced Cell Therapy Core will soon boast a good manufacturing practice (GMP)-grade facility, enabling them to manufacture cell and gene therapies for their patients. It's also an important first step toward developing novel experimental drugs, biological products, and advanced therapies to foster new cures for diseases affecting the Qatari population, points out Fakhro. In addition, he says, "a company or institution can run its entire clinical trial here in a highly localized context."

Sidra Medicine welcomes collaboration, particularly with industry, and is seeking exceptional faculty and postdocs. As Fakhro puts it, "Here's an academic medical center sitting in the Middle East that has Middle Eastern phenotypes and genotypes. We have exceptional physicians, cutting-edge technologies, standard operating procedures, and resident experts across many multidisciplinary fields under the wider Qatar Foundation umbrella. There is always room for more innovation and advancement, especially in the growing field of precision medicine."

#### References

- 1. B. Lo et al., Science 349, 436 440 (2015).
- 2. R. W. Sayaman et al., Immunity54, 367–386 (2021).

## Italian Embassy Visits Sidra Medicine: Italian Research Day



On April 15 we celebrated Italian Research Day in collaboration with the Italian Embassy in Doha to promote excellence in scientific sectors. Innovation, competitiveness and research into technologies respondent to the needs of citizens. The campaign was to promote the growing number of collaborations and projects contributing to consolidate Qatar-Italy scientific relations. The Sidra Medicine Research team, which includes more than 35 different nationalities, is actively engaged in precision medicine, from improved diagnostics of rare genetic diseases to cancer research and new therapies, aiming to boost patients' immune responses through innovative approaches in personalised medicine.



## Carnegie Mellon University Qatar - Career Day



Carnegie Mellon University Qatar

Sidra Medicine participated in Carnegie Mellon University Qatar's (CMU-Q) Professional Services Career Day, providing its students with a unique opportunity to network and meet with leading professional services companies. The Career Development Office (CDO) is dedicated to connecting well-prepared, knowledgeable and enthusiastic students with potential employers. CDO is a bridge for students who are moving into the professional world, ensuring they have the workplace skills that complement their first-class Carnegie Mellon education. The Career Development Office opens the channels of communication so employers see the quality of CMU graduates, and students gain real-world experience.

### Precision Medicine and Functional Genomics Conference PMFG 2021



Sidra Medicine hosted the sixth edition of our flagship conference on precision medicine this year. It was hosted in Oatar, but was streamed worldwide with over 500 attendees from all over the world. The conference was led by a distinguished panel of Qatar-based subject-matter experts and institutional leaders. The conference concluded with the state of Precision Medicine in Qatar and the hope for the future. Opening remarks were given by Dr. Khalid Fakhro, Chief Research Officer; Dr. Ammira Akil, and Dr. Younes Mokrab, organising chairs.

The three-day conference dived into a deeper understanding of the themes of Genomic Medicine and Precision Care in Maternal and Child Health as well as Advances in Innovative Therapies provided by a host of eminent scientists and physicians, all leaders in their discipline.

Precision medicine is data and knowledge-driven, and a critical new tool in the fight against pediatric disorders. The Sidra Medicine Precision medicine program supports innovative pediatric genomic research that will yield lifesaving therapeutic options.

Medicine has been witnessing a drastic transformation to harness the huge amounts of data that is being obtained on patients and their genomes worldwide. Having in mind the goal of helping catalyze such endeavor in the Arab and Middle Eastern region, in this year's PMFG21, some of the world's best experts and pioneers were gathered to talk about how data resources have been enabling genomic medicine, the impact of large sequencing consortia as well as the latest developments for genome and phenome actionability for healthcare.

A key message was that to improve outcomes of fertility, it is important to understand pre-implantation genetics, and that precision medicine starts as early as in-utero. Outstanding speakers shared their insights and examples of the translational and clinical application of precision medicine on multiple types of diseases.

This year PMFG2021 comprised an exciting program with the participation of outstanding speakers, both international and from the region. Sidra Medicine is a leading model for precision medicine in the region, and the scientific knowledge gained through the conference will help to converge the efforts into this goal.

The PMFG Chairs also thanked the conference partners— Hamad Bin Khalifa University, Hamad Medical Corporation, Qatar Biobank, Qatar Cancer Society, Qatar Genome, Qatar University, and Weill Cornell Medicine-Qatar.

### Sidra Medicine Research Day



The Research Day was held on Saturday, November 20th, from 8 a.m.-5 p.m., and attended by over 100 employees joining the meeting in the hospital building auditorium, overflow room, and via live stream. Dr. Khalid Fakhro, Chief Research Officer, started proceedings with a warm welcome speech, followed by interesting talks and lectures from our Research Department Clinical Directors, Clinical Researchers, Principal Investigators, and even Junior Trainees. International Keynote Speakers were also invited to the event and included Dr. Nancy Cox and Dr. Mustafa Khokha from the United States. Dr. Nancy Cox is the Director of Vanderbilt Genetics Institute and Division of Genetic Medicine and a Mary Phillips Edmonds Gray Professor of Genetics. Dr. Cox is a quantitative human geneticist with a long-standing research program in identifying and characterizing the genetic component to common human diseases. Her current research focuses on large-scale genomic integration with other "-omics" data and biobank electronic medical records data. The other keynote speaker, Dr. Mustafa Khokha, is a Professor of Pediatrics and Genetics at Yale University School of Medicine. He completed his pediatrics and pediatric critical care training at Washington University and UCSF.

His research interest includes the discovery of candidate genes from patients with birth defects and other critical illnesses. There was also a poster contest during the

event, which saw submissions from Clinical Researchers in different departments, and Senior and Junior Scientists. A total of 80 posters competed, and the winners were chosen in various categories. The judging panel consisted of the International Speakers and Clinical Directors. Clinical Researcher winners included Tarig Wani, Sanoj K.M.Ali, Samir Gupta, Sanaa Sharari, Zenab Siddig, and Shabir Moosa. Saroja Kotegar Bakayya, Rozaimi M. Razali, Jessica Roelands, and Selma Maacha won in the Senior Scientists category. The Junior Scientist winners were Ahmad A. Al Shaibi, Shimaa Sherif, Wehedy Eman, Mohammed Toufiq, Mona Abdi, and Mohamed Alsabbagh. All posters displayed at the event spoke volumes to the competence and creativity of Sidra Medicine Researchers; they do think outside the box. To wrap up the program, Dr. Fakhro, Dr. Cox, and Dr. Khokha handed out the awards for the best poster plus the awards for honorable and dedicated employees of Sidra Medicine Research Department nominated by their line managers and their colleagues.

The award categories were Core Exceptional Service, Core Innovation, Core Excellence, Research Coordinators Excellence, Admin-Extreme Dedication, Admin-"Protector of the Realm," Admin-"Mountain Mover," Outstanding RS, Research Specialist Extreme Dedication, Outstanding Senior Scientist, and Senior Scientist Extreme Dedication.

#### **BREAKOUT STORY**

### Monitoring Evolution of Inflammatory Bowel Disease to Predict Cancer Risk



More than 6.8 million people worldwide are estimated to be living with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), an inflammation or swelling in the gastrointestinal tract caused by genetic and environmental factors. IBD is becoming more prevalent in the pediatric population in Qatar as the global trend shows. Between 1990 and 2017, there was an increase of 85.1% of IBD patients worldwide.

**Dr. Mamoun Elawad**, Chief of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Director of inflammatory bowel disorder, has been receiving more pediatric patients with symptoms of IBD each year. According to him, there are about 172 pediatric patients and 2400 adult patients with IBD in Qatar. IBD is becoming more common among Qatari population due to migration, changes in diet and environment. In 2020, there were about 36 new pediatric patients with IBD and about 48 adult patients diagnosed with IBD at Sidra Medicine.

IBD cases are increasing annually, and parents of pediatric patients visit Sidra Medicine for help. Therefore, as a leading academic medical centers in Qatar, Sidra Medicine is investing in research projects that require tight collaboration between researchers and clinicians to provide personalized medicine to each patient.

"Personalized treatment for inflammatory bowel disease is crucial because clinicians have to look for clues as to which type of treatment that best works for each particular patient with particular disease. The different methods of Precision Medicine will allow clinicians to prescribe the right treatment for the right person from the beginning rather than trying different medicine before getting the right medicine that suits a particular patient," said Dr. Elawad.

Dr. Elawad reached out to Dr. Cristina Maccalli, Principal Investigator at the Laboratory of Immune and Biological Therapy, to collaborate on a study of evolution of IBD to track its progression towards malignancy and risk to develop colorectal cancer. Clinical and research team from Sidra Medicine along with collaborators from one of the leading national medical centers are developing a study aimed at obtaining a deep, comprehensive genomic, molecular, and immunological characterization of patients to identify the markers that can predict evolution of a disease, capture patients' pathophysiological heterogeneity and classify disease subsets.

"The ultimate goal is to develop a Precision Medicine program for the monitoring patients to predict the evolution of the disease towards severe grades and to predict the risk of developing colorectal cancer," said Dr. Maccalli.

Further investigation on evolution of IBD to predict cancer risk is ongoing. Integration of data from multi omics platforms that are currently under investigation in Dr. Maccalli's team, discovering general molecular insights in IBD patients and the evolution of disease. With current findings, present and future IBD patients at Sidra Medicine will be able to access personalized treatment based on their conditions promptly with no delays in identifying markers that predict the evolution of the disease.

#### **BREAKOUT STORY**

# Sidra Medicine Using Art Therapy and Museums to Improve Adolescent Mental Health



Medicines, body scans and intensive procedures are common and necessary treatments in a hospital environment. However, Sidra Medicine takes a holistic approach for patient care—this time through art therapy and museums.

In collaboration with Weill Cornell Medicine in Qatar and the National Museum of Qatar, Sidra Medicine is part of a study awarded by Qatar National Research Fund to build on existing art therapy practices. Michelle Dixon, Art Therapist at Sidra Medicine, is serving as co-principal investigator with **Dr. Finza Latif**, Program Director for Sidra Medicine's ACGME-I accredited Child and Adolescent Psychiatry Fellowship to facilitate the online art therapy sessions of the project. These telehealth sessions will involve Sidra Medicine patients between the ages of 14–17 diagnosed with anxiety and depression.

For the past four years, Ms. Dixon has been holding bedside and waiting room art therapy sessions with the child and adolescent patients at Sidra Medicine. She uses her counselling background to support children in using art materials with a therapeutic perspective. Not only does this foster their creativity, but it also encourages them to talk about their feelings. "The hospital can be a traumatic event for a child and art therapy normalizes it into a nonthreatening space," said Ms. Dixon. The impact of art therapy also stems from the sense of control young patients can reclaim through it. Ms. Dixon presents them with various art materials to choose from, all of which can serve a different purpose for the patient.

Sculpting with clay and slime, for example, can be good for connecting with their body, experiencing emotional regulation, and practicing breathing activities. Collage

and drawing allow more control and making symbols in artwork can enable people to think about their life from a different perspective. Moreover, if a child is quiet and withdrawn, they can listen to music and be given more space while working on their art. Just like treatments can be personalized through Precision Medicine, art therapy can also be curated to the needs and personality of the patient through informal assessments.

The art therapy research project will enable Sidra Medicine to build on its existing art therapy practices. The group setting of the telehealth sessions will be particularly helpful in the context of COVID-19 as adolescents have not had the same lifestyle due to social-distancing restrictions and school closures. The hospital has already seen the benefits of art therapy, within a telehealth context, in encouraging connectivity with others.

With NMoQ providing access to its archives and artefacts, participants will also be learning about Qatar's local culture, history and stories. This will provide Sidra Medicine with a more extensive and unique evidence base of what resources work well in art therapy, continued Ms. Dixon.

"There are currently no robust empirical studies of Art Therapy in the Gulf region and only a small number of countries in the world have produced research on telehealth in art therapy and the role of art museums in improving wellness factors," said Dr. Alan Weber, Professor at Weill Cornell Medicine-Qatar and lead Principal Investigator of the study. "Thus, Qatar and Sidra Medicine will become recognized international leaders in this field."

Written by Areesha Lodhi





# **PUBLICATIONS REGISTRY**

#### **CANCER**

Bhat AA, Nisar S, Maacha S, Carneiro-Lobo TC, Akhtar S, Siveen KS, Wani NA, Rizwan A, Bagga P, Singh M, Reddy R, Uddin S, Grivel JC, Chand G, Frenneaux MP, Siddiqi MA, Bedognetti D, El-Rifai W, Macha MA, Haris M. Cytokinechemokine network driven metastasis in esophageal cancer; promising avenue for targeted therapy. Mol Cancer. 2021 Jan 4;20(1):2. doi: 10.1186/s12943-020-01294-3. PMID: 33390169; PMCID: PMC7780621.

Guerrouahen B, Elnaggar M, Al-Mohannadi A, Kizhakayil D, Bonini C, Benjamin R, Brentjens R, Buchholz CJ, Casorati G, Ferrone S, Locke FL, Martin F, Schambach A, Turtle C, Veys P, van der Vliet HJ, Maccalli C; EICCI Faculty Group. Proceedings From the First International Workshop at Sidra Medicine: "Engineered Immune Cells in Cancer Immunotherapy (EICCI): From Discovery to Off-the-Shelf Development," 15th-16th February 2019, Doha, Qatar. Front Immunol. 2021 Jan 14;11:589381. doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2020.589381. PMID: 33584653; PMCID: PMC7874217.

Roelands J. Mall R. Almeer H. Thomas R. Mohamed MG. Bedri S. Al-Bader SB, Junejo K, Ziv E, Sayaman RW, Kuppen PJK, Bedognetti D, Hendrickx W, Decock J. Ancestry-associated transcriptomic profiles of breast cancer in patients of African, Arab, and European ancestry. NPJ Breast Cancer. 2021 Feb 8;7(1):10. doi: 10.1038/s41523-021-00215-x. PMID: 33558495; PMCID: PMC7870839.

Savaman RW. Saad M. Thorsson V. Hu D. Hendrickx W. Roelands J. Porta-Pardo E. Mokrab Y. Farshidfar F. Kirchhoff T. Sweis RF. Bathe OF. Heimann C. Campbell MJ, Stretch C, Huntsman S, Graff RE, Syed N, Radvanyi L, Shelley S, Wolf D, Marincola FM. Ceccarelli M. Galon J. Ziv E. Bedognetti D. Germline genetic contribution to the immune landscape of cancer. Immunity. 2021 Feb 9;54(2):367-386.e8. doi: 10.1016/j.immuni.2021.01.011. PMID: 33567262; PMCID: PMC8414660.

Relecom A, Merhi M, Inchakalody V, Uddin S, Rinchai D, Bedognetti D, Dermime S. Emerging dynamics pathways of response and resistance to PD-1 and CTLA-4 blockade: tackling uncertainty by confronting complexity.  $J \: \mathsf{Exp}$ Clin Cancer Res. 2021 Feb 18;40(1):74. doi: 10.1186/s13046-021-01872-3. PMID: 33602280: PMCID: PMC7893879

Rovida A, Maccalli C, Scarfò L, Dellabona P, Stamatopoulos K, Ghia P. Exploiting B-cell Receptor Stereotypy to Design Tailored Immunotherapy in Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia. Clin Cancer Res. 2021 Feb 1;27(3):729-739. doi: 10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-20-1632. Epub 2020 Oct 13. PMID: 33051305.

Karedath T, Al-Dasim FM, Ahmed I, Al-Qurashi A, Raza A, Andrews SS, Ahmed AA, Ali Mohamoud Y, Dermime S, Malek JA. Regulation of Circular RNA CircNFATC3 in Cancer Cells Alters Proliferation, Migration, and Oxidative Phosphorylation. Front Cell Dev Biol. 2021 Mar 19;9:595156. doi: 10.3389/fcell.2021.595156. PMID: 33816459: PMCID: PMC8017239.

van der Beek JN. Hol JA. Coulomb-l'Hermine A. Graf N. van Tinteren H. Pritchard-Jones K, Houwing ME, de Krijger RR, Vujanic GM, Dzhuma K, Schenk JP, Littooij AS, Ramírez-Villar GL, Murphy D, Ray S, Al-Saadi R, Gessler M, Godzinski J, Ruebe C, Collini P, Verschuur AC, Frisk T, Vokuhl C, Hulsbergen-van de Kaa CA, de Camargo B, Sandstedt B, Selle B, Tytgat GAM, van den Heuvel-Eibrink MM. Characteristics and outcome of pediatric renal cell carcinoma patients registered in the International Society of Pediatric Oncology (SIOP) 93-01, 2001 and UK-IMPORT database: A report of the SIOP-Renal Tumor **Study Group**. Int J Cancer. 2021 Jun 1;148(11):2724–2735. doi: 10.1002/ ijc.33476. Epub 2021 Feb 3. PMID: 33460450; PMCID: PMC8048605.

Donken R, van Niekerk D, Hamm J, Spinelli JJ, Smith L, Sadarangani M, Albert A, Money D, Dobson S, Miller D, Lee M, Mitchell-Foster S, Krajden M, Naus M, Ogilvie G. Declining rates of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia in British Columbia, Canada: An ecological analysis on the effects of the schoolbased human papillomavirus vaccination program. Int J Cancer. 2021 Jul 1;149(1):191-199. doi: 10.1002/ijc.33513. Epub 2021 Feb 26. PMID: 33586169.

Djekidel M, Syed G, Kanbour A. Imaging Biomarkers in Lung Cancer with 68Ga-DOTATATE, 18F-Fluoride, and 18F-FDG PET/CT Scans and the Theranostics Paradigm. J Nucl Med Technol. 2021 Sep;49(3):281–283. doi: 10.2967/jnmt.120.258343. Epub 2021 Mar 15. PMID: 33722922.

Idaewor P, Lesi O, Elremeli M, Rasheed N, Saad Abdalla Al-Zawi A. Incidental Malignant Colonic Polyp Detected in a Resected Ischaemic Large Bowel: A Case Report and Literature Review. Cureus. 2021 Mar 16;13(3):e13928. doi: 10.7759/cureus.13928. PMID: 33880275; PMCID: PMC8051532.

Shaheen N, Maaz AUR, Khan MS. Outcome of first relapse of Hodgkin lymphoma: single institution experience. J Pak Med Assoc. 2021 Mar;71(3):883-888. doi: 10.47391/JPMA.1114. PMID: 34057940.

AlSaad T, Yousif T, Saleh A, Ahmed H, Cole C, Cugno C. Hepatic sinusoidal obstruction syndrome post-chemotherapy in pediatric and adolescent age: case series of six patients in Qatar. Ann Hematol. 2022 Mar;101(3):693-695. doi: 10.1007/s00277-021-04526-8. Epub 2021 Apr 21. PMID: 33884455.

Tomei S, Volontè A, Ravindran S, Mazzoleni S, Wang E, Galli R, Maccalli C. MicroRNA Expression Profile Distinguishes Glioblastoma Stem Cells from Differentiated Tumor Cells. J Pers Med. 2021 Apr 1;11(4):264. doi: 10.3390/jpm11040264. PMID: 33916317; PMCID: PMC8066769.

Tomei S, Ibnaof O, Ravindran S, Ferrone S, Maccalli C. Cancer Stem Cells Are Possible Key Players in Regulating Anti-Tumor Immune Responses: The Role of Immunomodulating Molecules and MicroRNAs. Cancers (Basel). 2021 Apr 2;13(7):1674. doi: 10.3390/cancers13071674. PMID: 33918136; PMCID: PMC8037840.

Nisar S. Yousuf P. Masoodi T. Wani NA, Hashem S. Singh M. Sageena G. Mishra D. Kumar R, Haris M, Bhat AA, Macha MA. Chemokine-Cytokine Networks in the Head and Neck Tumor Microenvironment. Int J Mol Sci. 2021 Apr 27;22(9):4584. doi: 10.3390/ijms22094584. PMID: 33925575; PMCID: PMC8123862.

Lone SN, Bhat AA, Wani NA, Karedath T, Hashem S, Nisar S, Singh M, Bagga P, Das BC, Bedognetti D, Reddy R, Frenneaux MP, El-Rifai W, Siddiqi MA, Haris M, Macha MA. miRNAs as novel immunoregulators in cancer. Semin Cell Dev Biol. 2021 Apr 26:S1084-9521(21)00086-0. doi: 10.1016/j. semcdb.2021.04.013. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33926791.

Mall R, Saad M, Roelands J, Rinchai D, Kunji K, Almeer H, Hendrickx W, M Marincola F, Ceccarelli M, Bedognetti D. Network-based identification of key master regulators associated with an immune-silent cancer phenotype. Brief Bioinform. 2021 Nov 5;22(6):bbab168. doi: 10.1093/bib/bbab168. PMID: 33979427: PMCID: PMC8574720.

Scatena C, Murtas D, Tomei S. Cutaneous Melanoma Classification: The Importance of High-Throughput Genomic Technologies. Front Oncol. 2021 May 28;11:635488. doi: 10.3389/fonc.2021.635488. PMID: 34123788; PMCID: PMC8193952.



Singh HM, Leber MF, Bossow S, Engeland CE, Dessila J, Grossardt C, Zaoui K, Bell JC, Jäger D, von Kalle C, Ungerechts G. MicroRNA-sensitive oncolytic measles virus for chemovirotherapy of pancreatic cancer. Mol Ther Oncolytics. 2021 May 5;21:340–355. doi: 10.1016/j.omto.2021.04.015. PMID: 34141871; PMCID: PMC8182383.

Rinchai D, Verzoni E, Huber V, Cova A, Squarcina P, De Cecco L, de Braud F, Ratta R. Dugo M. Lalli L. Vallacchi V. Rodolfo M. Roelands J. Castelli C. Chaussabel D, Procopio G, Bedognetti D, Rivoltini L. **Integrated transcriptional-phenotypic** analysis captures systemic immunomodulation following antiangiogenic therapy in renal cell carcinoma patients. Clin Transl Med. 2021 Jun;11(6):e434. doi: 10.1002/ctm2.434. PMID: 34185403; PMCID: PMC8214860.

Nakata K, Williams R, Kinoshita Y, Koshinaga T, Moroz V, Al-Saadi R, Vujanic G, Oue T, Pritchard-Jones K. Comparative analysis of the clinical characteristics and outcomes of patients with Wilms tumor in the United Kingdom and Japan. Pediatr Blood Cancer. 2021 Oct;68(10):e29143. doi: 10.1002/ pbc.29143. Epub 2021 May 31. PMID: 34056846.

Vujanić GM, D'Hooghe E, Graf N, Vokuhl C, Al-Saadi R, Chowdhury T, Pritchard-Jones K, Furtwängler R. Prognostic significance of histopathological response to preoperative chemotherapy in unilateral Wilms' tumor: An analysis of 899 patients treated on the SIOP WT 2001 protocol in the UK-CCLG and **GPOH studies**. Int J Cancer. 2021 Sep 15;149(6):1332–1340. doi: 10.1002/ ijc.33707. Epub 2021 Jun 22. PMID: 34109628.

Carter T, Crook M, Murch A, Beesley AH, de Klerk N, Charles A, Kees UR. Incidence of NUT carcinoma in Western Australia from 1989 to 2014: a review of pediatric and adolescent cases from Perth Children's Hospital. BMC Cancer. 2021 Jun 27;21(1):740. doi: 10.1186/s12885-021-08432-0. PMID: 34176480; PMCID: PMC8237419.

Mehraj U, Ganai RA, Macha MA, Hamid A, Zargar MA, Bhat AA, Nasser MW, Haris M, Batra SK, Alshehri B, Al-Baradie RS, Mir MA, Wani NA. The tumor microenvironment as driver of stemness and therapeutic resistance in breast cancer: New challenges and therapeutic opportunities. Cell Oncol (Dordr). 2021 Dec;44(6):1209-1229. doi: 10.1007/s13402-021-00634-9. Epub 2021 Sep 16. PMID: 34528143.

Winkler C, King M, Berthe J, Ferraioli D, Garuti A, Grillo F, Rodriguez-Canales J, Ferrando L, Chopin N, Ray-Coquard I, Delpuech O, Rinchai D, Bedognetti D, Ballestrero A, Leo E, Zoppoli G. **SLFN11 captures cancer-immunity** interactions associated with platinum sensitivity in high-grade serous ovarian cancer. JCI Insight. 2021 Sep 22;6(18):e146098. doi: 10.1172/jci. insight.146098. PMID: 34549724; PMCID: PMC8492341.

Naik A, Thomas R, Al-Khadairi G, Bacha R, Hendrickx W, Decock J. Cancer testis antigen PRAME: An anti-cancer target with immunomodulatory potential. J Cell Mol Med. 2021 Nov;25(22):10376-10388. doi: 10.1111/jcmm.16967. Epub 2021 Oct 6. PMID: 34612587; PMCID: PMC8581324.

Chauhan R, Bhat AA, Masoodi T, Bagga P, Reddy R, Gupta A, Sheikh ZA, Macha MA, Haris M, Singh M. Ubiquitin-specific peptidase 37: an important cog in the oncogenic machinery of cancerous cells. J Exp Clin Cancer Res. 2021 Nov 10;40(1):356. doi: 10.1186/s13046-021-02163-7. PMID: 34758854; PMCID: PMC8579576.

Vernieri C, Fucà G, Ligorio F, Huber V, Vingiani A, Iannelli F, Raimondi A, Rinchai D, Frigè G, Belfiore A, Lalli L, Chiodoni C, Cancila V, Zanardi F, Ajazi A, Cortellino S, Vallacchi V, Squarcina P, Cova A, Pesce S, Frati P, Mall R, Corsetto PA, Rizzo AM, Ferraris C, Folli S, Garassino MC, Capri G, Bianchi G, Colombo MP, Minucci S, Foiani M, Longo VD, Apolone G, Torri V, Pruneri G, Bedognetti D, Rivoltini L, de Braud F. Fasting-Mimicking Diet Is Safe and Reshapes Metabolism and Antitumor Immunity in Patients with Cancer. Cancer Discov. 2022 Jan;12(1):90-107. doi: 10.1158/2159-8290.CD-21-0030. Epub 2021 Nov 17. PMID: 34789537.

Orecchioni M, Fusco L, Mall R, Bordoni V, Fuoco C, Rinchai D, Guo S, Sainz R, Zoccheddu M, Gurcan C, Yilmazer A, Zavan B, Ménard-Moyon C, Bianco A, Hendrickx W, Bedognetti D, Delogu LG. Graphene oxide activates B cells with upregulation of granzyme B expression: evidence at the single-cell level for its immune-modulatory properties and anticancer activity. Nanoscale. 2022 Jan 6;14(2):333-349. doi: 10.1039/d1nr04355b. PMID: 34796889.

Prabhu KS, Bhat AA, Siveen KS, Kuttikrishnan S, Raza SS, Raheed T, Jochebeth A, Khan AQ, Chawdhery MZ, Haris M, Kulinski M, Dermime S, Steinhoff M, Uddin S. Sanguinarine mediated apoptosis in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer via generation of reactive oxygen species and suppression of JAK/STAT pathway. Biomed Pharmacother. 2021 Dec;144:112358. doi: 10.1016/j. biopha.2021.112358. Epub 2021 Oct 28. PMID: 34794241.

Pullikuth AK, Routh ED, Zimmerman KD, Chifman J, Chou JW, Soike MH, Jin G, Su J, Song Q, Black MA, Print C, Bedognetti D, Howard-McNatt M, O'Neill SS, Thomas A, Langefeld CD, Sigalov AB, Lu Y, Miller LD. Bulk and Single-Cell Profiling of Breast Tumors Identifies TREM-1 as a Dominant Immune Suppressive Marker Associated With Poor Outcomes, Front Oncol, 2021 Dec 8;11:734959. doi: 10.3389/fonc.2021.734959. PMID: 34956864; PMCID: PMC8692779.

#### **CARDIOLOGY**

Bhaskar P, Rehman S, Lone RA, John J, Sahabudheen AFA. Intraoperative Management of a Child Undergoing Cardiac Surgery With Congenital Methemoglobinemia Detected in the Operating Room: A Case Report.  $\mathsf{A}\,\mathsf{A}$ Pract. 2021 Mar 8;15(3):e01395. doi: 10.1213/XAA.00000000001395. PMID: 33684078.

Jalal Z, Valdeolmillos E, Malekzadeh-Milani S, Eicken A, Georgiev S, Hofbeck M, Sieverding L, Gewillig M, Ovaert C, Bouvaist H, Pillois X, Thambo JB, Boudjemline Y. Mid-Term Outcomes Following Percutaneous Pulmonary Valve Implantation Using the "Folded Melody Valve" Technique. Circ Cardiovasc Interv. 2021 Apr;14(4):e009707. doi: 10.1161/CIRCINTERVENTIONS.120.009707. Epub 2021 Mar 17. PMID: 33726503; PMCID: PMC8055198.

Udassi S, Haque IU, Lopez-Colon D, Shih A, Vasudeva D, Kaliki-Venkata G, Weiss M, Zaritsky AL, Udassi JP. **Chest compression by two-thumb** encircling method generates higher carotid artery blood flow in swine infant model of cardiac arrest. Resusc Plus. 2021 Apr 14;6:100118. doi: 10.1016/j.resplu.2021.100118. PMID: 34223377; PMCID: PMC8244466.

Park SJ, Ahmad F, Bahde RJ, Philp A, Kim J, Huang T, Kim MK, Trenkle WC, Chung JH. Potent PDE4 inhibitor activates AMPK and Sirt1 to induce mitochondrial biogenesis. PLoS One. 2021 Jun 17;16(6):e0253269. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0253269. PMID: 34138962; PMCID: PMC8211267.

Rad EM, Hijazi ZM, Pouraliakbar H, Mirzaaghayan MR, Zamani H. Congenital Aorto-Cardiac Connections (CACC) Revisited: Introduction of a Novel Anatomic-therapeutic Classification. Pediatr Cardiol. 2021 Oct;42(7):1459-1477. doi: 10.1007/s00246-021-02671-5. Epub 2021 Jul 29. PMID: 34327543.

Naidu SS, Baron SJ, Eng MH, Sathanandam SK, Zidar DA, (...), Simonton C, Stokes J, Taber M, Tieche C, Venditto J, West NEJ, Zinn L. **Hot topics in** interventional cardiology: Proceedings from the society for cardiovascular angiography and interventions (SCAI) 2021 think tank. Catheter Cardiovasc Interv. 2021 Nov 1;98(5):904-913. doi: 10.1002/ccd.29898. Epub 2021 Aug 16. PMID: 34398509.

Hejazi Y, Mann G, Boudjemline Y, Udassi JP, Van Leeuwen G, Diab KA. Topsy-Turvy Heart with Aortopulmonary Window and Severe Airway Malacia: Prenatal Diagnosis and Review of the Literature. Pediatr Cardiol. 2022 Jan;43(1):225-232. doi: 10.1007/s00246-021-02710-1. Epub 2021 Aug 27. PMID: 34448896; PMCID: PMC8391013.

Harris S, Perston L, More K, Graham P, Ellis N, Frampton C, Troughton R, Moor S, Austin N. Cardiac structure and function in very preterm-born adolescents compared to term-born controls: A longitudinal cohort study. Early Hum Dev. 2021 Dec;163:105505. doi: 10.1016/j.earlhumdev.2021.105505. Epub 2021 Nov 4. PMID: 34763163.

#### COVID-19

Tang B, Shojaei M, Wang Y, Nalos M, Mclean A, Afrasiabi A, Kwan TN, Kuan WS, Zerbib Y, Herwanto V, Gunawan G, Bedognetti D, Zoppoli G, Ballestrero A, Rinchai D, Cremonesi P, Bedognetti M, Matejovic M, Karvunidis T, Macdonald SPJ, Cox AJ, West NP, Cripps AW, Schughart K, Maria A, Chaussabel D, Iredell J, Weng S; PREDICT-19 consortium. Prospective validation study of prognostic biomarkers to predict adverse outcomes in patients with **COVID-19:** a study protocol. BMJ Open. 2021 Jan 6;11(1):e044497. doi: 10.1136/bmjopen-2020-044497. PMID: 33408218; PMCID: PMC7789210.

Hasan MR, Sundararaju S, Manickam C, Mirza F, Al-Hail H, Lorenz S, Tang P. A Novel Point Mutation in the N Gene of SARS-CoV-2 May Affect the Detection of the Virus by Reverse Transcription-Quantitative PCR. J Clin Microbiol. 2021 Mar 19;59(4):e03278-20. doi: 10.1128/JCM.03278-20. PMID: 33472904: PMCID: PMC8092750.

Nair AV. Kumar D. Yadav SK. Nepal P. Jacob B. Al-Heidous M. Utility of visual coronary artery calcification on non-cardiac gated thoracic CT in predicting clinical severity and outcome in COVID-19. Clin Imaging. 2021 Jun;74:123-130. doi: 10.1016/j.clinimag.2021.01.015. Epub 2021 Jan 18. PMID: 33485116; PMCID: PMC7834505.

Khan T, Rahman M, Ali FA, Huang SSY, Ata M, Zhang Q, Bastard P, Liu Z, Jouanguy E, Béziat V, Cobat A, Nasrallah GK, Yassine HM, Smatti MK, Saeed A, Vandernoot I, Goffard JC, Smits G, Migeotte I, Haerynck F, Meyts I, Abel L, Casanova JL, Hasan MR, Marr N. Distinct antibody repertoires against endemic human coronaviruses in children and adults. JCI Insight. 2021 Feb 22;6(4):e144499. doi: 10.1172/jci.insight.144499. PMID: 33497357; PMCID: PMC7934927.

Chouchane L, Grivel JC, Farag EABA, Pavlovski I, Maacha S, Sathappan A, Al-Romaihi HE, Abuagel SW, Ata MMA, Chouchane Al, Remadi S, Halabi N, Rafii A, Al-Thani MH, Marr N, Subramanian M, Shan J. Dromedary camels as a natural source of neutralizing nanobodies against SARS-CoV-2. JCI Insight. 2021 Mar 8;6(5):e145785. doi: 10.1172/jci.insight.145785. PMID: 33529170; PMCID: PMC8021111.

Unal MA, Bayrakdar F, Fusco L, Besbinar O, Shuck CE, Yalcin S, Erken MT, Ozkul A, Gurcan C, Panatli O, Summak GY, Gokce C, Orecchioni M, Gazzi A, Vitale F, Somers J, Demir E, Yildiz SS, Nazir H, Grivel JC, Bedognetti D, Crisanti A, Akcali KC, Gogotsi Y, Delogu LG, Yilmazer A. 2D MXenes with antiviral and immunomodulatory properties: A pilot study against SARS-CoV-2. Nano Today, 2021 Jun; 38:101136, doi: 10.1016/j.nantod.2021.101136. Epub 2021 Mar 18. PMID: 33753982; PMCID: PMC7969865.

Mc Cartney AM, Mahmoud M, Jochum M, Agustinho DP, (...), Kronenberg Z, J Treangen T, Hefferon T, Chin CS, Busby B, J Sedlazeck F. An international virtual hackathon to build tools for the analysis of structural variants within species ranging from coronaviruses to vertebrates, F1000Res, 2021 Mar 26;10:246. doi: 10.12688/f1000research.51477.2. PMID: 34621504; PMCID: PMC8479851.

Modi N, Ayres-de-Campos D, Bancalari E, Benders M, Briana D, Di Renzo GC, Fonseca EB, Hod M, Poon L, Cortes MS, Simeoni U, Tscherning C, Vento M, Visser GHA, Voto L. Equity in coronavirus disease 2019 vaccine development and deployment. Am J Obstet Gynecol. 2021 May;224(5):423-427. doi: 10.1016/j.ajog.2021.01.006. Epub 2021 Jan 15. PMID: 33460584; PMCID: PMC7810027.

More K, Chawla D, Murki S, Tandur B, Deorari AK, Kumar P; National Neonatology Forum (NNF) COVID-19 Registry Group. Outcomes of Neonates Born to Mothers With Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)-National Neonatology Forum (NNF) India COVID-19 Registry. Indian Pediatr. 2021 Jun 15;58(6):525-531. doi: 10.1007/s13312-021-2234-2. Epub 2021 Mar 20. PMID: 33742609; PMCID: PMC8253678.

Krishnamoorthy N, Fakhro K. Identification of mutation resistance coldspots for targeting the SARS-CoV2 main protease. IUBMB Life. 2021 Apr;73(4):670-675. doi: 10.1002/iub.2465. Epub 2021 Mar 22. PMID: 33749986; PMCID: PMC8250577.

Saadaoui M, Kumar M, Al Khodor S. COVID-19 Infection during Pregnancy: Risk of Vertical Transmission, Fetal, and Neonatal Outcomes. J Pers Med. 2021 May 28;11(6):483. doi: 10.3390/jpm11060483. PMID: 34071251; PMCID: PMC8227688.

Kino T, Burd I, Segars JH. Dexamethasone for Severe COVID-19: How Does It Work at Cellular and Molecular Levels? Int J Mol Sci. 2021 Jun 23;22(13):6764. doi: 10.3390/ijms22136764. PMID: 34201797; PMCID: PMC8269070.

Mohan S, Reagu S, Lindow S, Alabdulla M. COVID-19 vaccine hesitancy in perinatal women: a cross sectional survey. J Perinat Med. 2021 Apr 28;49(6):678-685. doi: 10.1515/jpm-2021-0069. PMID: 33905622.

Hendaus MA. Jomha FA. Can virus-virus interactions impact the dynamics of the covid-19 pandemic? J Biomol Struct Dvn. 2021 May 17:1-5, doi: 10.1080/07391102.2021.1926327. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33998968. Hendaus MA, Jomha FA. COVID-19 vector-based vaccine causing thrombosis. J Biomol Struct Dyn. 2021 May 17:1–3. doi: 10.1080/07391102.2021.1927847. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33998976.

Abu-Raddad LJ, Chemaitelly H, Yassine HM, Benslimane FM, Al Khatib HA, Tang P, (...), Al-Thani MH, Al Khal A, Butt AA, Bertollini R. Pfizer-BioNTech mRNA BNT162b2 Covid-19 vaccine protection against variants of concern after one versus two doses. J Travel Med. 2021 Oct 11:28(7):taab083. doi: 10.1093/jtm/taab083. PMID: 34050372; PMCID: PMC8194836.

Nasrallah GK, Dargham SR, Shurrab F, Al-Sadeq DW, (...), Tang P, Bertollini R, Al-Thani MH, Althani AA, Abu-Raddad LJ. Analytic comparison between three high-throughput commercial SARS-CoV-2 antibody assays reveals minor discrepancies in a high-incidence population. Sci Rep. 2021 Jun 4;11(1):11837. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-91235-x. PMID: 34088944; PMCID: PMC8178338.

Hasan MR, Al Zubaidi K, Diab K, Hejazi Y, Bout-Tabaku S, Al-Adba B, Al Maslamani E, Janahi M, Roscoe D, Lopez AP, Tang P. COVID-19 related multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children (MIS-C): a case series from a tertiary care pediatric hospital in Qatar. BMC Pediatr. 2021 Jun 8;21(1):267. doi: 10.1186/s12887-021-02743-8. PMID: 34103044; PMCID: PMC8185322.

Al-Hail H, Mirza F, Al Hashemi A, Ahmad MN, Iqbal M, Tang P, Hasan MR. Evaluation of automated molecular tests for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 in pooled nasopharyngeal and saliva specimens. J Clin Lab Anal. 2021 Aug;35(8):e23876. doi: 10.1002/jcla.23876. Epub 2021 Jun 16. PMID: 34132419; PMCID: PMC8373324.

Babarinsa IA, Okunoye GO, Odukoya O. Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus (SARS-CoV-1) and Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus (MERS-CoV) infections in pregnancy—An overview. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2021 Aug;263:171-175. doi: 10.1016/j.ejogrb.2021.06.020. Epub 2021 Jun 23. PMID: 34218204; PMCID: PMC8219955.

Hubrack S, Al-Nesf MA, Agrebi N, Raynaud C, Khattab MA, Thomas M, Ibrahim T, Taha S, Dermime S, Merhi M, Kulinski M, Steinhoff M, Tang P, Lo B. In vitro Interleukin-7 treatment partially rescues MAIT cell dysfunction caused by SARS-CoV-2 infection. Sci Rep. 2021 Jul 8;11(1):14090. doi: 10.1038/ s41598-021-93536-7. PMID: 34238985: PMCID: PMC8266862.

Kumar M, Al Khodor S. "Armed for the future Coronavirus pandemic": a promising use of the multimeric SARS-CoV-2 receptor binding domain nanoparticle as a new Pan-Coronavirus vaccine. Signal Transduct Target Ther. 2021 Aug 17;6(1):305. doi: 10.1038/s41392-021-00721-1. PMID: 34404768; PMCID: PMC8368051.

Asano T, Boisson B, Onodi F, Matuozzo D, Moncada-Velez M, (...) Abel L, Su HC, Jouanguy E, Amara A, Soumelis V, Cobat A, Zhang Q, Casanova JL. X-linked recessive TLR7 deficiency in ~1% of men under 60 years old with life-threatening COVID-19. Sci Immunol. 2021 Aug 19;6(62):eabl4348. doi: 10.1126/sciimmunol.abl4348. PMID: 34413140; PMCID: PMC8532080.

Keshta AS, Mallah SI, Al Zubaidi K, Ghorab OK, Keshta MS, Alarabi D, Abousaleh MA, Salman MT, Taha OE, Zeidan AA, Elsaid MF, Tang P. COVID-19 versus SARS: A comparative review. J Infect Public Health. 2021 Jul:14(7):967-977. doi: 10.1016/j.jiph.2021.04.007. Epub 2021 Apr 24. PMID: 34130121; PMCID: PMC8064890.

Chemaitelly H, Yassine HM, Benslimane FM, Al Khatib HA, Tang P, (...), Al Romaihi HE, Al-Thani MH, Al Khal A, Butt AA, Bertollini R, Abu-Raddad LJ. **mRNA-1273** COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness against the B.1.1.7 and B.1.351 variants and severe COVID-19 disease in Qatar. Nat Med. 2021 Sep;27(9):1614-1621. doi: 10.1038/s41591-021-01446-y. Epub 2021 Jul 9. PMID: 34244681.

Ismail A, Shurrab FM, Al-Jighefee HT, Al-Sadeq DW, Qotba H, Al-Shaar IA, Yassine HM. Abu-Raddad LJ. Nasrallah GK. Can commercial automated immunoassavs be utilized to predict neutralizing antibodies after SARS-CoV-2 infection? A comparative study between three different assays. Front Biosci (Landmark Ed). 2021 Jul 30;26(7):198-206. doi: 10.52586/4934. PMID: 34340267.

Hasan MR, Suleiman M, Pérez-López A. Metabolomics in the Diagnosis and **Prognosis of COVID-19**. Front Genet. 2021 Jul 23;12:721556. doi: 10.3389/ fgene.2021.721556. PMID: 34367265; PMCID: PMC8343128.

Akobeng AK, Grafton-Clarke C, Abdelgadir I, Twum-Barimah E, Gordon M. Gastrointestinal manifestations of COVID-19 in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Frontline Gastroenterol. 2020 Aug 18;12(4):332-337. doi: 10.1136/flgastro-2020-101529. PMID: 34249319; PMCID: PMC8231431.

Hasan MR, Kalikiri MKR, Mirza F, Sundararaju S, (...), Al Thani MH, Abu-Raddad LJ, Tang P; National Study Group for COVID-19 Epidemiology in Qatar. Real-Time SARS-CoV-2 Genotyping by High-Throughput Multiplex PCR Reveals the Epidemiology of the Variants of Concern in Qatar. Int J Infect Dis. 2021 Nov;112:52-54. doi: 10.1016/j.ijid.2021.09.006. Epub 2021 Sep 12. PMID: 34525398.

García-Mena J. Corona-Cervantes K. Cuervo-Zanatta D. Benitez-Guerrero T. Vélez-Ixta JM, Zavala-Torres NG, Villalobos-Flores LE, Hernández-Quiroz F, Perez-Cruz C, Murugesan S, Bastida-González FG, Zárate-Segura PB. **Gut microbiota in** a population highly affected by obesity and type 2 diabetes and susceptibility to COVID-19. World J Gastroenterol. 2021 Nov 7;27(41):7065-7079. doi: 10.3748/wjg.v27.i41.7065. PMID: 34887628; PMCID: PMC8613652.

Chemaitelly H, Tang P, Hasan MR, (...), Butt AA, Al-Thani MH, Al Khal A, Bertollini R, Abu-Raddad LJ. Waning of BNT162b2 Vaccine Protection against SARS-**CoV-2 Infection in Qatar.** N Engl J Med. 2021 Dec 9;385(24):e83. doi: 10.1056/ NEJMoa2114114. Epub 2021 Oct 6. PMID: 34614327; PMCID: PMC8522799.

Abu-Raddad LJ, Chemaitelly H, Ayoub HH, (...), Al Kuwari MG, Butt AA, Al Romaihi HE, Al-Thani MH, Al Khal A, Bertollini R. Severity, criticality, and fatality of the SARS-CoV-2 Beta variant. Clin Infect Dis. 2021 Oct 17:ciab909. doi: 10.1093/cid/ciab909. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34657152.

Hendaus MA, Jomha FA. Delta variant of COVID-19: A simple explanation. Qatar Med J. 2021 Oct 5;2021(3):49. doi: 10.5339/gmj.2021.49. PMID: 34660217; PMCID: PMC8497780.

Abu-Raddad LJ, Chemaitelly H, (...), Butt AA, Al Romaihi HE, Al-Thani MH, Al Khal A, Bertollini R. Association of Prior SARS-CoV-2 Infection With Risk of Breakthrough Infection Following mRNA Vaccination in Qatar. JAMA. 2021 Nov 16;326(19):1930–1939. doi: 10.1001/jama.2021.19623. PMID: 34724027; PMCID: PMC8561432.

Tang P, Hasan MR, Chemaitelly H, (...), Butt AA, Al-Thani MH, Al Khal A, Bertollini R, Abu-Raddad LJ. BNT162b2 and mRNA-1273 COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness against the SARS-CoV-2 Delta variant in Qatar. Nat Med. 2021 Dec;27(12):2136-2143. doi: 10.1038/s41591-021-01583-4. Epub 2021 Nov 2. PMID: 34728831.

Hasan MR, Ahmad MN, Dargham SR, (...), Abu Raddad LJ, Tang P. Nasopharyngeal Expression of Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme 2 and Transmembrane Serine Protease 2 in Children within SARS-CoV-2-Infected Family Clusters. Microbiol Spectr. 2021 Dec 22;9(3):e0078321. doi: 10.1128/Spectrum.00783-21. Epub 2021 Nov 3. PMID: 34730438; PMCID: PMC8567246.

Abu-Raddad LJ, Chemaitelly H, Ayoub HH, (...), Al Kuwari MG, Al Romaihi HE, Al-Thani MH, Al Khal A, Bertollini R. Introduction and expansion of the SARS-CoV-2 B.1.1.7 variant and reinfections in Qatar: A nationally representative cohort study. PLoS Med. 2021 Dec 16;18(12):e1003879. doi: 10.1371/journal.pmed.1003879. PMID: 34914711; PMCID: PMC8726501.

Butt AA, Dargham SR, Chemaitelly H, Al Khal A, Tang P, Hasan MR, Coyle PV, Thomas AG, Borham AM, Concepcion EG, Kaleeckal AH, Latif AN, Bertollini R, Abou-Samra AB, Abu-Raddad LJ. Severity of Illness in Persons Infected With the SARS-CoV-2 Delta Variant vs Beta Variant in Qatar. JAMA Intern Med. 2022 Feb 1;182(2):197-205. doi: 10.1001/jamainternmed.2021.7949. PMID: 34935861; PMCID: PMC8696690.

Khan YS, Khan AW, Noureldin Ahmed IA, Hammoudeh S, Salim H, AbuKhattab M, Al-Maslamani MARS, Zainel A, Salameh SN, Alabdulla M. Prevalence of elevated anxiety symptoms among children in quarantine with COVID-19 infection in the State of Qatar: A cross-sectional study. Scand J Child Adolesc Psychiatr Psychol. 2021 Dec 29;9:187-195. doi: 10.21307/sjcapp-2021-021. PMID: 34984196; PMCID: PMC8717095.

#### **EMERGENCY**

Enright K, Akram S, Hussain A, Powell CVE. The integral role of the clinical pharmacist in drug-assisted intubation at a newly established children's major **trauma center**. Int J Clin Pharm. 2021 Aug;43(4):1128–1132. doi: 10.1007/ s11096-021-01262-x. Epub 2021 Apr 13. PMID: 33851287; PMCID: PMC8043096.

Taleb SA, Al-Ansari K, Nasrallah GK, Elrayess MA, Al-Thani AA, Derrien-Colemyn A, Ruckwardt TJ, Graham BS, Yassine HM. Level of maternal respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) F antibodies in hospitalized children and correlates of protection. Int J Infect Dis. 2021 Aug;109:56-62. doi: 10.1016/j. ijid.2021.06.015. Epub 2021 Jun 10. PMID: 34118428.

De Sanctis V, Soliman A, Daar S, Di Maio S, Alhumaidi N, Alali M, Sabt A, Kattamis C. The Myxedema coma in children and adolescents: A rare endocrine emergency—Personal experience and review of literature. Acta Biomed. 2021 Nov 3;92(5):e2021481. doi: 10.23750/abm.v92i5.12252. PMID: 34738556; PMCID: PMC8689309.

Erumbala G, Anzar S, Tonbari A, Salem R, Powell C. **Stating the obvious:** intravenous magnesium sulphate should be the first parenteral bronchodilator in paediatric asthma exacerbations unresponsive to first-line therapy. Breathe (Sheff), 2021 Dec:17(4):210113, doi: 10.1183/20734735.0113-2021. PMID: 35035570; PMCID: PMC8753647.

#### **FNDOCRINOLOGY**

Elsayed AK, Younis I, Ali G, Hussain K, Abdelalim EM. Aberrant development of pancreatic beta cells derived from human iPSCs with FOXA2 deficiency. Cell Death Dis. 2021 Jan 20;12(1):103. doi: 10.1038/s41419-021-03390-8. PMID: 33473118; PMCID: PMC7817686.

Raicevic M, Milenkovic T, Hussain K, Djordjevic M, Martic J, Todorovic S, Mitrovic K, Sarajlija A, Vukovic R. Clinical and genetic characteristics of patients with congenital hyperinsulinism in 21 non-consanguineous families from Serbia. Eur J Pediatr. 2021 Sep;180(9):2815-2821. doi: 10.1007/s00431-021-04051-w. Epub 2021 Mar 26. PMID: 33770274.

Gad H, Al-Jarrah B, Saraswathi S, Mohamed S, Kalteniece A, Petropoulos IN, Khan A, Ponirakis G, Singh P, Khodor SA, Elawad M, Almasri W, Hendaus MA, Akobeng AK, Hussain K, Malik RA. Corneal confocal microscopy identifies a reduction in corneal keratocyte density and sub-basal nerves in children with type 1 diabetes mellitus. Br J Ophthalmol. 2021 Apr 30:bjophthalmol-2021-319057. doi: 10.1136/bjophthalmol-2021-319057. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33931390.

Cugno C, Kizhakayil D, Calzone R, Rahman SM, Halade GV, Rahman MM. Omega-3 fatty acid-rich fish oil supplementation prevents rosiglitazoneinduced osteopenia in aging C57BL/6 mice and in vitro studies. Sci Rep. 2021 May 14;11(1):10364. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-89827-8. PMID: 33990655; PMCID: PMC8121944.

Srirangam Nadhamuni V. Iacovazzo D. Evanson J. Sahdev A. Trouillas J. McAndrew L. R Kurzawinski T. Bryant D. Hussain K. Bhattacharva S. Korbonits M. GHRH secretion from a pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor causing gigantism in a patient with MEN1. Endocrinol Diabetes Metab Case Rep. 2021 Jun 1;2021:20-0208. doi: 10.1530/EDM-20-0208. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34156350; PMCID: PMC8240703.

Boss M, Rottenburger C, Brenner W, Blankenstein O, Prasad V, Prasad S, Coppi P, Kühnen P, Buitinga M, Nuutila P, Otonkoski T, Hussain K, Brom M, Eek A, Bomanji J, Shah P, Gotthardt M. **68Ga-NODAGA-Exendin-4 PET/CT** Improves the Detection of Focal Congenital Hyperinsulinism. J Nucl Med. 2022 Feb;63(2):310-315. doi: 10.2967/jnumed.121.262327. Epub 2021 Jul 2. PMID: 34215672; PMCID: PMC8805776.

Petrovski G, Campbell J, Almajali D, Al Khalaf F, Hussain K. Virtual training on advanced hybrid closed-loop system MiniMed 780G in a teenager with type 1 diabetes previously treated with multiple daily injections: A case report. Clin Case Rep. 2021 Aug 6;9(8):e04591. doi: 10.1002/ccr3.4591. PMID: 34401165; PMCID: PMC8346597.

Doi SAR, Bashir M, Sheehan MT, Onitilo AA, Chivese T, Ibrahim IM, Beer SF, Furuya-Kanamori L, Abou-Samra AB, McIntyre HD. Unifying the diagnosis of gestational diabetes mellitus: Introducing the NPRP criteria. Prim Care Diabetes. 2022 Feb;16(1):96-101. doi: 10.1016/j.pcd.2021.08.006. Epub 2021 Aug 19. PMID: 34419366.

Petrovski G, Al Khalaf F, Campbell J, Hussain K, Day E, Pasha M. The effect of advanced hybrid closed loop system on glycated hemoglobin (HbA1c) in a young male with type 1 diabetes mellitus and growth hormone treatment: A case report. Clin Case Rep. 2021 Aug 24;9(8):e04703. doi: 10.1002/ ccr3.4703. Erratum in: Clin Case Rep. 2021 Sep 09;9(9):e04815. PMID: 34466257: PMCID: PMC8385331.

Yousri NA, Suhre K, Yassin E, Al-Shakaki A, Robay A, Elshafei M, Chidiac O, Hunt SC, Crystal RG, Fakhro KA. Metabolic and Metabo-Clinical Signatures of Type 2 Diabetes, Obesity, Retinopathy, and Dyslipidemia. Diabetes. 2022 Feb 1;71(2):184-205. doi: 10.2337/db21-0490. PMID: 34732537.

Haris B, Mohammed I, Syed N, Fakhro K, Hussain K. Maturity-onset diabetes of the young (MODY) due to PDX1 mutation in a sib-pair diabetes family from Qatar. Clin Case Rep. 2021 Dec 11;9(12):e05141. doi: 10.1002/ ccr3.5141. PMID: 34938542; PMCID: PMC8665722.

Sood A, Mohiyiddeen G, Ahmad G, Fitzgerald C, Watson A, Mohiyiddeen L. Growth hormone for in vitro fertilisation (IVF). Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2021 Nov 22;11(11):CD000099. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD000099.pub4. PMID: 34808697: PMCID: PMC8608438.

Marwaha AK, Chow S, Pesenacker AM, Cook L, Sun A, Long SA, Yang JHM, Ward-Hartstonge KA, Williams E, Domingo-Vila C, Halani K, Harris KM, Tree TIM, Levings MK, Elliott T, Tan R, Dutz JP. A phase 1b open-label dose-finding study of ustekinumab in young adults with type 1 diabetes. Immunother Adv. 2021 Nov 13;2(1):ltab022. doi: 10.1093/immadv/ltab022. PMID: 35072168; PMCID: PMC8769169.

#### **GENETICS**

Romdhane L, Mezzi N, Dallali H, Messaoud O, Shan J, Fakhro KA, Kefi R, Chouchane L, Abdelhak S. A map of copy number variations in the Tunisian population: a valuable tool for medical genomics in North Africa. NPJ Genom Med. 2021 Jan 8:6(1):3. doi: 10.1038/s41525-020-00166-5. PMID: 33420067; PMCID: PMC7794582.

Younes N, Syed N, Yadav SK, Haris M, Abdallah AM, Abu-Madi M. A Whole-Genome Sequencing Association Study of Low Bone Mineral Density Identifies New Susceptibility Loci in the Phase I Qatar Biobank Cohort. J Pers Med. 2021 Jan 7;11(1):34. doi: 10.3390/jpm11010034. PMID: 33430342; PMCID: PMC7825795.

Pagnamenta AT, Kaiyrzhanov R, Zou Y, Da'as SI, (...); Genomics England Research Consortium, Karakaya M, Wirth B, Fakhro KA, Tajsharghi H, Bönnemann CG, Taylor JC, Houlden H. **An ancestral 10-bp repeat expansion in VWA1 causes recessive** hereditary motor neuropathy. Brain. 2021 Mar 3;144(2):584-600. doi: 10.1093/ brain/awaa420. PMID: 33559681; PMCID: PMC8263055.

Rossi N, Aliyev E, Visconti A, Akil ASA, Syed N, Aamer W, Padmajeya SS, Falchi M, Fakhro KA. Ethnic-specific association of amylase gene copy number with adiposity traits in a large Middle Eastern biobank.  $\mathsf{NPJ}$ Genom Med. 2021 Feb 9;6(1):8. doi: 10.1038/s41525-021-00170-3. PMID: 33563995; PMCID: PMC7873199.

Moosa S, Amira PA, Boughorbel DS. DASSI: differential architecture search for splice identification from DNA sequences. BioData Min. 2021 Feb 15;14(1):15. doi: 10.1186/s13040-021-00237-y. PMID: 33588916; PMCID: PMC7885202.

Amjad S, Nisar S, Bhat AA, Shah AR, Frenneaux MP, Fakhro K, Haris M, Reddy R, Patay Z, Baur J, Bagga P. Role of NAD+ in regulating cellular and metabolic signaling pathways. Mol Metab. 2021 Jul;49:101195. doi: 10.1016/j.molmet.2021.101195. Epub 2021 Feb 17. PMID: 33609766; PMCID: PMC7973386.

Nisar S, Bhat AA, Singh M, Karedath T, Rizwan A, Hashem S, Bagga P, Reddy R, Jamal F, Uddin S, Chand G, Bedognetti D, El-Rifai W, Frenneaux MP, Macha MA, Ahmed I, Haris M. Insights Into the Role of CircRNAs: Biogenesis, Characterization, Functional, and Clinical Impact in Human Malignancies. Front Cell Dev Biol. 2021 Feb 5;9:617281. doi: 10.3389/ fcell.2021.617281. PMID: 33614648; PMCID: PMC7894079.

Rinchai D, Roelands J, Toufiq M, Hendrickx W, Altman MC, Bedognetti D, Chaussabel D. BloodGen3Module: Blood transcriptional module repertoire analysis and visualization using R. Bioinformatics. 2021 Feb 24;37(16):2382-9. doi: 10.1093/bioinformatics/btab121. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33624743; PMCID: PMC8388021.

Aamer W, Hassan HY, Nakaoka H, Hosomichi K, Jaeger M, Tahir H, Abdelraheem MH, Netea MG, Inoue I. Analysis of HLA gene polymorphisms in East Africans reveals evidence of gene flow in two Semitic populations from Sudan. Eur J Hum Genet. 2021 Aug;29(8):1259-1271. doi: 10.1038/s41431-021-00845-6. Epub 2021 Mar 22. PMID: 33753913; PMCID: PMC8384866.

Wong WKM, Joglekar MV, Saini V, Jiang G, (...), Simpson AM, Hawthorne WJ, Dalgaard LT, Ma RCW, Hardikar AA. Machine learning workflows identify a microRNA signature of insulin transcription in human tissues, iScience. 2021 Mar 31;24(4):102379. doi: 10.1016/j.isci.2021.102379. PMID: 33981968; PMCID: PMC8082091.

Al Malki A, Brumfield KD, Tsui CKM, Anand A, Rashed SM, Ibrahim E, Al Shamari H, Huq A, Colwell RR, Fotedar R. Draft Genome Sequences of Seven Vibrio cholerae Isolates from Adult Patients in Qatar. Microbiol Resour Announc. 2021 Mar 4;10(9):e01489-20. doi: 10.1128/MRA.01489-20. PMID: 33664147; PMCID: PMC7936645.

Salah H, Sundararaju S, Dalil L, Salameh S, Al-Wali W, Tang P, Ben Abid F, Tsui CKM. Genomic Epidemiology of Candida auris in Qatar Reveals Hospital Transmission Dynamics and a South Asian Origin, J Fungi (Basel), 2021 Mar 23;7(3):240. doi: 10.3390/jof7030240. PMID: 33807036; PMCID: PMC8004815.

Akil AA, Yassin E, Al-Maraghi A, Aliyev E, Al-Malki K, Fakhro KA. **Diagnosis and** treatment of type 1 diabetes at the dawn of the personalized medicine era. J Transl Med. 2021 Apr 1;19(1):137. doi: 10.1186/s12967-021-02778-6. PMID: 33794915; PMCID: PMC8017850.

Hildebrand JM, Lo B, Tomei S, Mattei V, Young SN, Fitzgibbon C, Murphy JM, Fadda A. A family harboring an MLKL loss of function variant implicates impaired necroptosis in diabetes. Cell Death Dis. 2021 Apr 1;12(4):345. doi: 10.1038/s41419-021-03636-5. PMID: 33795639; PMCID: PMC8016849.

Agrebi N, Gentilcore G, Grivel JC, Alkhayer G, Hassoun J, Hassan A, Adeli M, Lo B. X-Linked Agammaglobulinemia Case with TH Domain Missense Mutation in Bruton Tyrosine Kinase. J Clin Immunol. 2021 May;41(4):825–828. doi: 10.1007/s10875-020-00962-9. Epub 2021 Jan 27. PMID: 33501616; PMCID: PMC8068703.

Aydemir S, Islek A, Nepesov S, Yaman Y, Baysoy G, Beser OF, Cokugras FC, Baris S, Karakoc-Aydiner E, Cokugras H, Hubrack SZ, Kendir Demirkol Y, Lo B, Kiykim A, Ozen A. Inflammatory Bowel Disease and Guillain Barre Syndrome in FCHO1 Deficiency. J Clin Immunol. 2021 Aug;41(6):1406-1410. doi: 10.1007/s10875-021-01042-2. Epub 2021 May 5. PMID: 33950325.

Bastaki K, El Anbari M, Ghuloum S, Jithesh PV. Prescription Pattern of Antidepressants and the Potential for Personalized Medicine in the **Qatari Population**. J Pers Med. 2021 May 13;11(5):406. doi: 10.3390/ jpm11050406. PMID: 34068080; PMCID: PMC8152751.

Garand M, Toufiq M, Singh P, Huang SSY, Tomei S, Mathew R, Mattei V, Al Wakeel M, Sharif E, Al Khodor S. Immunomodulatory Effects of Vitamin D Supplementation in a Deficient Population. Int J Mol Sci. 2021 May 10;22(9):5041. doi: 10.3390/ijms22095041. PMID: 34068701; PMCID: PMC8126205.

Ghaini M, Arzanian MT, Shamsian BS, Sadr S, Rohani P, Keramatipour M, Mesdaghi M, Eskandarzadeh S, Lo B, Jamee M, Chavoshzadeh Z. Identifying Novel Mutations in Iranian Patients with LPS-responsive Beige-like Anchor Protein (LRBA) Deficiency. Immunol Invest. 2021 May;50(4):399-405. doi: 10.1080/08820139.2020.1770784. Epub 2020 Jun 1. PMID: 32476511.

Yadav SK, Bhat AA, Hashem S, Nisar S, Kamal M, Syed N, Temanni MR, Gupta RK, Kamran S, Azeem MW, Srivastava AK, Bagga P, Chawla S, Reddy R, Frenneaux MP, Fakhro K, Haris M. **Genetic variations influence brain** changes in patients with attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder. Transl Psychiatry. 2021 Jun 5;11(1):349. doi: 10.1038/s41398-021-01473-w. PMID: 34091591; PMCID: PMC8179928.

Haris B, Saraswathi S, Al-Khawaga S, Hasnah R, (...), Boughorbel S, Petrovski G, Hussain K. Epidemiology, genetic landscape and classification of childhood diabetes mellitus in the State of Qatar. J Diabetes Investig. 2021 Dec;12(12):2141-2148. doi: 10.1111/jdi.13610. Epub 2021 Jul 4. PMID: 34101350; PMCID: PMC8668069.

Al-Shafai KN, Al-Hashemi M, Manickam C, Musa R, Selvaraj S, Sved N. Vempalli F. Ali M. Yacoub M. Estivill X. Genetic evaluation of cardiomyopathies in Oatar identifies enrichment of pathogenic sarcomere gene variants and possible founder disease mutations in the Arabs. Mol Genet Genomic Med. 2021 Jul;9(7):e1709. doi: 10.1002/ mgg3.1709. Epub 2021 Jun 17. PMID: 34137518; PMCID: PMC8372065.

Le Voyer T, Sakata S, Tsumura M, (...), Shcherbina A, Marr N, Boisson-Dupuis S, Casanova JL, Okada S, Bustamante J. Genetic, Immunological, and Clinical Features of 32 Patients with Autosomal Recessive STAT1 Deficiency. J Immunol. 2021 Jul 1;207(1):133–152. doi: 10.4049/jimmunol.2001451. Epub 2021 Jun 28. PMID: 34183371; PMCID: PMC8702442.

Al-Shaibi AA, Abdel-Motal UM, Hubrack SZ, Bullock AN, Al-Marri AA, Agrebi N. Al-Subaiey AA, Ibrahim NA, Charles AK; COLORS in IBD-Qatar Study Group, Elawad M, Uhlig HH, Lo B. Human AGR2 Deficiency Causes Mucus Barrier Dysfunction and Infantile Inflammatory Bowel Disease. Cell Mol Gastroenterol Hepatol. 2021;12(5):1809-1830. doi: 10.1016/j.jcmgh.2021.07.001. Epub 2021 Jul 6. PMID: 34237462; PMCID: PMC8551217.

Altman MC, Rinchai D, Baldwin N, (...), Bedognetti D, Thiebaut R, Kheradmand F, Mejias A, Ramilo O, Palucka K, Pascual V, Banchereau J, Chaussabel D. Development of a fixed module repertoire for the analysis and interpretation of blood transcriptome data. Nat Commun. 2021 Jul 19;12(1):4385. doi: 10.1038/s41467-021-24584-w. PMID: 34282143; PMCID: PMC8289976.

Kolukisa B, Baser D, Akcam B, (...), Eken A, Boztug K, Lo B, Karakoc-Aydiner E, Su HC, Ozen A, Chatila TA, Baris S, Evolution and long-term outcomes of combined immunodeficiency due to CARMIL2 deficiency. Allergy. 2022 Mar;77(3):1004–1019. doi: 10.1111/all.15010. Epub 2021 Jul 30. PMID: 34287962.

Guennoun A, Bougarn S, Khan T, Mackeh R, Rahman M, Al-Ali F, Ata M, (...), Fakhro K, Al-Naimi A, Al Maslamani E, Tuffaha A, Janahi I, Janahi M, Love DR, Karim MY, Lo B, Hassan A, Adeli M, Marr N. A Novel STK4 Mutation Impairs T Cell Immunity Through Dysregulation of Cytokine-Induced Adhesion and Chemotaxis Genes. J Clin Immunol. 2021 Nov;41(8):1839-1852. doi: 10.1007/s10875-021-01115-2. Epub 2021 Aug 24. PMID: 34427831; PMCID: PMC8604862.

Elfatih A, Mifsud B, Syed N, Badii R, Mbarek H, Abbaszadeh F; Qatar Genome Program Research Consortium, Estivill X. Actionable genomic variants in 6045 participants from the Qatar Genome Program. Hum Mutat. 2021 Aug 24. doi: 10.1002/humu.24278. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34428338.

Huang SSY, Toufig M, Saraiva LR, Van Panhuys N, Chaussabel D, Garand M. Transcriptome and Literature Mining Highlight the Differential Expression of ERLIN1 in Immune Cells during Sepsis. Biology (Basel). 2021 Aug 5;10(8):755. doi: 10.3390/biology10080755. PMID: 34439987; PMCID: PMC8389572.

Haris B, Ahmed I, Syed N, Almabrazi H, Saraswathi S, (...), Karim MY, Al-Khalaf F. Tatari-Calderone Z. Petrovski G. Hussain K. Clinical features. epidemiology, autoantibody status, HLA haplotypes and genetic mechanisms of type 1 diabetes mellitus among children in Qatar. Sci Rep. 2021 Sep 23;11(1):18887. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-98460-4. PMID: 34556755; PMCID: PMC8460652.

Elsayed AK, Al-Khawaga S, Hussain K, Abdelalim EM. An induced pluripotent stem cell line derived from a patient with neonatal diabetes and Fanconi-Bickel syndrome caused by a homozygous mutation in the SLC2A2 gene. Stem Cell Res. 2021 Jul;54:102433. doi: 10.1016/j.scr.2021.102433. Epub 2021 Jun 21. PMID: 34171785.

Ali HG, Ibrahim K, Elsaid MF, Mohamed RB, (...), Ali R, Shahbeck N, Al-Mureikhi M, Alsulaiman R, Alkaabi S, Ben-Omran T. Gene therapy for spinal muscular atrophy: the Qatari experience. Gene Ther. 2021 Nov;28(10-11):676-680. doi: 10.1038/s41434-021-00273-7. Epub 2021 Jul 19. PMID: 34276047; PMCID: PMC8599021.

Acharya A, Kavus H, Dunn P, Nasir A, (...), Normand EA, Zou F, Helal M, Keren B, Torti E, Chung WK, Schrauwen I. Delineating the genotypic and phenotypic spectrum of HECW2-related neurodevelopmental disorders. J Med Genet. 2021 Jul 28:jmedgenet-2021-107871. doi: 10.1136/ jmedgenet-2021-107871. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34321324.

Frede N, Rojas-Restrepo J, Caballero Garcia de Oteyza A, (...), Wahn V, von Bernuth H, Whiteford M, Doffinger R, Jouhadi Z, Grimbacher B. **Genetic** Analysis of a Cohort of 275 Patients with Hyper-IgE Syndromes and/or Chronic Mucocutaneous Candidiasis. J Clin Immunol. 2021 Nov;41(8):1804-1838. doi: 10.1007/s10875-021-01086-4. Epub 2021 Aug 14. PMID: 34390440; PMCID: PMC8604890.

Ali R, Al-Dewik N, Mohammed S, Elfituri M, (...), Khalifa A, Al-Sulaiman R, Ben-Omran T. Expanding on the phenotypic spectrum of Woodhouse-Sakati syndrome due to founder pathogenic variant in DCAF17: Report of 58 additional patients from Qatar and literature review. Am J Med Genet A. 2022 Jan;188(1):116–129. doi: 10.1002/ajmg.a.62501. Epub 2021 Sep 30. PMID: 34590781.

Marafi D, Fatih JM, Kaiyrzhanov R, Ferla MP, (...), Alkuraya FS, Elsea SH, Lupski JR. Biallelic variants in SLC38A3 encoding a glutamine transporter cause epileptic encephalopathy. Brain. 2021 Oct 4:awab369. doi: 10.1093/brain/awab369. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34605855.

Malik S, Zaied R, Syed N, Jithesh P, Al-Shafai M. Seven novel glucose-6phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency variants identified in the Qatari population. Hum Genomics. 2021 Oct 7;15(1):61. doi: 10.1186/s40246-021-00358-9. PMID: 34620237; PMCID: PMC8499492.

Razali RM, Rodriguez-Flores J, Ghorbani M, Naeem H, Aamer W, Aliyev E, Jubran A; Qatar Genome Program Research Consortium, Clark AG, Fakhro KA, Mokrab Y. Thousands of Qatari genomes inform human migration history and improve imputation of Arab haplotypes. Nat Commun. 2021 Oct 12;12(1):5929. doi: 10.1038/s41467-021-25287-y. PMID: 34642339; PMCID: PMC8511259.

Merico D, Pasternak Y, Zarrei M, Higginbotham EJ, Thiruvahindrapuram B, Scott O, Willett-Pachul J, Grunebaum E, Upton J, Atkinson A, Kim VHD, Aliyev E, Fakhro K, Scherer SW, Roifman CM. Homozygous duplication identified by whole genome sequencing causes LRBA deficiency. NPJ Genom Med. 2021 Nov 18;6(1):96. doi: 10.1038/s41525-021-00263-z. PMID: 34795304: PMCID: PMC8602677.

Abou Tayoun AN, Fakhro KA, Alsheikh-Ali A, Alkuraya FS, Genomic medicine in the Middle East. Genome Med. 2021 Nov 23;13(1):184. doi: 10.1186/ s13073-021-01003-9. PMID: 34814937; PMCID: PMC8611926.

Hassan K, Robay A, Al-Maraghi A, Nimeri N, Azzam A, Al Shakaki A, Hamid E, Crystal R, Fakhro K. Novel MYO5B Mutation in Microvillous Inclusion Disease of Syrian Ancestry. Cold Spring Harb Mol Case Stud. 2021 Nov 23:mcs.a006103. doi: 10.1101/mcs.a006103. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34815247.

Rehm HL, Page AJH, Smith L, Adams JB, (...), Zhang J, Goodhand P, North K, Birney E. GA4GH: International policies and standards for data sharing across genomic research and healthcare. Cell Genom. 2021 Nov 10;1(2):100029. doi: 10.1016/j.xgen.2021.100029. PMID: 35072136; PMCID: PMC8774288.

Khan H, Chong AEQ, Bilal M, Nawaz S, Abdullah, Abbasi S, Hussain A, Hussain S. Ullah I. Ali H. Xue S. Ahmad W. Novel variants in the LRP4 underlying Cenani-Lenz Syndactyly syndrome. J Hum Genet. 2021 Dec 3. doi: 10.1038/ s10038-021-00995-x. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34857885.

Fatima MT, Ahmed I, Fakhro KA, Akil ASA. Melanocortin-4 receptor complexity in energy homeostasis, obesity and drug development strategies. Diabetes Obes Metab. 2021 Dec 9. doi: 10.1111/dom.14618. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34882941.

Lambrou GI, Kino T, Koide H, Ng SSM, Geronikolou SA, Bacopoulou F, Charmandari E, G C. Bioinformatics Analyses of Spatial Peripheral Circadian Clock-Mediated Gene Expression of Glucocorticoid Receptor-Related Genes. Adv Exp Med Biol. 2021;1338:67-79. doi: 10.1007/978-3-030-78775-2\_9. PMID: 34973011.

Sundararaju S, Salah H, Ibrahim EB, Perez-Lopez A, Abid FB, Tsui CKM. Draft Genome Sequence of Rhodotorula mucilaginosa from an Adult Patient in Qatar. Microbiol Resour Announc. 2021 Oct 21;10(42):e0072521. doi: 10.1128/MRA.00725-21. Epub 2021 Oct 21. PMID: 34672698; PMCID: PMC8530037.

Aguiar-Pulido V, Wolujewicz P, Martinez-Fundichely A, (...), Mason CE, Elemento O, Finnell RH, Ross ME. Systems biology analysis of human genomes points to key pathways conferring spina bifida risk. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2021 Dec 21:118(51):e2106844118. doi: 10.1073/ pnas.2106844118. PMID: 34916285; PMCID: PMC8713748.

Liang J, Pecoraro L, Cai L, Yuan Z, Zhao P, Tsui CKM, Zhang Z. Phylogenetic Relationships, Speciation, and Origin of Armillaria in the Northern Hemisphere: A Lesson Based on rRNA and Elongation Factor 1-Alpha. J Fungi (Basel). 2021 Dec 17;7(12):1088. doi: 10.3390/jof7121088. PMID: 34947070; PMCID: PMC8705980.

#### **IMAGING**

Vallasciani S, Bujons Tur A, Gatti J, Machado M, Cooper CS, Farrugia MK, Zhou H. El Anbari M. Lopez P.J. Hydronephrosis Classifications: Has UTD Overtaken APD and SFU? A Worldwide Survey. Front Pediatr. 2021 Apr 12;9:646517. doi: 10.3389/fped.2021.646517. PMID: 33912523; PMCID: PMC8072019.

Maaz AUR, O'Doherty J, Djekidel M. 68Ga-DOTATATE PET/CT for Neuroblastoma Staging: Utility for Clinical Use. J Nucl Med Technol. 2021 Sep;49(3):265-268. doi: 10.2967/jnmt.120.258939. Epub 2021 Apr 5. PMID: 33820858.

van Wassenaer EA, Daams JG, Benninga MA, Rosendahl K, Koot BGP, Stafrace S, Arthurs OJ, van Rijn RR. Non-radiologist-performed abdominal point-of-care ultrasonography in paediatrics - a scoping review. Pediatr Radiol. 2021 Jul; 51(8):1386-1399. doi: 10.1007/ s00247-021-04997-x. Epub 2021 Apr 10. PMID: 33837798; PMCID: PMC8266706.

Granata C. Friia G. Damilakis J. Foley S.J. De Bondt T. Owens CM: European Society of Radiology (ESR). Referral guidelines for medical imaging in children: an ESR-EuroSafe Imaging survey on availability, awareness and use in clinical practice among European radiologists. Eur Radiol. 2021 Oct;31(10): 7984-7991. doi: 10.1007/s00330-021-07906-w. Epub 2021 Apr 15. PMID: 33856515.

Djekidel M, M Das J. Nuclear Medicine Neuro PET Assessment, Protocols, And Interpretation. 2022 Jan 8. In: StatPearls [Internet]. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2022 Jan-. PMID: 34033353.

Napolitano M, Franchi-Abella S, Damasio BM, (...), Ording Müller LS, Petit P. Practical approach for the diagnosis of biliary atresia on imaging, part 2: magnetic resonance cholecystopancreatography, hepatobiliary scintigraphy, percutaneous cholecysto-cholangiography, endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography, percutaneous liver biopsy, risk scores and decisional flowchart. Pediatr Radiol. 2021 Jul;51(8):1545-1554. doi: 10.1007/s00247-021-05034-7. Epub 2021 May 11. PMID: 33974103.

Al Beloushi M, Kalache K, Ahmed B, Konje JC. Ultrasound diagnosis of infections in pregnancy. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2021 Jul;262:188–197. doi: 10.1016/j.ejogrb.2021.05.027. Epub 2021 May 14. PMID: 34062306.

 ${\sf Kelly\ C,\ Delakis\ I.\ \textbf{Technical\ evaluation\ of\ a\ clinical,\ bi-planar,\ digital\ and\ upright}}$ X-ray imaging unit. J Med Radiat Sci. 2021 Dec;68(4):475-481. doi: 10.1002/ jmrs.519. Epub 2021 Jun 6. PMID: 34096199; PMCID: PMC8655884.

Djekidel M. 18F-FDOPA and 68Ga-dotatate PET imaging in congenital hyperinsulinism. Am J Nucl Med Mol Imaging. 2021 Jun 15;11(3):188–195. PMID: 34234997; PMCID: PMC8255214.

Djekidel M, Govindarajan KK. Nuclear Medicine Pediatric Assessment, Protocols, And Interpretation. 2022 Jan 8. In: StatPearls [Internet]. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2022 Jan-. PMID: 34283498.

Delakis I, Kelly C. Use of weight-based vs age-based groupings in the study of typical values of air kerma area product (PKA) for paediatric radiographs of chest and abdomen. Br J Radiol. 2021 Nov 1;94(1127):20210331. doi: 10.1259/bjr.20210331. Epub 2021 Sep 19. PMID: 34541860; PMCID: PMC8553206.

Wani TM, John J, Rehman S, Bhaskar P, Sahabudheen AF, Mahfoud ZR, Tobias JD. Point-of-care ultrasound to confirm endotracheal tube cuff position in relationship to the cricoid in the pediatric population. Paediatr Anaesth. 2021 Dec;31(12):1310-1315. doi: 10.1111/pan.14303. Epub 2021 Oct 11. PMID: 34608715.

Wani TM, John J, Bahun V, AlGhamdi F, Tumin D, Tobias JD. Endotracheal tube cuff position in relation to the cricoid in children: A retrospective computed tomography-based analysis. Saudi J Anaesth. 2021 Oct-Dec;15(4):403-408. doi: 10.4103/sja.sja\_396\_21. Epub 2021 Sep 2. PMID: 34658727; PMCID: PMC8477782

Astrea G. Morrow JM. Manzur A. Gunny R. Battini R. Mercuri E. Reilly MM. Muntoni F. Yousry TA. Muscle "islands": An MRI signature distinguishing neurogenic from myopathic causes of early onset distal weakness. Neuromuscul Disord. 2021 Nov 18:S0960-8966(21)00693-3. doi: 10.1016/j.nmd.2021.11.003. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 35033413.

Perucca G, de Lange C, Franchi-Abella S, (...), Smets AM, Petit P, Ording Müller LS. Surveillance of Fontan-associated liver disease: current standards and a proposal from the European Society of Paediatric Radiology Abdominal Task Force. Pediatr Radiol. 2021 Dec;51(13):2598-2606. doi: 10.1007/s00247-021-05173-x. Epub 2021 Oct 15. PMID: 34654967; PMCID: PMC8599216.

Perucca G, de Lange C, Franchi-Abella S, (...), Smets AM, Petit P, Müller LO. Radiologic follow-up in Fontan-associated liver disease in Europe: European Society of Paediatric Radiology survey demonstrates the need for a consensus protocol. Pediatr Radiol. 2021 Dec;51(13):2607-2610. doi: 10.1007/s00247-021-05172-y. Epub 2021 Oct 16. PMID: 34654969; PMCID: PMC8599243.

Djekidel M, Michalski M. **Hybrid Imaging with SPECT-CT and SPECT-MR** in Hepatic Splenosis. J Nucl Med Technol. 2021 Dec 6:jnmt.121.263013. doi: 10.2967/jnmt.121.263013. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34872916.

#### **IMMUNOLOGY**

Gao D, Ciancanelli MJ, Zhang P, (...), Studer L, Casanova JL, Zhang SY. TLR3 controls constitutive IFN-  $\!\beta$  antiviral immunity in human fibroblasts and cortical neurons. J Clin Invest. 2021 Jan 4;131(1):e134529. doi: 10.1172/JCl134529. PMID: 33393505; PMCID: PMC7773389.

Yu F, Agrebi N, Mackeh R, Abouhazima K, KhudaBakhsh K, Adeli M, Lo B, Hassan A, Machaca K. Novel ORAI1 Mutation Disrupts Channel Trafficking Resulting in Combined Immunodeficiency. J Clin Immunol. 2021 Jul;41(5):1004-1015. doi: 10.1007/s10875-021-01004-8. Epub 2021 Mar 1. PMID: 33650027; PMCID: PMC8249264.

Jamee M, Hosseinzadeh S, Sharifinejad N, Zaki-Dizaji M, Matloubi M, Hasani M, Baris S, Alsabbagh M, Lo B, Azizi G. Comprehensive comparison between 222 CTLA-4 haploinsufficiency and 212 LRBA deficiency patients: a systematic review. Clin Exp Immunol. 2021 Jul;205(1):28-43. doi: 10.1111/cei.13600. Epub 2021 May 3. PMID: 33788257; PMCID: PMC8209572.

Le Berre L, Chesneau M, Danger R, Dubois F, Chaussabel D, Garand M, Brouard S. Connection of BANK1, Tolerance, Regulatory B cells, and Apoptosis: Perspectives of a Reductionist Investigation. Front Immunol. 2021 Mar 18:12:589786. doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2021.589786. PMID: 33815360; PMCID: PMC8015775.

Lodi L, Melki I, Bondet V, (...), Duffy D, Crow YJ, Frémond ML. Differential Expression of Interferon-Alpha Protein Provides Clues to Tissue Specificity Across Type I Interferonopathies. J Clin Immunol. 2021 Apr;41(3):603-609. doi: 10.1007/s10875-020-00952-x. Epub 2021 Jan 7. PMID: 33411153.

Nielsen MJ, Baines P, Jennings R, (...), Paulus S, Cunliffe N, Carrol ED. Procalcitonin, C-reactive protein, neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin, resistin and the APTT waveform for the early diagnosis of serious bacterial infection and prediction of outcome in critically ill children. PLoS One. 2021 Feb 5;16(2):e0246027. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0246027. PMID: 33544738; PMCID: PMC7864456.

Meyts I, Bousfiha A, Duff C, Singh S, Lau YL, Condino-Neto A, Bezrodnik L, Ali A, Adeli M, Drabwell J. Primary Immunodeficiencies: A Decade of Progress and a Promising Future. Front Immunol. 2021 Feb 18;11:625753. doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2020.625753. PMID: 33679719; PMCID: PMC7935502.

Sawyer AJ, Garand M, Chaussabel D, Feng CG. Transcriptomic Profiling Identifies Neutrophil-Specific Upregulation of Cystatin F as a Marker of Acute Inflammation in Humans. Front Immunol. 2021 Apr 1;12:634119. doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2021.634119. PMID: 33868254; PMCID: PMC8047108.

Le Voyer T, Neehus AL, Yang R, (...), Boisson-Dupuis S, Casanova JL, Bustamante J. Inherited deficiency of stress granule ZNFX1 in patients with monocytosis and mycobacterial disease. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2021 Apr 13:118(15):e2102804118. doi: 10.1073/pnas.2102804118. PMID: 33876776; PMCID: PMC8053974.

Ogishi M, Yang R, Aytekin C, (...), Gros P, Boisson-Dupuis S, Casanova JL. Inherited PD-1 deficiency underlies tuberculosis and autoimmunity in a child. Nat Med. 2021 Sep;27(9):1646-1654. doi: 10.1038/s41591-021-01388-5. Epub 2021 Jun 28. PMID: 34183838; PMCID: PMC8446316.

Aghamohammadi A, Rezaei N, Yazdani R, (...), Al-Herz W, Geha RS, Abolhassani H. Consensus Middle East and North Africa Registry on Inborn Errors of Immunity. J Clin Immunol. 2021 Aug;41(6):1339–1351. doi: 10.1007/s10875-021-01053-z. Epub 2021 May 29. PMID: 34052995; PMCID: PMC8310844.

Béziat V, Rapaport F, Hu J, (...), Bossuyt X, Shahrooei M, Casanova JL. **Humans with** inherited T cell CD28 deficiency are susceptible to skin papillomaviruses but are otherwise healthy. Cell. 2021 Jul 8;184(14):3812-3828.e30. doi: 10.1016/j. cell.2021.06.004. Epub 2021 Jul 1. PMID: 34214472; PMCID: PMC8329841.

Asano T, Khourieh J, Zhang P, (...), Béziat V, Casanova JL, Boisson B. Human STAT3 variants underlie autosomal dominant hyper-IgE syndrome by **negative dominance**. J Exp Med. 2021 Aug 2;218(8):e20202592. doi: 10.1084/ jem.20202592. Epub 2021 Jun 17. PMID: 34137790; PMCID: PMC8217968.

Sukumaran P, Nascimento Da Conceicao V, Sun Y, Ahamad N, Saraiva LR, Selvaraj S, Singh BB. Calcium Signaling Regulates Autophagy and Apoptosis. Cells. 2021 Aug 18;10(8):2125. doi: 10.3390/cells10082125. PMID: 34440894; PMCID: PMC8394685.

Lévy R, Langlais D, Béziat V, (...), Geissmann F, Tangye SG, Casanova JL, Puel A. Inherited human c-Rel deficiency disrupts myeloid and lymphoid immunity to multiple infectious agents. J Clin Invest. 2021 Sep 1;131(17):e150143. doi: 10.1172/JCI150143. PMID: 34623332; PMCID: PMC8409595.

Dad N, Buhmaid S, Mulik V. Vaccination in pregnancy—The when, what and how? Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2021 Oct;265:1-6. doi: 10.1016/j. ejogrb.2021.08.009. Epub 2021 Aug 11. PMID: 34403876.

Haris B, Abdellatief A, Afyouni H, Abdel-Karim T, Mohammed S, Khalifa A, Al-Maadheed M, Zyoud M, Elawwa A, Al-Khalaf F, Petrovski G, Hussain K. The prevalence, immune profile, and clinical characteristics of children with celiac disease and type 1 diabetes mellitus in the state of Qatar. J Pediatr Endocrinol Metab. 2021 Aug 30;34(11):1457-1461. doi: 10.1515/jpem-2021-0452. PMID: 34455732.

Toufiq M, Huang SSY, Boughorbel S, Alfaki M, Rinchai D, Saraiva LR, Chaussabel D, Garand M. SysInflam HuDB, a Web Resource for Mining Human Blood Cells Transcriptomic Data Associated with Systemic Inflammatory Responses to Sepsis. J Immunol. 2021 Nov 1;207(9):2195-2202. doi: 10.4049/ jimmunol.2100697. PMID: 34663591; PMCID: PMC8525868.

Taj-Aldeen SJ, Mir FA, Sivaraman SK, AbdulWahab A. Serum Cytokine Profile in Patients with Candidemia versus Bacteremia. Pathogens. 2021 Oct 19;10(10):1349. doi: 10.3390/pathogens10101349. PMID: 34684298; PMCID: PMC8537900.

Bielicki JA, Stöhr W, Barratt S, (...); PERUKI, GAPRUKI, and the CAP-IT Trial Group, Effect of Amoxicillin Dose and Treatment Duration on the Need for Antibiotic Re-treatment in Children With Community-Acquired Pneumonia: The CAP-IT Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA. 2021 Nov 2;326(17):1713-1724. doi: 10.1001/jama.2021.17843. Erratum in: JAMA. 2021 Dec 7;326(21):2208. PMID: 34726708; PMCID: PMC8564579.

Barratt S, Bielicki JA, Dunn D, Faust SN, Finn A, Harper L, Jackson P, Lyttle MD, Powell CV, Rogers L, Roland D, Stöhr W, Sturgeon K, Vitale E, Wan M, Gibb DM, Sharland M. Amoxicillin duration and dose for community-acquired pneumonia in children: the CAP-IT factorial non-inferiority RCT. Health Technol Assess. 2021 Nov;25(60):1–72. doi: 10.3310/hta25600. PMID: 34738518.

El-Hodhod MA, El-Shabrawi MHF, AlBadi A, (...), Al-Sawi NMM, Hage P, Al-Hammadi S. Consensus statement on the epidemiology, diagnosis, prevention, and management of cow's milk protein allergy in the Middle East: a modified Delphi-based study. World J Pediatr. 2021 Dec;17(6): 576-589. doi: 10.1007/s12519-021-00476-3. Epub 2021 Nov 24. PMID: 34817828; PMCID: PMC8639571.

Keshta AS, Elamin N, Hasan MR, Pérez-López A, Roscoe D, Tang P, Suleiman M. Evaluation of Rapid Immunochromatographic Tests for the Direct **Detection of Extended Spectrum Beta-Lactamases and Carbapenemases** in Enterobacterales Isolated from Positive Blood Cultures. Microbiol Spectr. 2021 Dec 22;9(3):e0078521. doi: 10.1128/Spectrum.00785-21. Epub 2021 Dec 8. PMID: 34878297; PMCID: PMC8653814.

Perelygina L, Faisthalab R, Abernathy E, (...), Icenogle J, Hauck F, Sullivan KE. Rubella Virus Infected Macrophages and Neutrophils Define Patterns of Granulomatous Inflammation in Inborn and Acquired Errors of Immunity. Front Immunol. 2021 Dec 20;12:796065. doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2021.796065. PMID: 35003119; PMCID: PMC8728873.

#### **INFECTIOUS DISEASE**

Mathew S. Al Ansari K. Al Thani AA, Zaraket H. Yassine HM. Epidemiological. molecular, and clinical features of rotavirus infections among pediatrics in Qatar. Eur J Clin Microbiol Infect Dis. 2021 Jun;40(6):1177-1190. doi: 10.1007/s10096-020-04108-y. Epub 2021 Jan 7. PMID: 33411172.

Abid FB, Tsui CKM, Doi Y, Deshmukh A, McElheny CL, Bachman WC, Fowler EL, Albishawi A, Mushtaq K, Ibrahim EB, Doiphode SH, Hamed MM, Almaslmani MA, Alkhal A, Butt AA, Omrani AS. Molecular characterization of clinical carbapenem-resistant Enterobacterales from Qatar. Eur J Clin Microbiol Infect Dis. 2021 Aug;40(8):1779-1785. doi: 10.1007/s10096-021-04185-7. Epub 2021 Feb 22. PMID: 33616788; PMCID: PMC8295067.

Abdelrahman D. Al-Sadeg DW. Smatti MK. Taleb SA. AbuOdeh RO. Al-Absi ES. Al-Thani AA, Coyle PV, Al-Dewik N, Qahtani AAA, Yassine HM, Nasrallah GK. Prevalence and Phylogenetic Analysis of Parvovirus (B19V) among Blood Donors with Different Nationalities Residing in Qatar. Viruses. 2021 Mar 24;13(4):540. doi: 10.3390/v13040540. PMID: 33805034; PMCID: PMC8063948. Mana HA, Sundararaju S, Eltai NO, Al-Hadidi SH, Hasan MR, Tang P, Pérez-López A. Low-level amikacin resistance induced by AAC(6')-Ib and AAC(6')-Ib-cr in extended-spectrum  $\beta$ -lactamase (ESBL)-producing Enterobacterales isolated from urine in children. J Glob Antimicrob Resist. 2021 Sep;26:42-44. doi: 10.1016/j.jgar.2021.04.026. Epub 2021 May 21. PMID: 34029770.

Pérez-López A, Hasan MR, Sundararaju S, Tsui CKM, Al-Mana HA, Suleiman M, Imam O, Tang P. Trends in fecal carriage of carbapenemase-producing Enterobacterales in children before and after the implementation of international travel restrictions in response to COVID-19. Travel Med Infect Dis. 2021 Sep-Oct;43:102120. doi: 10.1016/j.tmaid.2021.102120. Epub 2021 Jun 15. PMID: 34139378.

Mathew S. Al Khatib HA. Al Ansari K. Nader J. Nasrallah GK. Younes NN. Covle PV, Al Thani AA, Al Maslamani MA, Yassine HM. Epidemiology Profile of Viral Meningitis Infections Among Patients in Qatar (2015-2018). Front Med (Lausanne), 2021 Jun 16:8:663694, doi: 10.3389/fmed.2021.663694. PMID: 34222280; PMCID: PMC8241925.

Mattox AK, Roelands J, Saal TM, Cheng Y, Rinchai D, Hendrickx W, Young GD, Diefenbach TJ, Berger AE, Westra WH, Bishop JA, Faquin WC, Marincola FM, Pittet MJ, Bedognetti D, Pai SI. Myeloid Cells Are Enriched in Tonsillar Crypts, Providing Insight into the Viral Tropism of Human Papillomavirus. Am  ${\sf J}$ Pathol. 2021 Oct;191(10):1774–1786. doi: 10.1016/j.ajpath.2021.06.012. Epub 2021 Jul 23. PMID: 34303699; PMCID: PMC8491092.

Barrett TM, Tsui CKM. Emerging fungal pathogen: Candida auris. Evol Med Public Health. 2021 Aug 11;9(1):246-247. doi: 10.1093/emph/eoab021. PMID: 34447574; PMCID: PMC8383903.

Pérez-López A, Sundararaju S, Tsui KM, Al-Mana H, Hasan MR, Suleiman M, Al Maslamani E, Imam O, Roscoe D, Tang P. Fecal Carriage and Molecular Characterization of Carbapenemase-Producing Enterobacterales in the Pediatric Population in Qatar. Microbiol Spectr. 2021 Dec 22;9(3):e0112221. doi: 10.1128/ Spectrum.01122-21. Epub 2021 Nov 10. PMID: 34756089; PMCID: PMC8579929. Basahel A, Shurab N, Sundararaju S, Hasan MR, Tsui KM, Suleiman M, Imam O, Tang P, Pérez-López A. First report of NDM-1-producing Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the Arabian Peninsula. J Glob Antimicrob Resist. 2021 Dec 17:S2213-7165(21)00278-2. doi: 10.1016/j.jgar.2021.12.007. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34929378.

Pérez-López A. Elamin N. Nabor R. Dumindin S. Roscoe D. Hasan MR, Suleiman M, Tang P. Performance and Impact on Initial Antibiotic Choice of Direct Identification of Pathogens from Pediatric Blood Culture Bottles Using an In-House MALDI-TOF MS Protocol. Microbiol Spectr. 2021 Dec 22;9(3):e0190521. doi: 10.1128/spectrum.01905-21. Epub 2021 Dec 22. PMID: 34937166; PMCID: PMC8694180.

#### **MICROBIOME**

Kohil A, Al-Asmakh M, Al-Shafai M, Terranegra A. The Interplay Between Diet and the Epigenome in the Pathogenesis of Type-1 Diabetes. Front Nutr. 2021 Jan 28;7:612115. doi: 10.3389/fnut.2020.612115. PMID: 33585535; PMCID: PMC7876257.

Singh P, Rawat A, Al-Jarrah B, Saraswathi S, Gad H, Elawad M, Hussain K, Hendaus MA, Al-Masri W, A Malik R, Al Khodor S, Akobeng AK. Distinctive Microbial Signatures and Gut-Brain Crosstalk in Pediatric Patients with Coeliac Disease and Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus. Int J Mol Sci. 2021 Feb 3;22(4):1511. doi: 10.3390/ijms22041511. PMID: 33546364; PMCID: PMC7913584.

Saadaoui M, Singh P, Al Khodor S. Oral microbiome and pregnancy: A bidirectional relationship. J Reprod Immunol. 2021 Jun;145:103293. doi: 10.1016/j.jri.2021.103293. Epub 2021 Feb 19. PMID: 33676065.

Lakshmanan AP, Kohil A, El Assadi F, Al Zaidan S, Al Abduljabbar S, Bangarusamy DK, Al Khalaf F, Petrovski G, Terranegra A. Akkermansia, a Possible Microbial Marker for Poor Glycemic Control in Qataris Children Consuming Arabic Diet—A Pilot Study on Pediatric T1DM in Qatar. Nutrients. 2021 Mar 4;13(3):836. doi: 10.3390/nu13030836. PMID: 33806427; PMCID: PMC7999932.

Gordon M, Sinopoulou V, Iheozor-Ejiofor Z, Iqbal T, Allen P, Hoque S, Engineer J, Akobeng AK. Interventions for treating iron deficiency anaemia in inflammatory bowel disease. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2021 Jan 20;1(1):CD013529. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD013529.pub2. PMID: 33471939; PMCID: PMC8092475.

Sohail MU, Al Khatib HA, Al Thani AA, Al Ansari K, Yassine HM, Al-Asmakh M. Microbiome profiling of rotavirus infected children suffering from acute gastroenteritis. Gut Pathog. 2021 Mar 29;13(1):21. doi: 10.1186/s13099-021-00411-x. PMID: 33781328; PMCID: PMC8005861.

Tomei S, Manjunath HS, Murugesan S, Al Khodor S. The Salivary miRNome: A Promising Biomarker of Disease. Microrna. 2021;10(1):29-38. doi: 10.2174/2211536610666210412154455. PMID: 33845754.

Murugesan S, Al Khodor S. **Translational metagenomics**. J Transl Med. 2021 Apr 19;19(1):158. doi: 10.1186/s12967-021-02835-0. PMID: 33874949; PMCID: PMC8056681.

Bangarusamy DK, Lakshmanan AP, Al-Zaidan S, Alabduljabbar S, Terranegra A. Nutri-epigenetics: the effect of maternal diet and early nutrition on the pathogenesis of autoimmune diseases. Minerva Pediatr (Torino). 2021 Apr;73(2):98-110. doi: 10.23736/S2724-5276.20.06166-6. PMID: 33880901.

Lakshmanan AP, Shatat IF, Zaidan S, Jacob S, Bangarusamy DK, Al-Abduljabbar S, Al-Khalaf F, Petroviski G, Terranegra A. Bifidobacterium reduction is associated with high blood pressure in children with type 1 diabetes mellitus. Biomed Pharmacother. 2021 Aug;140:111736. doi: 10.1016/j.biopha.2021.111736. Epub 2021 May 23. PMID: 34034069.

Alabduljabbar S, Zaidan SA, Lakshmanan AP, Terranegra A. **Personalized** Nutrition Approach in Pregnancy and Early Life to Tackle Childhood and Adult Non-Communicable Diseases. Life (Basel). 2021 May 24;11(6):467. doi: 10.3390/life11060467. PMID: 34073649; PMCID: PMC8224671.

Terranegra A, Petrovski G, Verduci E. Editorial: The Triple Interaction: Diet, Microbiota and Epigenetics in the Onset and Management of Type 1 Diabetes. Front Nutr. 2021 Sep 17;8:705770. doi: 10.3389/fnut.2021.705770. PMID: 34604275; PMCID: PMC8485977.

Gao M, Xiong C, Gao C, Tsui CKM, Wang MM, Zhou X, Zhang AM, Cai L. Disease-induced changes in plant microbiome assembly and functional adaptation. Microbiome. 2021 Sep 15;9(1):187. doi: 10.1186/s40168-021-01138-2. PMID: 34526096; PMCID: PMC8444440.

Murugesan S, Elanbari M, Bangarusamy DK, Terranegra A, Al Khodor S. **Can** the Salivary Microbiome Predict Cardiovascular Diseases? Lessons Learned From the Qatari Population. Front Microbiol. 2021 Dec 10;12:772736. doi: 10.3389/fmicb.2021.772736. PMID: 34956135; PMCID: PMC8703018.

Sinopoulou V, Gordon M, Akobeng AK, Gasparetto M, Sammaan M, Vasiliou J, Dovey TM. Interventions for the management of abdominal pain in Crohn's disease and inflammatory bowel disease. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2021 Nov 29;11(11):CD013531. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD013531.pub2. PMID: 34844288; PMCID: PMC8629648.

Gordon M, Lakunina S, Sinopoulou V, Akobeng A. **Minimum sample size** estimates for trials in inflammatory bowel disease: A systematic review of a support resource. World J Gastroenterol. 2021 Nov 21;27(43):7572-7581. doi: 10.3748/wjg.v27.i43.7572. PMID: 34887650; PMCID: PMC8613748.

#### **NEUROLOGY**

Kurian SM, Naressi RG, Manoel D, Barwich AS, Malnic B, Saraiva LR. Odor coding in the mammalian olfactory epithelium. Cell Tissue Res. 2021 Jan;383(1):445-456. doi: 10.1007/s00441-020-03327-1. Epub 2021 Jan 6. PMID: 33409650; PMCID: PMC7873010.

Ahmed J, Pullattayil S AK, Robertson NJ, More K. Melatonin for neuroprotection in neonatal encephalopathy: A systematic review & meta-analysis of clinical trials. Eur J Paediatr Neurol. 2021 Mar;31:38-45. doi: 10.1016/j.ejpn.2021.02.003. Epub 2021 Feb 11. PMID: 33601197.

Kashikar-Zuck S, Briggs MS, Bout-Tabaku S, (...), Thomas S, Williams SE, Zempsky W; Childhood Arthritis and Rheumatology Research Alliance (CARRA) Pain Workgroup Investigators. Randomized clinical trial of Fibromyalgia Integrative Training (FIT teens) for adolescents with juvenile fibromyalgia—Study design and protocol. Contemp Clin Trials. 2021 Apr;103:106321. doi: 10.1016/j.cct.2021.106321. Epub 2021 Feb 20. PMID: 33618033; PMCID: PMC8089039.

Mahmoud A Tahassum S Al Fnazi S Lubhad N Al Wadei A Al Otaibi A. Jad L. Benini R. Amelioration of Levetiracetam-Induced Behavioral Side Effects by Pyridoxine, A Randomized Double Blind Controlled Study. Pediatr Neurol. 2021 Jun;119:15-21. doi: 10.1016/j.pediatrneurol.2021.02.010. Epub 2021 Mar 8. PMID: 33823377.

Soni R, Tscherning Wel-Wel C, Robertson NJ. Neuroscience meets nurture: challenges of prematurity and the critical role of family-centred and developmental care as a key part of the neuroprotection care bundle. Arch Dis Child Fetal Neonatal Ed. 2021 May 10:fetalneonatal-2020-319450. doi: 10.1136/archdischild-2020-319450. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33972264

Dias C, Pfundt R, Kleefstra T, (...), Guerrot AM, Charollais A, Rodan LH. De novo variants in TCF7L2 are associated with a syndromic neurodevelopmental disorder. Am J Med Genet A. 2021 Aug;185(8):2384-2390. doi: 10.1002/ajmg.a.62254. Epub 2021 May 18. PMID: 34003604; PMCID: PMC8815108.

Chakkarapani AA, Aly H, Benders M, Cotten CM, El-Dib M, Gressens P, Hagberg H, Sabir H, Wintermark P, Robertson NJ; Newborn Brain Society Guidelines and Publications Committee. Therapies for neonatal encephalopathy: Targeting the latent, secondary and tertiary phases of evolving brain injury. Semin Fetal Neonatal Med. 2021 Oct;26(5):101256. doi: 10.1016/j. siny.2021.101256. Epub 2021 Jun 12. PMID: 34154945.

Salter CG, Cai Y, Lo B, (...), De Camilli P, Wolf NI, Baple EL. Biallelic PI4KA variants cause neurological, intestinal and immunological disease. Brain. 2021 Dec 31;144(12): 3597-3610. doi: 10.1093/brain/awab313. PMID: 34415310; PMCID: PMC8719846

Losbar JL, Montjaux N, Ehlinger V, Germany L, Arnaud C, Tscherning C. Early discharge and hospital-assisted home care is associated with better neurodevelopmental outcome in preterm infants. Early Hum Dev. 2021 Oct;161:105451. doi: 10.1016/j.earlhumdev.2021.105451. Epub 2021 Aug 21. PMID: 34507020.

#### **OB-GYN**

Kumar M, Murugesan S, Singh P, Saadaoui M, Elhag DA, Terranegra A, Kabeer BSA, Marr AK, Kino T, Brummaier T, McGready R, Nosten F, Chaussabel D, Al Khodor S. Vaginal Microbiota and Cytokine Levels Predict Preterm Delivery in Asian Women. Front Cell Infect Microbiol. 2021 Mar 4;11:639665. doi: 10.3389/fcimb.2021.639665. PMID: 33747983; PMCID: PMC7969986.

Abdullahi H, Elnahas A, Konje JC. Seasonal influenza during pregnancy. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2021 Mar;258:235-239. doi: 10.1016/j. ejogrb.2021.01.005. Epub 2021 Jan 6. PMID: 33476926.

Bashir M, Syed A, Furuya-Kanamori L, Musa OAH, Mohamed AM, Skarulis M, Thalib L. Konie JC. Abou-Samra AB. Doi SAR. Core outcomes in gestational diabetes for treatment trials: The Gestational Metabolic Group treatment set. Obes Sci Pract. 2021 Feb 3;7(3):251-259. doi: 10.1002/osp4.480. PMID: 34123392: PMCID: PMC8170585.

Bashir M, Ibrahim I, Eltaher F, Beer S, Baagar K, Aboulfotouh M, Konje JC, Abou-Samra AB. Screening pregnant women in a high-risk population with WHO-2013 or NICE diagnostic criteria does not affect the prevalence of gestational diabetes. Sci Rep. 2021 Mar 10;11(1):5604. doi: 10.1038/ s41598-021-84918-y. PMID: 33692395; PMCID: PMC7946879.

Gray T, Mohan S, Lindow S, Pandey U, Farrell T. Obstetric violence: Comparing medical student perceptions in India and the UK. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2021 Jun;261:98-102. doi: 10.1016/j. ejogrb.2021.04.013. Epub 2021 Apr 15. PMID: 33932685.

Mulik V, Dad N, Buhmaid S. Dengue in pregnancy: Review article. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2021 Jun;261:205-210. doi: 10.1016/j. ejogrb.2021.04.035. Epub 2021 Apr 30. PMID: 33971383.

Kumar M, Saadaoui M, Elhag DA, Murugesan S, Al Abduljabbar S, (...), Terranegra A, Al Khodor S. Omouma: a prospective mother and child cohort aiming to identify early biomarkers of pregnancy complications in women living in Qatar. BMC Pregnancy Childbirth. 2021 Aug 19;21(1):570. doi: 10.1186/s12884-021-04029-4. PMID: 34412611; PMCID: PMC8377974.

Bayoumi MAA, Masri RM, Matani NYS, (...), Bakry MS, Gad AI, Agarwal R. Maternal and neonatal outcomes in mothers with diabetes mellitus in qatari population. BMC Pregnancy Childbirth. 2021 Sep 24;21(1):651. doi: 10.1186/s12884-021-04124-6. Erratum in: BMC Pregnancy Childbirth. 2021 Nov 16;21(1):773. PMID: 34560839; PMCID: PMC8464105.



#### **PSYCHIATRY**

Kamal M, Al-Shibli S, Shahbal S, Yadav SK. **Impact of attention deficit** hyperactivity disorder and gender differences on academic and social difficulties among adolescents in Qatari Schools. Qatar Med J. 2021 Mar 15;(1):11. doi: 10.5339/qmj.2021.11. PMID: 33777722; PMCID: PMC7961152.

Chaudhary AMD, Naveed S, Saboor S, Safdar B, Azeem MW, Khosa F. Gender and Racial Disparities among US Psychiatry Residents: A Review of Trends. Psychiatr Q. 2021 Feb 13. doi: 10.1007/s11126-021-09888-w. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33586128.

Javed A, Lee C, Zakaria H, Buenaventura RD, Cetkovich-Bakmas M, Duailibi K, Ng B, Ramy H, Saha G, Arifeen S, Elorza PM, Ratnasingham P, Azeem MW. Reducing the stigma of mental health disorders with a focus on lowand middle-income countries. Asian J Psychiatr. 2021 Apr;58:102601. doi: 10.1016/j.ajp.2021.102601. Epub 2021 Feb 13. PMID: 33611083.

Imran N, Bodla ZH, Asif A, Shoukat R, Azeem MW. Pakistan's First Child & Adolescent Psychiatry Inpatient Unit: Characteristics of admitted patients and response to treatment over a 7-year period. Pak J Med Sci. 2021 Mar-Apr;37(2):305-311. doi: 10.12669/pjms.37.2.2611. PMID: 33679904; PMCID: PMC7931300.

Vlahou CH, Petrovski G, Korayem M, Al Khalaf F, El Awwa A, Mahmood OM, Azeem MW. Outpatient clinic-wide psychological screening for children and adolescents with type 1 diabetes in Qatar: An initiative for integrative healthcare in the Gulf region. Pediatr Diabetes. 2021 Jun;22(4):667-674. doi: 10.1111/pedi.13200. Epub 2021 Mar 23. PMID: 33715298

#### RESPIRATORY DISEASES

Sundaram M, Karthika M. Respiratory Mechanics: To Balance the Mechanical Breaths!! Indian J Crit Care Med. 2021 Jan;25(1):10-11. doi: 10.5005/jpjournals-10071-23700. PMID: 33603294; PMCID: PMC7874283.

Zahraldin K. Chandra P. Tuffaha A. Ehlavel M. Sensitization to Common Allergens Among Children with Asthma and Allergic Rhinitis in Qatar. J Asthma Allergy. 2021 Mar 29;14:287–292. doi: 10.2147/JAA.S295228. PMID: 33824594; PMCID: PMC8018446.

Kumar M, Rao M, Mathur T, Barman TK, Joshi V, Chaira T, Singhal S, Pandya M, Al Khodor S, Upadhyay DJ, Masuda N. Azithromycin Exhibits Activity Against Pseudomonas aeruginosa in Chronic Rat Lung Infection Model. Front Microbiol. 2021 Apr 23;12:603151. doi: 10.3389/fmicb.2021.603151. PMID: 33967970; PMCID: PMC8102702

Thomas J, Olukade TO, Naz A, Salama H, Al-Qubaisi M, Al Rifai H, Al-Obaidly S. The neonatal respiratory morbidity associated with early term caesarean section – an emerging pandemic. J Perinat Med. 2021 May 7;49(7):767–772. doi: 10.1515/jpm-2020-0402. PMID: 33962503.

Deshpande S, Suryawanshi P, Holkar S, Singh Y, Yengkhom R, Klimek J, Gupta S. Pulmonary hypertension in late onset neonatal sepsis using functional echocardiography: a prospective study. J Ultrasound. 2021 May 15. doi: 10.1007/s40477-021-00590-y. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33991307.

Al-Naimi A, Hamad S, Abushahin A. Tracheal Bronchus and Associated Anomaly Prevalence Among Children. Cureus. 2021 May 23;13(5):e15192. doi: 10.7759/cureus.15192. PMID: 34178512; PMCID: PMC8221636.

Pérez-López A, Irwin A, Rodrigo C, Prat-Aymerich C. Role of C reactive protein and procalcitonin in the diagnosis of lower respiratory tract infection in children in the outpatient setting. BMJ. 2021 Jun 11; 373:n1409. doi: 10.1136/bmj.n1409. PMID: 34117023.

AbdulWahab A, Allangawi M, Thomas M, Bettahi I, Sivaraman SK, Jerobin J, Chandra P, Ramanjaneya M, Abou-Samra AB. **Sputum and** Plasma Neutrophil Elastase in Stable Adult Patients With Cystic Fibrosis in Relation to Chronic Pseudomonas Aeruginosa Colonization. Cureus, 2021 Jun 26:13(6):e15948, doi: 10.7759/cureus.15948. PMID: 34221778; PMCID: PMC8238017.

Foglia EE, Kirpalani H, Ratcliffe SJ, Davis PG, Thio M, Hummler H, Lista G, Cavigioli F, Schmölzer GM, Keszler M, Te Pas AB. Sustained Inflation Versus Intermittent Positive Pressure Ventilation for Preterm Infants at Birth: Respiratory Function and Vital Sign Measurements. J Pediatr. 2021 Dec;239:150-154.e1. doi: 10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.08.038. Epub 2021 Aug 25. PMID: 34453917; PMCID: PMC8604776.

Pareek P, Deshpande S, Suryawanshi P, Sah LK, Chetan C, Maheshwari R. More K. Less Invasive Surfactant Administration (LISA) vs. Intubation Surfactant Extubation (InSurE) in Preterm Infants with Respiratory Distress Syndrome: A Pilot Randomized Controlled Trial. J Trop Pediatr. 2021 Aug 27;67(4):fmab086. doi: 10.1093/tropej/fmab086. PMID: 34595526.

Alnaimi A, Abushahin A. Vallecular Cyst: Reminder of a Rare Cause of Stridor and Failure to Thrive in Infants. Cureus. 2021 Nov 18;13(11):e19692. doi: 10.7759/cureus.19692. PMID: 34934567; PMCID: PMC8684262.

Dargaville PA, Kamlin COF, Orsini F, (...), Soll RF, Carlin JB, Davis PG; OPTIMIST-A Trial Investigators. Effect of Minimally Invasive Surfactant Therapy vs Sham Treatment on Death or Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia in Preterm Infants With Respiratory Distress Syndrome: The OPTIMIST-A Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA. 2021 Dec 28;326(24):2478-2487. doi: 10.1001/jama.2021.21892. PMID: 34902013; PMCID: PMC8715350.

#### **SURGERY**

Ülgey A, Bayram A, Aksu R, Altuntaş R, Güney A, Güler G. **Does Treatment** with Dexmedetomidine Intra-articularly Improve Postoperative Pain and Rehabilitation after Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction? J Knee Surg. 2021 Jan 3. doi: 10.1055/s-0040-1721790. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33389736.

Elifranji M, Sankar J, Abdelrasool I, Brisseau G. Delayed Diagnosis of a Pyloric Web Causing Gastric Outlet Obstruction in a 13-Month-Old Girl. European J Pediatr Surg Rep. 2021 Jan;9(1):e20-e22. doi: 10.1055/s-0041-1723017. Epub 2021 Mar 3. PMID: 33680708; PMCID: PMC7929721.

Abbas TO, Elawad A, Kareem A, Pullattayil S AK, Ali M, Alnaimi A. Preclinical Experiments for Hypospadias Surgery: Systematic Review and Quality Assessment. Front Pediatr. 2021 Aug 9;9:718647. doi: 10.3389/fped.2021.718647. PMID: 34458213; PMCID: PMC8386350. Dzhuma K, Powis M, Vujanic G, (...), Chowdhury T, Al-Saadi R, Pritchard-Jones K. Surgical management, staging, and outcomes of Wilms tumours with intravascular extension: Results of the IMPORT study. J Pediatr Surg. 2021 Sep 10:S0022-3468(21)00586-8. doi: 10.1016/j.jpedsurg.2021.08.023. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34565577.

Boonipat T, Asaad M, Al-Mouakeh A, Muro-Cardenas J, Mardini S, Stotland MA, Glass GE. Seminal Studies in Facial Reanimation Surgery: Consensus and Controversies in the Top 50 Most Cited Articles. J Craniofac Surg. 2021 Dec 20. doi: 10.1097/SCS.000000000008436. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34930875.

#### **UROLOGY**

Ramji J, Weiss DA, Romao RLP, (...), Canning DA, Joshi RS, Shukla AR. Impact of bilateral ureteral reimplantation at the time of complete primary repair of bladder exstrophy on reflux rates, renogram abnormalities and bladder capacity. J Pediatr Urol. 2021 Jun;17(3): 393.e1-393.e7. doi: 10.1016/j.jpurol.2021.01.020. Epub 2021 Jan 21. PMID: 33583747.

Musa AAR, Ahmed OM. Staged penile reconstruction with pedicled groin flap for penile shaft necrosis following circumcision. BMJ Case Rep. 2021 Feb 26;14(2):e238283. doi: 10.1136/bcr-2020-238283. PMID: 33637492; PMCID: PMC7919566.

Abbas TO, Braga LH, Spinoit AF, Salle JP. Urethral plate quality assessment and its impact on hypospadias repair outcomes: A systematic review and quality assessment. J Pediatr Urol. 2021 Jun;17(3):316-325. doi: 10.1016/j. jpurol.2021.02.017. Epub 2021 Feb 23. PMID: 33846072.

Mohammed EH, Chandy S, Kadhi AE, Shatat IF. Case Report: Recurring Peritonitis and Dialysis Failure in a Toddler on Peritoneal Dialysis. Front Pediatr. 2021 Mar 4;9:632915. doi: 10.3389/fped.2021.632915. PMID: 33748045; PMCID: PMC7969517.

Abbas TO, Pippi Salle JL. Response to Commentary to 'Characterization of Urethral Plate Quality; An Ongoing Dilemma'. J Pediatr Urol. 2021 Jun;17(3):328-329. doi: 10.1016/j.jpurol.2021.03.024. Epub 2021 Mar 29. PMID: 33863646.

Islam S, Tekman M, Flanagan SE, Guay-Woodford L, Hussain K, Ellard S, Kleta R, Bockenhauer D, Stanescu H, Iancu D. Founder mutation in the PMM2 promotor causes hyperinsulinemic hypoglycaemia/polycystic kidney disease (HIPKD). Mol Genet Genomic Med. 2021 Dec;9(12):e1674. doi: 10.1002/mgg3.1674. Epub 2021 Apr 3. PMID: 33811480; PMCID: PMC8683636.

Sutherland SM, Kaddourah A, Gillespie SE, Soranno DE, Woroniecki RP, Basu RK, Zappitelli M; Assessment of the Worldwide Acute Kidney Injury, Renal Angina and Epidemiology (AWARE) Investigators. Cumulative Application of Creatinine and Urine Output Staging Optimizes the Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes Definition and Identifies Increased Mortality Risk in Hospitalized Patients With Acute Kidney Injury. Crit Care Med. 2021 Nov 1;49(11):1912-1922. doi: 10.1097/CCM.00000000005073. PMID: 33938717.

Leghrouz B, Kaddourah A. Impact of Acute Kidney Injury on Critically Ill **Children and Neonates**. Front Pediatr. 2021 Apr 26;9:635631. doi: 10.3389/ fped.2021.635631. PMID: 33981652; PMCID: PMC8107239.

Vujanić GM, D'Hooghe E, Vokuhl C, Collini P. Dataset for the reporting of nephrectomy specimens for Wilms' tumour treated with preoperative chemotherapy: recommendations from the International Society of Paediatric Oncology Renal Tumour Study Group. Histopathology. 2021 Nov;79(5):678-686. doi: 10.1111/his.14394. Epub 2021 Jul 8. PMID: 33942359.

Abbas TO. The rising need for preoperative objective quantification of curvature in patients with hypospadias. J Pediatr Urol. 2021 Aug;17(4):599-600. doi: 10.1016/j.jpurol.2021.06.028. Epub 2021 Jul 6. PMID: 34274234.

Abbas TO, Elawad A, Pullattayil S AK, Pennisi CP. Quality of Reporting in Preclinical Urethral Tissue Engineering Studies: A Systematic Review to Assess Adherence to the ARRIVE Guidelines. Animals (Basel). 2021 Aug 21;11(8):2456. doi: 10.3390/ani11082456. PMID: 34438913; PMCID: PMC8388767.

Al Mana H, Sundararaju S, Tsui CKM, Perez-Lopez A, Yassine H, Al Thani A, Al-Ansari K, Eltai NO. Whole-Genome Sequencing for Molecular Characterization of Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacteriaceae Causing Lower Urinary Tract Infection among Pediatric Patients. Antibiotics (Basel). 2021 Aug 12;10(8):972. doi: 10.3390/antibiotics10080972. PMID: 34439022; PMCID: PMC8388976.

Abbas TO. Racial and demographic impacts on hypospadias phenotypical patterns and management approaches. J Pediatr Urol. 2021 Oct;17(5):675–676. doi: 10.1016/j.jpurol.2021.06.036. Epub 2021 Aug 5. PMID: 34465543.

Abbas TO, Salle JLP. Possibility of a "hidden" superiority of dorsal inlay graft; call for specifically-tailored future studies. J Pediatr Urol. 2021 Oct;17(5):677-678. doi: 10.1016/j.jpurol.2021.07.028. Epub 2021 Aug 8. PMID: 34465544.

Spreafico F, Fernandez CV, Brok J, Nakata K, Vujanic G, Geller JI, Gessler M, Maschietto M, Behjati S, Polanco A, Paintsil V, Luna-Fineman S, Pritchard-Jones K. Wilms tumour. Nat Rev Dis Primers. 2021 Oct 14;7(1):75. doi: 10.1038/s41572-021-00308-8. PMID: 34650095.

Eyer de Jesus L, Dekermacher S, Pippi-Salle JL. Bladder exstrophy: We need to improve. A lot. J Pediatr Urol. 2021 Nov 15:S1477-5131(21)00530-1. doi: 10.1016/j.jpurol.2021.11.007. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34876380.

AlSadi R, Aziz LC, Bohan M, Dewji S, Bouhali O, Djekidel M. Clinical Management of End-Stage Renal Disease Patients on Dialysis Receiving Radioactive Iodine Treatment, Clin Nucl Med. 2021 Dec 1;46(12):977-982. doi: 10.1097/RLU.000000000003915. PMID: 34661559.

#### **OTHER**

Baldoni M, Al-Hashmi M, Bianchi AE, Sakal F, Al-Naimi F, Leisten T, Martínez-Labarga C, Tomei S. Bioarchaeology-related studies in the Arabian Gulf: potentialities and shortcomings. Homo. 2021 Mar 21;72(1):17-32. doi: 10.1127/homo/2021/1282. PMID: 33620372.

Glass GE. Photobiomodulation: The Clinical Applications of Low-Level Light **Therapy**. Aesthet Surg J. 2021 May 18;41(6):723-738. doi: 10.1093/asj/ sjab025. Erratum in: Aesthet Surg J. 2022 Jan 19;: PMID: 33471046.

Alberry MS, Aziz E, Ahmed SR, Abdel-Fattah S. Non invasive prenatal testing (NIPT) for common aneuploidies and beyond. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2021 Mar;258:424-429. doi: 10.1016/j.ejogrb.2021.01.008. Epub 2021 Jan 19. PMID: 33550217.

Costa E, Fraga JC, Salle JP, Rosito N. Does parental opinion differ from the health care team regarding cosmesis after hypospadias repair? Rev Assoc Med Bras (1992). 2021 Jan;67(1):33-38. doi: 10.1590/1806-9282.67.01.20200062. PMID: 34161487.

Hicks AJ, Carwardine ZL, Hallworth MJ, Kilpatrick ES. Using clinical guidelines to assess the potential value of laboratory medicine in clinical decisionmaking. Biochem Med (Zagreb). 2021 Feb 15;31(1):010703. doi: 10.11613/ BM.2021.010703. Epub 2020 Dec 15. PMID: 33380890; PMCID: PMC7745157.

Su H, Zhu M, Tsui CK, van der Lee H, (...), Lu Z, Zhang Q, Verweij PE, Deng S. Potency of olorofim (F901318) compared to contemporary antifungal agents against clinical Aspergillus fumigatus isolates, and review of azole resistance phenotype and genotype epidemiology in China. Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2021 Mar 8;65(5):e02546-20. doi: 10.1128/AAC.02546-20. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33685896; PMCID: PMC8092882.

Maier RF, Hummler H, Kellner U, (...), Gesellschaft für Neonatologie und Pädiatrische Intensivmedizin (GNPI) [Guidelines for ophthalmological screening of premature infants in Germany (S2k level, AWMF guidelines register no. 024/010, March 2020): Joint recommendation of the German Ophthalmological Society (DOG), Retinological Society (RG), Professional Association of Ophthalmologists in Germany e. V. (BVA), German Society of Paediatrics and Adolescent Medicine (DGKJ), Professional Association of Pediatricians (BVKJ), Federal Association "The Premature Child." Society for Neonatology and Paediatric Intensive Care Medicine (GNPI)]. Ophthalmologe. 2021 Jul;118(Suppl 2):117-131. German. doi: 10.1007/ s00347-021-01353-0. Epub 2021 Mar 10. PMID: 33694101.

Abiramalatha T, Ramaswamy VV, Thanigainathan S, Pullattayil AK, Kirubakaran R. Frequency of ventilator circuit changes to prevent ventilator-associated pneumonia in neonates and children-A systematic review and meta-analysis. Pediatr Pulmonol. 2021 Jun;56(6):1357-1365. doi: 10.1002/ppul.25345. Epub 2021 Mar 13. PMID: 33713572.

Ahmed J, Patel W, Pullattayil AK, Razak A. Melatonin for non-operating room sedation in paediatric population: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Arch Dis Child. 2022 Jan;107(1):78-85. doi: 10.1136/ archdischild-2020-320592. Epub 2021 Mar 30. PMID: 33785532.

Manoel D, Makhlouf M, Arayata CJ, Sathappan A, Da'as S, Abdelrahman D, Selvarai S. Hasnah R. Mainland JD. Gerkin RC. Saraiva LR. Deconstructing the mouse olfactory percept through an ethological atlas. Curr Biol. 2021 Jul 12;31(13):2809-2818.e3. doi: 10.1016/j.cub.2021.04.020. Epub 2021 May 5. PMID: 33957076; PMCID: PMC8282700.

Abiramalatha T, Ramaswamy VV, Bandyopadhyay T, Pullattayil AK, Thanigainathan S, Trevisanuto D, Roehr CC. Delivery Room Interventions for Hypothermia in Preterm Neonates: A Systematic Review and Network Meta-analysis. JAMA Pediatr. 2021 Sep 1;175(9):e210775. doi: 10.1001/ jamapediatrics.2021.0775. Epub 2021 Sep 7. PMID: 34028513; PMCID: PMC8145154.

Elnemr I, Mushtaha M, Sundararaju S, Hasan MR, Tsui KM, Goktepe I. Monitoring the effect of environmental conditions on safety of fresh produce sold in Qatar's wholesale market. Int J Environ Health Res. 2021 Jun 4·1–19 doi: 10.1080/09603123.2021.1931050 Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34085573.

Kilpatrick ES, Ginn EL, Lee BH. Reducing neonatal phlebotomy blood losses through the accurate calculation of minimum test volume requirements. Ann Clin Biochem. 2021 Nov;58(6):593-598. doi: 10.1177/00045632211030953. Epub 2021 Jul 14. PMID: 34167322.

Cerbone M, Visser J, Bulwer C, (...), Tziaferi V, Jacques T, Spoudeas HA. Management of children and young people with idiopathic pituitary stalk thickening, central diabetes insipidus, or both: a national clinical practice consensus guideline. Lancet Child Adolesc Health, 2021 Sep;5(9):662-676. doi: 10.1016/S2352-4642(21)00088-2. Epub 2021 Jun 30. Erratum in: Lancet Child Adolesc Health. 2021 Jul 9;: PMID: 34214482.



Manjunath HS, James N, Mathew R, Al Hashmi M, Silcock L, Biunno I, De Blasio P, Manickam C, Tomei S. Human sample authentication in biomedical research: comparison of two platforms. Sci Rep. 2021 Jul 7;11(1):13982. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-92978-3. PMID: 34234171; PMCID: PMC8263568.

Elfatih A, Mohammed I, Abdelrahman D, Mifsud B. Frequency and management of medically actionable incidental findings from genome and exome sequencing data: a systematic review. Physiol Genomics. 2021 Sep 1:53(9):373-384. doi: 10.1152/physiolgenomics.00025.2021. Epub 2021 Jul 12. PMID: 34250816.

Voss SC, Yassin M, Grivel JC, (...), Mohamed Ali V, Georgakopoulos C, Al Maadheed M. Red blood cell derived extracellular vesicles during the process of autologous blood doping. Drug Test Anal. 2021 Aug 28. doi: 10.1002/ dta.3157. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34453778.

Fedele DA, Thomas JG, McConville A, McQuaid EL, Voorhees S, Janicke DM, Abu-Hasan M, Chi X, Gurka MJ. Using Mobile Health to Improve Asthma Self-Management in Early Adolescence: A Pilot Randomized Controlled Trial. J Adolesc Health. 2021 Dec;69(6):1032-1040. doi: 10.1016/j. jadohealth.2021.06.011. Epub 2021 Jul 15. PMID: 34274211.

Sinopoulou V, Gordon M, Dovey TM, Akobeng AK. Interventions for the management of abdominal pain in ulcerative colitis. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2021 Jul 22;7(7):CD013589. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD013589. pub2. PMID: 34291816; PMCID: PMC8407332.

Cormier-Daire V, AlSayed M, Ben-Omran T, de Sousa SB, Boero S, Fredwall SO, Guillen-Navarro E, Irving M, Lampe C, Maghnie M, Mortier G, Peijin Z, Mohnike K. The first European consensus on principles of management for achondroplasia. Orphanet J Rare Dis. 2021 Jul 31;16(1):333. doi: 10.1186/ s13023-021-01971-6. PMID: 34332609; PMCID: PMC8325831.

Hendaus MA, Hassan M, Alsulaiti M, Mohamed T, Mohamed R, Yasrab D, Mahjoob H, Alhammadi AH. Parents attitudes toward the human papilloma virus (HPV) vaccine: A new concept in the State of Qatar. J Family Med Prim Care. 2021 Jul;10(7):2488-2493. doi: 10.4103/jfmpc.jfmpc\_1122\_20. Epub 2021 Jul 30. PMID: 34568124; PMCID: PMC8415674.

Hendaus MA, Darwish S, Saleh M, Mostafa O, Eltayeb A, Al-Amri M, Siddiqui FJ, Alhammadi A. Medication take-back programs in Qatar: Parental perceptions. J Family Med Prim Care. 2021 Jul;10(7):2697–2702. doi: 10.4103/jfmpc. jfmpc\_1141\_20. Epub 2021 Jul 30. PMID: 34568157; PMCID: PMC8415692.

Ramaswamy VV, Abiramalatha T, Bandyopadhyay T, Shaik NB, Bandiya P, Nanda D, Pullattayil S AK, Murki S, Roehr CC. ELBW and ELGAN outcomes in developing nations-Systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS One. 2021 Aug 5;16(8):e0255352. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0255352. PMID: 34352883: PMCID: PMC8342042.

Ali GA, Goravey W, Hamad A, Ibrahim EB, Hasan MR, Al Maslamani M, Soub HA. An enemy in shadows-Mycoplasma hominis septic arthritis and iliopsoas abscess: Case report and review of the literature. IDCases. 2021 Aug 24;26:e01260. doi: 10.1016/j.idcr.2021.e01260. PMID: 34485081; PMCID: PMC8406155.

Terkawi RS, Qutob D, Hendaus MA. Understanding multiseptated gallbladder: A systematic analysis with a case report. JGH Open. 2021 Aug 7;5(9):988–996. doi: 10.1002/jgh3.12621. PMID: 34584965; PMCID: PMC8454487.

Hendaus MA, Saleh M, Darwish S, Mostafa O, Eltayeb A, Al-Amri M, Siddiqui FJ, Alhammadi A. Parental perception of medications safe storage in the State of Qatar. J Family Med Prim Care. 2021 Aug;10(8):2969-2973. doi: 10.4103/jfmpc. jfmpc\_1259\_20. Epub 2021 Aug 27. PMID: 34660433; PMCID: PMC8483110.

Hendaus MA, Alozeib R, Saied L, Shehzad S, Abdulmajeed M, Arab K, Hadid FK, Alhammadi AH. Parenting style in a rapidly developing country: A report from the state of Qatar. J Family Med Prim Care. 2021 Aug;10(8):2947–2951. doi: 10.4103/jfmpc.jfmpc\_1462\_20. Epub 2021 Aug 27. PMID: 34660429; PMCID: PMC8483145.

De Sanctis V, Ahmed S, Soliman A, Alyafei F, Alaaraj N, Al Maadheed M, Clelland C. A rare case of Ovarian Juvenile Granulosa Cell Tumor in an Infant with Isosexual Pseudo Puberty and a Revision of Literature. Acta Biomed. 2021 Sep 2;92(4):e2021319. doi: 10.23750/abm.v92i4.11572. PMID: 34487069; PMCID: PMC8477099.

Maudgil A, Rachdan D, Khan MS, Siddiqui A, Hazrati LN, Richards MD, Najm-Tehrani N, Ali A. Bitot-like spots in children with normal vitamin A levels. Eye (Lond). 2021 Sep 16. doi: 10.1038/s41433-021-01569-z. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34531553.

Bastaki K, El Anbari M, Ghuloum S, Jithesh PV. Prescription Pattern and Off-Label Use of Antipsychotics in a Middle Eastern Population, Front Pharmacol. 2021 Nov 1;12:753845. doi: 10.3389/fphar.2021.753845. PMID: 34790126; PMCID: PMC8591163.

Fiorillo A, Bhui KS, Stein DJ, Okasha T, Ndetei D, Lam LCW, Murthy P, Azeem MW, Javed A. The 2021–2024 Work Plan of WPA Collaborating Centres. World Psychiatry. 2021 Oct;20(3):457. doi: 10.1002/wps.20917. PMID: 34505383; PMCID: PMC8429313.

Cathie K, Sutcliffe AG, Bandi S, Coghlan D, Turner SW, Powell C. Priorities for child health research across the UK and Ireland. Arch Dis Child. 2021 Oct 29:archdischild-2021-322636. doi: 10.1136/archdischild-2021-322636. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34716174.

Abbas TO. The Plate Objective Scoring Tool (POST): Further Reflections and Extended Applications. Res Rep Urol. 2021 Nov 11;13:783-791. doi: 10.2147/RRU.S321188. PMID: 34796132; PMCID: PMC8594448.

Zia N, Ibrahim MIM, Adheir F, Babar ZU. Identifying priority medicines policy issues for Qatar: exploring perspectives and experiences of healthcare professionals through a qualitative study. BMJ Open. 2021 Nov 24;11(11):e054150. doi: 10.1136/bmjopen-2021-054150. PMID: 34819289; PMCID: PMC8614137.

Ali H, Firth A, Leaf A, Vivehananthan C, Shanmugavadivel D, Ajayi-Obe E. Halbert J. Gow JH. Thomas M. de Sousa P. Waterston T. O'Hare B. The climate crisis is also a child rights crisis. Arch Dis Child. 2021 Dec 7:archdischild-2021-323027. doi: 10.1136/archdischild-2021-323027. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 34876399.

Latif F, Ahmed SR, Farhan S, Watt F, Azeem MW. Predictors of Psychological Distress in Health Care Staff in Qatar during COVID-19 Pandemic. Pak  ${\sf J}$ Med Sci. 2021 Nov-Dec;37(7):1782-1787. doi: 10.12669/pjms.37.7.4533. PMID: 34912395; PMCID: PMC8613030.

Abbas TO. Evaluation of penile curvature in patients with hypospadias; gaps in the current practice and future perspectives. J Pediatr Urol. 2021 Dec 31:S1477-5131(21)00599-4. doi: 10.1016/j.jpurol.2021.12.015. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 35031224.

Abbas TO, Ali M. Scrotal base distance: A new key genital measurement in males with hypospadias and cryptorchidism. Curr Urol. 2021 Dec;15(4): 214-218. doi: 10.1097/CU9.00000000000031. Epub 2021 Jun 23. PMID: 35069085; PMCID: PMC8772709.



...2021 ultimately became one of the most productive and innovative years at the Research Branch. We owe a most sincere gratitude to our hard-working research staff... to our diverse clinical collaborators... and to all the families and patients who entrust Sidra Medicine to deliver the highest-quality, research-driven care.

**Dr. Khalid A. Fakhro**Chief Research Officer



Compiled and edited by Noor Faisal, Maryam Khan, and Romana TajMohamed
Sidra Medicine Research Operations and Services





